5 month low

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FINANCIAL TIMES

The morality of profits

Confusing individualism with selfishness

Samuel Brittan, Page 12



Depression

Locating genetic causes and cures



Heading east

Forging the new Silk Route



The FT's five-part Christmas thriller starts on Saturday

BA to end

link with

by selling

25% stake

USAir

World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com

suspend Burma's trade privileges

The European Commission set a precedent in bilateral trade relations by calling for suspension of Burma's trade privileges on the grounds that Rangoon's military regime sanctions the use of forced labour. The action marks the first time the European Union has linked trade and workers' rights. Manuel Marin, commissioner responsible for Asia, said the proposal was a "ploneer case". EU finance ministers are expected to endorse the decision, which requires a qualified majority in favour. Page 14; Editorial Comment, Page 13

Modified maize approved for Europe:
The European Commission approved genetically
modified maize, developed by Swiss chemicals
group Ciba, clearing the way for the grain to be sold on EU markets. The decision was condemned by environmental and consumer groups. Page 14

Chip deal 'based on data error': A controversial US-Japanese semiconductor trade agreement signed at the end of July appears to have been negotiated on the basis of erroneous Japanese market share data. Page 8

De Beers to cancel Russian deal: De Beers of South Africa said it would terminate its \$1.2bn a year diamond marketing agreement with Russia at the end of this mouth, severing a relationship that has lasted for 35 years. Page 15

Rao urged to quit as MPs' leader



Leaders of India's Congress party called for the resignation of embattled former prime minister P.V. Narasimha Rao (left) as the party's parliamentary leader. Mr Rao, 76, who has already resigned as party president, was said to be 'considering" the move. He has been charged in

hree corruption cases, each of which carries a maximum seven-year jail sentence. He has denied wrongdoing in each

Bus bomb injures 12 soldiers: Twelve soldiers were hurt by a bus bomb in Lagos. It was the second such incident in Nigeria's commercial capital in a week. Page 4

SAP director quits: Hans-Werner Hector, a co-founder of German software company SAP, resigned from the company's supervisory board after a long-standing dispute with chairman Dietmar Hopp. Page 15

Russian defence minister Igor Rodionov attacked Nato expansion and said Moscow could retaliate if it goes ahead. Page 3

Ukraine clamps down on tax breaks: The Ukrainian parliament voted to withdraw tax breaks which have enabled charities helping victims of the Chernobyl disaster to become big importers of consumer goods. Page 3

Brussels blocks steel recue plant The European Commission blocked a BFr1.5bn (\$47m) rescue package for the near-bankrupt Belgian steel company Forges de Clabecq, and told it to repay BFr700m of state aid, putting 1,700 jobs at risk. Page 2

Nomura subsidiaries to merge: The two asset management subsidiaries of Nomura Securities, Japan's leading stockbroker, are to merge in an attempt to improve competitiveness in the deregulation of the Tokyo financial markets.

Fast double-deck trains for SNCF: French state-owned rail company SNCF will introduce double-deck trains on high-speed services between Paris, Lyons and the south of France to increase passenger capacity by 40 per

cent. Page 3 Workers destroy offices: Workers from a Sanyo factory in Thailand burnt to the ground the Japanese electrical goods company's Bangkok headquarters and a warehouse in protest at reduced end-of-year bonuses. Page 14

Captain's lankags: Zimbabwe were 256 for six at the end of the first day of the first cricket Test against England at Bulawayo. The home side's captain, Alistair Campbell, made the top

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THURSDAY DECEMBER 19 1996

Brussels seeks to 'Don't lift your head or it will be shot off'

several hundred guests at the Japanese ambassador's residence in Lima were sipping pisco sours - the favourite local tipple - and crowding round the sushi buffet.

Suddenly a heavy explosion. emperor Akihito's birthday. The guests dropped to the

ground. For the next 40 minutes we lay terrified as heavily armed guerrillas

Ambassadors

among 200

partygoers

By Sally Bowen in Lima

Tuesday night.

their threat.

held hostage

Peruvian guerrillas were

yesterday holding at least 200 hostages at the Japanese

ambassador's home in Lima

after launching an armed

attack on the compound on

They threatened to kill the

captives, starting with Mr

Francisco Tudela, the coun-

try's foreign minister, though

they allowed one deadline to

pass without carrying out

The rebels were demanding

to speak with Peru's President

Alberto Fujimori, and said he

could be the only mediator.

They are demanding the

Their hostages included the

ambassadors of Japan, Aus-

tria, Germany, Brazil, Bolivia

Cuba, Venezuela, South Korea,

Malaysia, Spain and Panama.

Mr Rodolfo Munante Sangui-

neti, the agriculture minister,

Japanese embassy staff, other

diplomats and teams of top

executives from Japanese com-

The women in the compound -

also being held.

release of jailed comrades.

seemed ill-prepared for the

The guerrillas, many in their early 20s, carried knap-sacks filled with grenades. Their organisation - the founder-leader Victor Polay was captured in early 1992.

dence, involving about 30 guerrillas, has destroyed the assumption that the MRTA is no longer a security threat.

attack. The embassy compound had been full of security guards but Mr Moribisa Aoki, the Japanese ambassa-dor, said the guerrillas had clambered over a back wall, where no guards had been

side of the compund wall, but their instructions were insudible. The guerrillas retorted by shouting at the police to find a

Later, when the guerrillas

ful of elderly men, police launched tear-gas canisters into the compund. The guerrillas had gas

but we hostages

masks.

choked and spluttered for half an hour. Before I was released with the other women hostages I was able to talk for 15 minutes with the guerrilla leader. who called himself Coman-

of the militants. He emphasised the MRTA's concern for Peru's poor and talked out about what he described as the movement's

dante Huerta at 43, the oldest

The operation's prime aim release from prison of MRTA militants in exchange for hostages. If the authorities refused to accede to MRTA demands, "everyone inside this embassy will die." he

Asked wby the Japanese embassy had been targeted, Comandante Huerta called it an "extreme measure in protest at the constant interference of the Japanese government, which has supported neo-liberal economic policies and violations of human

Aerospace Correspondent British Airways yesterday signalled the end of its acrimonious relationship with USAir

By Michael Skapinker,

24.6 per cent stake. The sale will bring an end to a four-year alliance which never fully lived up to BA's hopes. The tie-up became untenable when, in June, BA announced it planned a far-reaching co-operation and revenue-sharing agreement with American Airlines. The move prompted legal action from USAir.

by saying it intended to sell its

The markets welcomed BA's announcement and its shares

rose 91 ip to 601p. Analysts said the decision indicated the airline was confident of winning regulatory approval for the American deal. They also expected BA to receive more for the shares than the \$400m it originally paid. BA said its three repre sentatives on the USAir board would resign once the stake had been sold.

Mr Robert Ayling, BA's chief executive, said: "British Airways has taken this action with regret. But it has become inevitable. It would clearly be unwise to pursue an alliance with an unwilling partner.

"This has not been brought about by USAir's lawsuit. We still believe the legal action to be groundless.'

USAir also welcomed the announcement but said it would not end its legal action. It said: "This is an important first step that USAir has been seeking in order for it to become an effective independent competitor at London's Heathrow airport. USAir will continue all efforts to establish itself in the US-UK marketplace, including vigorously pursuing its law suit against BA and American Airlines."

USAir has applied to the US department of transportation to be allowed to operate flights between Heathrow and Boston, Charlotte, Philadelphia and-Pittsburgh. Under the invest

> Continued on Page 14 Observer, Page 13

It promised to be a routine diplomatic reception. By 8pm, Sally Bowen was at the reception when the attack began

ing automatic rifles pistols, shouting: "Don't lift your head or it'll be shot off."

possibly caused by a rocket hitting an outside wall, stopped the small talk. Moments later, heavy gunfire started up close to the marquee where guests had gathered to celebrate Japanese

Tupac Amaru Revolutionary Movement (MRTA) - had been widely written off since its

But Tuesday night's storm-ing of the ambassador's resi-

Police were yelling orders to the guerrillas from the other

were preparing to release women bostages, and a hand-



One of the Marxist Tupac Amaru guerrillas who have been holding 200 hostages at the Japanese embassy in Lima, Peru

no other hostages were subse-

quently let go.

A hand-written letter signed panies, including Matsushita Peru and Mitsui Mining were by Mr Tudela and many The guerrillas, from the ambassadors and addressed to Cuban-inspired Tupac Amaru the Peruvian authorities said the atmosphere was increasing Revolutionary Movement (MRTA), launched the attack tense inside the compound "as a result of the lack of dialogue at a cocktail party at the embassy to celebrate Japanese emperor Akihito's birthday.

and the overcrowding". fraved." the letter said.

By yesterday afternoon, no appeared police and counterterrorist authorities had been

caught by surprise. expected to arrive late yesterday in Lima.

Mr Fuilmori, who convened "Tempers are getting an emergency cabinet meeting. made no public statement.

Contacts between the guerril- doors which expose us to released after a few hours, but clear strategy had evolved for las and the outside were being wounds from bullets and dealing with the crisis, and it handled Mr Michel Minnig, the Red Cross representative in

> In a warning of the dangers The Peruvian authorities of an attempt to storm the

appeared to be awaiting a embassy, the letter said: "The Lori Berenson, a 26-year-old negotiating team from Japan, rooms in the house have American woman, who was

explosions" Police foiled an apparent

plan to attack the Peruvian congress late last year, and after a gun battle, arrested Ms

numerous windows and glass subsequently jailed. OVERSEAS. TIME SET FREE

Overseas Born of centiones of experience Designed to weath any challenge. Now ready to share your horizons. Pashionett in srcelor solid gold. Water-resultant to 150 m. (some 500 ft), Screw-locked crown and case back. Folding bracelet clusp with double safety catch. Overseas. The world is yours...



Yeltsin to favour Russian banks in telecoms sell-off

By Nicholas Denton in London and Chrystia Freeland in Moscow

President Boris Yeltsin is set to decree terms for Russia's telecoms privatisation that will deter western investors and play into the hands of Russian banks which financed his re-election campaign.

The proposal is also driving a wedge between the World Bank, which is poised to cut its support for Russian telecoms privatisation, and the international Monetary Fund, which has indicated its lending will continue unaffected. President Yeltsin, as well as

confirming a merger of the state's telecoms holdings, will offer a 25 per cent stake in the combined giant to a single huyer for \$1.2bn - 40 per cent below some valuations. Although Mr Alfred Kokh.

head of the state privatisation Boris Yeltsin: will offer committee, said the tender would be open to foreigners, investment bankers said the conditions favoured Russian groups close to Mr Yeltsin. such as Most Bank and Alfa

bids gives foreign telecoms

World Bank and IMF split on conditions for privatisation



telecoms stake for \$1.2bn

companies insufficient time to prepare thorough proposals. Another deterrent is the requirement for a \$400m cash bond that can be retrieved The January 15 deadline for only after a month. The government also plans banks advising on the deal.

to demand that the winning consortium speeds up the pay-ment of telephone bills - a condition that Russian banks with extensive branch networks are best placed to satisfy.
A further 24 per cent of the

telecoms holding company will be sold in the second quarter to a consortium active in the Russian telecoms market. ing the plans will stifle competition in Russia's telecoms market, plan to end their financial support for advisory work on privatisation in the sector. But the IMF will still count the deal as one of the five key privatisations for 1997 on which its \$10.2bn three-year

loan to Russia depends. Russia first intended to promote competition by separately privatising Rostelekom and Svyazinvest, its first and second long-distance operators. It then decided to combine the companies for what would have been Russia's largest international offering. But this month, citing national security, the government sacked NM Rothschild and the other western investment

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EUROPEAN NEWS DIGEST

UK poll may curb Dutch ambitions

EU's next presidency fears crucial reform decisions will fall foul of May election deadline

By Gordon Cramb

The Dutch government, which takes over the presidency of the European Union on January 1, is concerned that a British general election close to Mr John Major's May deadline will prevent it from reaching crucial decisions on reforming EU structures and the final shape of economic and monetary union.

Mr Hans van Mierlo, Dutch foreign minister, yes terday stressed the scale of the work which remained to be done following last weekend's Dublin summit. "Our presidential ambition is to complete the inter-governmental conference for the EU's future direction] during the Dutch presidency, and actually to produce a result," he said in Brussels. "Is this biting off too much? Maybe. But we have no alternative."

The result of the British election was less important than the tenor of debate over Europe during the campaign, he said. But he warned: "If the UK maintains all its current positions, it will not be easy to come up with any substantive treaty. If this can be done after the election



Van Mierlo: aim is to complete the inter-governmental conference and actually to produce a result.

He said the Dutch were "pinning our hopes on there still being some room for negotiations" before the Netherlands' six-month term culminates in an Amsterdam summit next June.

Mr Van Mierlo said he wanted informal talks resumed by mid-January on institutional issues raised by EU enlargement, such as veto rights and the composition of the European Commission. He hoped the Dutch presidency would be "tangible proof" that smaller member states could continue to play a leading role in run-

The Maastricht treaty was the result the last time the Dutch were in the chair but it was achieved after upheavals which at an early stage in its 1991 tenure left The Hague all but friendless.

Dutch domestic politics may also provide a trickier counterpoint this time around: any mishaps will provide immediate ammunition not only for the Christian Democrat CDA, which for two years has endured an unaccustomed spell in opposition, but also for Mr Van Mierlo's critics within the three-party coalition govern-

Few expect Mr Frits Bolkestein, combative parlia-mentary leader of the free market VVD, to quell for the duration of the presidency either his Eurosceptic pronouncements or his attacks on The Hague's own ministe-

With the VVD ahead in the opinion polls, his sights are on a general election due in 1998 in which the VVD is seeking to establish primacy over the social democratic PvdA of Mr Wim Kok, the prime minister, or Mr Van Mierlo's reformist D66. The foreign minister,

known for his keen judg-

Franco-Dutch difficulties over drugs policy. A belated scramble enabled The Hague to stave off any immediate threat to the country's coffee shops in

the past month's renewed

ment of timing and mood but also for recurrent lapses in attention to his brief, will have to tread carefully at home as well as on the EU stage. Lack of co-ordination among the foreign health and justice ministries was identified both by Mr Bolkestein and independent commentators as contributing to

which the sale of cannabis, officially illegal, is tolerated.

But President Jacques Chirac took to the weekend Dublin summit his vigorous objections to the "drug tourism" this creates within the EU's increasingly open bor-

Mr Chirac was able to come away with an accord which, while falling short of his demands, requires "substantial tightening" of EU stipulations on combating use of illicit drugs. This forms part of the work programme the Netherlands presidency will inherit. Mr Van Mierio expressed satisfaction with the Dublin outcome on drugs.

In the run-up to Maastricht an overconfident team cast aside the plans laid by its predecessor, Luxembourg, and put in place proposals of its own - an agenda promptly rejected by all other member states

That day is still referred to in The Hague, with contri-tion, as Black Monday. This time, minds are concentrated on what is needed to secure agreement on a Treaty of Amsterdam, Otherwise the honour of hosting the next of the Union's framing accords will pass to the subsequent presidency - and it is Luxembourg which takes up the reins in July

tobacco aid

The European Commission yesterday proposed changing the EU tobacco subsidy programme, but rejected calls to abolish it. Despite criticism that the subsidies compromise efforts to curb smoking-related deaths. Brussels said it was not prepared to put 200,000 tobacco-related workers out of jobs.

"Given that approximately 77 per cent of tobacco consumed in the EU is imported, the regime's abolition would merely lead to 100 per cent of EU tobacco demand being met by imports," it said.

Mr Padraig Flynn, social affairs commissioner, who has waged a campaign to phase out the more than \$1bn a year in subsidies, was unhappy with the decision. However, he won support for a proposal to target aid on higher quality products, to offer buyouts to entice farmers away from tobacco and to double the 1 per cent levy on subsidies that finances an EU tobacco public health fund. Brussels will also propose that EU governments consider strengthening cigarette label warnings, reducing the tar and nicotine content of cigarettes, regulating additives and agreeing a code of practice on children's right to a smoke-free environment.

EU farming ministers agreed late on Tuesday to ban by 2006 the use of cramped crates for rearing calves over two months old.

Reuter, Brussels

German parties agree levy cut

The parties of Chancellor Helmut Kohl's coalition agreed yesterday to cut by two percentage points the much hated solidarity surcharge in 1998. The levy is added to income and corporation tax bills to help finance eastern

The planned reduction from 7.5 per cent to 5.5 per cent represents a victory for the small Free Democrat party and will be announced formally today together with other elements of government plans for changing the country's income and corporation tax systems. Peter Norman, Bonn

Bulgarian bank censured

The Sofia city court yesterday ruled against the Bulgarian national bank's decision to seek the insolvency of First Private Bank (FPB), the country's higgest private bank. It rejected the claim that FBP was insolvent when the central bank put it in receivership in May. "FPB was capable to meet its dues to the central bank worth Lv3.8hn (\$7.5m) but the latter had set insuperable obstacles by putting the bank in receivership, depriving it of the possibility to do so," the court said.

The central bank placed the FPB in receivership on May 17, dismissing its management and appointing equestrators to establish its financial state. FPB was banned from extending credits, servicing payments and dealing in government securities. Two weeks later the central bank opened bankruptcy procedures. Reuter, Sofia

Court rules on Cyprus claim

The European Court of Human Rights ruled yesterday that Turkey had violated the rights of a Greek Cypriot who lost her land in northern Cyprus when Turkish troops invaded in 1974. In a widely watched case, the court dismissed Turkey's argument that the European human rights convention did not apply to its occupation of the north of the island since it had occurred before Ankara accepted its jurisdiction. Turkey was given six nonths to submit observations on Ms Loizidou's claim for 'just satisfaction"

The court also rejected Turkey's contention that expropriation was legal under the constitution of northern Cyprus, an entity recognised only by Ankara. declaring that the Turkish army "exercised effective overall control there".

Minister's daughter in probe

The stepdaughter of France's justice minister, Mr Jacques Toubon, has been put under formal investigation for abuse of corporate funds, and released on bail of FF1750,000 (\$145,000) on condition she does not leave the

Mrs Sophie Deniau was made president of the Isola-2000 ski resort in the French Alps after it was bought in 1991 with a loan from a banking subsidiary of Crédit Lyonnais. A complaint by the bank appears to have triggered the investigation, which is alleged to centre on the ski station's heavy debts and the high life-style of its

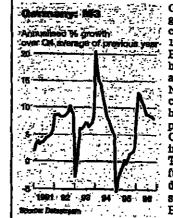
The investigation into his step-daughter's affairs comes at an awkward time for the minister, who is supposed to be following up President Jacques Chirac's call last week for a commission on judicial reform. One of the issues is the possibility of making France's judiciary independent from the political executive.

Lisbon partial pay accord

Portugal's Socialist government has agreed with several unions on a 3 per cent public sector pay increase for 1997. However, the deal has been rejected by Communist-led unions representing more than two-thirds of public sector workers. The agreement, based on a government forecast of 2.25-2.5 per cent inflation, represents a slight increase in real wages. The government claimed that this was the best 1997 pay offer to public sector workers in the EU. But Communist-dominated unions had pressed for an increase of at least 4.5 per cent to bring the lowest public sector salary up to the national minimum wage of Esc54,600 (\$350) a month.

ECONOMIC WATCH

Money growth tops target



continued to exceed the 1996 target range set by the Bundesbank, The central bank said M3 expanded at an annualised 8 per cent in November, against 8.4 per cent the previous month but compared with the 4-7 per cent target. The October figure was influenced by the Deutsche Telekom share issue, with funds parked in short-term deposits before the subscription period. The Bundesbank will today announce its M3 goal for

1997 and possibly also for 1998. While economists expect a similar or slightly lower target for next year, they are more interested in how far it will take account of Emu. With the D-Mark set to disappear in 1999 – if Emu starts punctually - the Bundesbank's monetary strategy will gain extra significance as it becomes clear which countries will join monetary union. The decision on Emu membership will be made early in 1998, so that the M3 target for that year will be seen in a European rather than a mainly German context. Andrew Fisher, Frankfurt ■ Spain's gross domestic product rose 0.6 per cent in the third quarter from the second, and was up 2.2 per cent from a year earlier. Second quarter GDP climbed 0.6 per cent from the first quarter, against its previous estimate of 0.5 per cent, and was up 2.0 per cent year-on-year compared to 1,9 per cent.

Brussels bars **Belgian steel** rescue plan

By Neil Buckley and Emma Tucker in Brussels

The European Commission has blocked a BFr1.5bn (\$47m) rescue package for the near-bankrupt Belgian ity that the French state steel company Forges de Clabecq, and ordered it to repay BFr700m of state aid already received, putting 1,700 jobs in jeopardy.

The decision is a severe blow to the steel industry of the debt of Iri, the giant Wallonia, Belgium's French- state holding company, but speaking southern half, only in return for a number where two other steelma- of commitments. These kers, Cockerill Samble and include privatisation of the Usines Gustaves Boël, are Autostrade, the motorways also suffering from overcapa- concession, and the Finmare city and falling world prices. shipping interests. The gov-Both have said they have no ernment must also privatise of Forges de Clabecq.

Mr Karel Van Miert, the for L3.200bn (\$2.1bn). EU competition commissioner, said Clabecq was decided to step up pressure "technically bankrupt" before the Walloon region, which owns 40 per cent of the company, started its aid programme. Clabeco's long-term viability in its present form could not be assured even with a much bigger capital injection. Shares in Clabecq closed at BFr83 yesterday, a fall of BFr7 on the day.

The Clabecq decision was after the Commission's last meeting of the year.

At a press conference he gave a strong hint that he was unlikely to approve the 28 per cent stake taken in the UK conglomerate Lonmining group Anglo American, into which Brussels announced a detailed merger investigation this week.

He said the Commission's analysis of the platinum market earlier this year was still valid. This suggested that any move by Anglo to It has also decided the ceil-take control of Lonrho ing on shipbuilding aid next would be anti-competitive. announced an inquiry into value for large vessels and Fr11bn (\$2.1bn) of govern-4.5 per cent for smaller vesment aid to Thomson, the sels and conversions.

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C The Financial Tunes Limited 1996.
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and consumer electronics holding company, as a

sweetener ahead of privatisation. The Commission is looking, too, at the possibilpaid an excessively high price to Thomson for its shares in Credit Lyonnais. Brussels has also agreed to give the Italian authorities a further six months to reduce

coms group, early next year

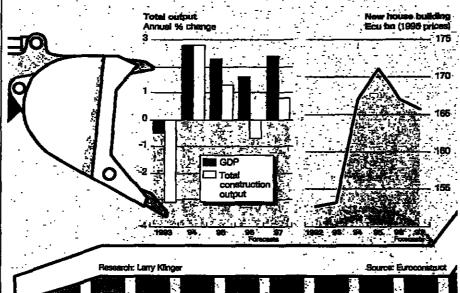
Mr Van Miert has also on the Spanish authorities to compensate the country's second GSM mobile phone operator for a Pta85bn (\$650m) fee it had to pay to be allowed to operate. The same fee did not apply to Telefonica, the public operator, which was granted its

GSM licence free of charge. "In spite of all our efforts, no agreement has been reached between the Comone of several announced by mission and the Spanish Mr Van Miert vesterday authorities on the level of compensation to be paid," said Mr Van Miert.

Similar problems in Belgium and Italy were resolved either by asking the incumbent operator to pay the same fee, or to produce a rho, by the South African package of compensatory measures for the competing GSM operator.

The Commission has given Madrid three months to come up with a solution that would allow the two operators to offer services under equal conditions.
It has also decided the ceil-

year will be maintained at 9 He also formally per cent of total contract Construction in western Europe: still struggling



Spending curbs set to slow building growth

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

Efforts to carb public spending across western Europe are forecast to restrain growth in construction output next year. A rise of only 0.8 per cent is expected, well under half the predicted general economic

growth rate for the region. This follows a 0.7 per cent decline in construction this year, according to EuroConstruct*, a federation of industry and economic forecasting bodies from 15 countries. It expects gross domestic product to go up by 2.4 per cent across the region next year, following 1.6 per cent this year.

Efforts by governments to satisfy the criteria for European monetary union are thought likely to restrict construction output in several areas.

Removal or reduction of housing subsidies in some countries means that new house-building should fall by 2.5 per cent this year and a further 0.8 per cent next. Public investment in non-

pitals, administrative offices as rising by almost 2 per and sport and leisure facili- cent and 1.2 per cent respecties, is also forecast to fall - tively next year. by 3.9 per cent and 1.6 per

cent over the same periods. both construction and GDP in western Europe, total building and civil engineering work is seen as likely to also set to increase in coundecline by 0.8 per cent next tries benefiting from EU year after a drop this year of 3.5 per cent. Housing out- 5.8 per cent is foreseen in put, which rose by more Portugal and 4.9 per cent in than 30 per cent between Ireland. 1992 and 1995 after the country's reunification, is

cent in 1997. Construction output in France is estimated to have declined by 3 per cent this year, and new house-building by 6.3 per cent. BIPE, the national industrial and economic research organisation, which is a member of EuroConstruct, foresees virtual stagnation in overall construction, with a rise of decline in new house-build-

ing by 1.2 per cent.

In Germany, which where building and civil accounts for 28 per cent of engineering markets are Construction output is

activity. Industrial and commercial construction is also expected to rise by 1.4 per cent, still only half the rate of predicted GDP growth. According to EuroConstruct, technological advances mean that investment is shifting

Bigger increases are expected in Scandinavia,

recovering after a torrid time in the early 1990s. structural funds. A rise of

Repair and maintenance are seen as the main growth forecast to fall by 4 per cent areas for most countries. this year and a further 3 per They are forecast to rise by 2.1 per next year, accounting more than a third of all the region's construction

only 0.4 per cent, and a away from factories towards plant and equipment.

* European Construction The picture is different in Trends; £390 from CFR Ltd, residential buildings, such Britain and Italy, where as schools, universities, hos-construction activity is seen London WC2B 6TP

EU set to delay open post market

European Union postal ministers were last night heading towards agreement on postponing any signifi-cant opening of Europe's \$75bn post market to competition until at least 2003. The agreement would rep-

resent a victory for France, which is fiercely opposed to postal liberalisation and the architect of the limited compromise - President Jacques Chirac forced the special ministerial meeting to be held yesterday.

The European Commission reluctantly accepted the plan, which falls far short of its liberalisation proposals published 18 months ago. It challenge national postal monopolies when it had complaints that these operated against the public interest. "A number of complaints have already been passed to the commission, and I expect more in the future," said Mr Karel Van Miert, competition commissioner. "We have to deal

with those complaints." Under a slightly amended version of a French plan which won backing from Germany last month, only the market for domestic letters weighing more than 350g or costing at least five times a standard stamp would initially be opened to competition. That represents only 2 per cent of the postal market by volume.

As previously agreed, member states could retain monopolies indefinitely for domestic letters below those limits, to guarantee maintenance of a "universal service" for ordinary letters to all EU citizens, even in remote areas.

Ministers would decide by January 2000 whether to open the other main catego-ries - cross-border letters, accounting for 4 per cent of the market, and "direct mail", or advertising materials sent in bulk, accounting for 17.5 per cent. But these sectors could not be liberalised before January 1 2003.

The existing directive would, however, expire in 2005, forcing a decision then on further steps. The commission originally wanted cross-border and direct mail liberalised by 2001, subject to a review in 1998. But nine member states, led by France, preferred a more cautious approach.

The Franco-German plan without the 2005 expiry date, fell just short of the necessary qualified majority among ministers on November 28. A decision by Austria

unions and public, persuaded EU leaders at last weekend's Dublin summit to instruct ministers to reach a postal agreement before the

Deputy finance minister says revenue forecasts too optimistic

Russian warning of debt crisis

By Chrystia Freeland in Moscow

made a successful \$1bn eurobond debut, could face a debt crisis within two years, the top economist at the ministry of finance warned yesterday.

"The government is movthat is towards a situation where internal savings are not enough to cover internal debt," Mr Oleg Vyugin, the deputy minister of finance, said at a conference in Moscow attended by senior government ministers and

today, but we can calculate obligations next year. that by December 1998 we

Vyugin said. The comments by Mr Vyugin, a respected economist, could unsettle markets.

Mr Vyugin said the government would be unable and business leaders agreed day, 140-day government within two years to service with Mr Vyugin's predic-bonds were issued at an annits ballooning domestic debt tions in theory. But they ualised rate of 39.96 per cent, ing towards a debt crisis, obligations if the current said his warning was combination of high interest unlikely to raise serious conrates, low tax collection and economic decline continues. He said the revenue fore-

draft budget for 1997, cur- rates will continue to come rently before parliament, down. Both developments

£ ...

may be able to speak of a avert the impending crisis of the central bank said. debt crisis in Russia." Mr the government should shift Moscow traders in its borrowing policy to target interest rates rather than volumes, limiting new borthe jittery domestic debt rowing in an effort to push down rates. Other government officials

cerns in the market because of the hope that the Russian economy will begin to grow Mr Vyugin said that to sashenko, deputy governor said.

Moscow traders interpreted the comments as a signal that the ministry of finance would continue its aggressive campaign to lower interest rates on domestic borrowing. Yester-

president in July. Western investors seemed casts in the government's next year and that interest slightly less sanguine. "He's right in saying that if nothing changes, it is essentially were unrealistically optimis would improve the debt situe a pyramid scheme and you the chairman of the central tic. As a consequence, the ation. "I think the risk of a cannot just keep issuing government would again be crists which he [Mr Vyugin] debt with such a high interunable to meet its spending described is very, very hypo- est rate," one western thetical," Mr Sergei Alek- Moscow-based fund manager

to accept the modified plan down from levels of more seemed set to give it a majorthan 200 per cent before Mr ity last night, leaving only Boris Yeltsin's re-election as Britain, the Netherlands, Sweden, Finland and Denmark opposed. Mr Chirac, who fears a backlash against postal liberalisation by the French

HIAD ON SPECIAL BIDDING

TERNATIONAL TENDER

Remared nation

William College and the little

Water a bottle consuled

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NEWS: EUROPE

Ukraine parliament votes to withdraw trading privileges from Chernobyl charities

Kiev in tax break clampdown

By Matthew Kaminski in Kiev

The Ukrainian parliament has voted to withdraw the tax breaks which have enabled charities helping victims of the Chernobyl disaster to become major importers of consumer goods.

The measure, if signed into law, marks the end of a regime of tax breaks for official bodies - even for of \$1bn in trading from four commerparliament itself, which was this year responsible for a quarter of the country's beer imports.

The country's market reform lobby has campaigned for an end to the trading privileges held by chari-ties, special funds in the cabinet, the presidential administration and parliament, which officials said cost the budget 870m hryvnia (\$465m) this vear in lost revenue.

Under a law aimed at helping the 3m Ukrainians classified as postradovsky (injured) by the 1986 nuclear

accident, the Chernobyl charities are of the indigent and sick, people who exampt from value added tax and have a hard enough time trying to Mr Vladimir Shovkoshitny, presi- for them."

dent of the International Chernobyl Union, one of the main charities, which has 540,000 beneficiaries, said he had been counting on a turnover cial arms next year. He said profits from trade - \$1.2m this year - went to pay for health care and children's trips abroad.

The proposed removal of tax reliefs follows the recent abolition of benefits such as free bus travel and low-rent housing.

Mr Shovkoshitny said this time the government had gone too far. farm called Chaika (which means The group is planning protests over gull) - a legacy of the Soviet era that the proposed changes.
They're trying to solve the coun-

import duties - tobacco, alcohol and fend for their future," Mr Shovkoshoil were removed from the exemp- itny said. "I wouldn't sit here unless tion by a recent government ruling. every last cent we made went just

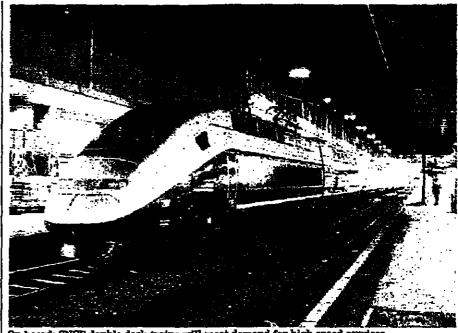
An October presidential decree wiped out three decrees that exempted organisations set up by perliament, the presidential administration and the cabinet - for purposes described in vague terms as helping them "fulfil their work". Also exempt were groups such as the Ukrainian Olympic Committee and the Fund to Support Art and Culture, opened by former President Leonid Kravchuk after his 1994 elec-

Parliament has its own collective ensured parliamentarians had fresh try's economic problems at the cost avoided 20 per cent VAT, this year it."

accounted for a quarter of Ukraine's beer imports. Mr Serbei Tiriokhin. an MP who has fought the exemptions, said that after losing its tax breaks in October, parliament this month used a Chernobyl group to purchase \$5m worth of Italian furniture for deputies' housing.

October's decree was never published in a newspaper, as it must be to be valid. Mr Victor Pynzanyk, a deputy prime minister, said it was being implemented anyway, yet western advisers are not convinced the myriad system of loosy - loosely translated as benefits - can be dis mantled quickly.

"There are so many exemptions that you can't honestly say they've got rid of all of them since the government does not really know what they all are," a western economist said. "But going after the Chernobyl



SNCF on the fast track with double-deck trains

By Charles Batchelor, Transport Correspondent

SNCF. the French state-owned rail company, will today introduce doubledeck trains on high-speed rail services between Paris, Lyons and the south of France.

The Duplex trains à grande vitesse have become necessary to meet demand for high-speed services some stations could not have

including the US senate, about whether to ratify coped with longer trains. The 30 new trains can carry up to 516 passengers, 40 per cent more than the present trains and will have upgraded signalling. They will increase capacity on the Paris-Lyons route from 9,000 passengers an hour in each

the rate of one a month. TGVs started running height of the carriages by between Paris and Lyons in 20cm and providing pan-1981 and rapidly captured 80 per cent of the market from the airlines. SNCF's southeast network now runs 150

TGVs a day and carries 17m

passengers a year.

The trains cover the 426km between Paris and Lyons in two hours at speeds of up to 270kph - the line is being upgraded to allow speeds of 300kph. The trains cost FFr105m (\$20m) each, 30 per cent more than a singledecker. Greater seating other lines have forced capacity and improved technology will mean a saving of 15 per cent per seat on run-

ning costs. The designers have credirection to 22,000. The ated more space in carriage not be completed until 2025.

oramic windows. Lightweight materials have been used to reduce damage to track, while electrical equipment which normally goes under the floor of each carthe bar-buffet in the centre of the eight-carriage trains. The Paris-Lyons TGV achieved a return of 15 per cent and paid for itself within 10 years but lower than expected returns from

carriage floor, raising the

SNCF to rethink its TGV master plan unveiled in 1990, which foresaw the construction of 16 new lines covering 4,700km. This network may

Moscow attacks Nato expansion

By Bruce Clark in Brussels

Mr Igor Rodionov, the Russian defence minister, made a thundering attack on Nato expansion yesterday and re-affirmed Moscow's threats to retaliate if it goes ahead.

But the minister, who delivered one of Moscow's harshest messages to the alliance in months, confirmed Russia might withdraw its objections in return for a treaty formalising its said Mr Rodionov. relations with the alliance.

unexpectedly refused to

In a country as status-

conscious as the Czech

Republic there are few sins

greater than claiming quali-

fications that one does not

Czech justice minister and

senior law officer, became

the biggest casualty of a row

he admitted on Tuesday that

his Doctor of Law title was a

Klaus, the prime minister,

and his fragile coalition. It could lead to a shift in the

balance of power within the

government, which is held

together by a complex agree-

Mr Kalvoda, who in addi-

fake, and resigned his minis-

This step had been strongly "It is not excluded that launch a swift enlargement Mr Rodionov and his Nato advocated by the US as a Nato expansion will disrupt process at a summit in Mad-counterparts that he was not This step had been strongly confidence-building mea-

bring "a return to the cold

the functioning of existing treaties and the ratifications Nato expansion could of new ones," he added, cit-bring "a return to the cold ing the Start-2 agreement on war which we struggled so long-range nuclear arms

'Strategic balance in Europe will be upset' - Rodionov

removed as leader of the the misuse of the same title Civic Democratic Alliance by four other MPs, only one

likes to stress integrity in gations over fake qualifica-

hard to bring to an end," Moscow could be forced with "corresponding mea-Moscow and the alliance to Nato "in the political, eco-

Czech justice minister

resigns after titles row

(ODA), a junior coalition

member: The ODA, which

government, was meeting

last night to decide his fate,

tions to mark its seventh

Mr Kalvoda's sin was to

the most prestigious designa-

tions of all in a country

obsessed by the status

endowed by educational qualifications. While he is a

not sit the examination that

would have allowed him to

use that title. His appoint-

ment to the justice portfolio

in June was halled because he was seen as eminently

qualified and had been an

effective advocate of judicial

reform. He was also

regarded as unpompous and

possess. Mr Jan Kalvoda, the putting a damper on celebra-

His resignation is a severe graduate of the law faculty headache for Mr Václav of Charles University he did

tion was a deputy prime honourable. His fall came minister, is likely to be amid a continuing row over

bh thday.

which Russia's parliament has yet to endorse.

"Strategic balance in The Russian minister against its will to hit back Europe will be upset," Mr an enlargement, Mr Rodionov told his counterendorse an agreement for sures" that would affect parts from the 16 Nato countries, who had earlier re-afexchange liaison officers. nomic and military spheres". firmed their intention to

of whom has so far resigned.

There have been many alle-

tions recently after local

newspapers uncovered the

practice among candidates

standing in last month's sen-

There was speculation yes

terday that "someone pushed him against a wall

and forced him out, as one

Mr Kalvoda told parlia ment on Tuesday he regret

ment of this soap opera"

President Václav Havel

asked him to reconsider his resignation to no avail.

If the ODA cannot put for

ward an acceptable candi-

date to replace Mr Kalvoda there could be a reshuffling

commentator out it.

However, suspicion had

rid next July. To soften the impact of

enlargement, the alliance has also instructed Mr Javier Solana, the Nato secretary general, to start talks with Russia about the possibility of a formal Nato-Russia treaty or charter, ideally by July. Asked by Russian televi-

sion whether a full-blooded Nato-Russia treaty might compensate Moscow for the blow it suffered as a result of Rodionov said: "Possibly." Mr William Perry, the US defence secretary, said after

US officials were at pains afterwards to stress that Mr Perry was merely noting the complexity of the enlargement procedure, and he did not intend to question Nato's commitment to take in new

sure what exactly the Mad-

rid summit would decide to

do in respect of enlargement.

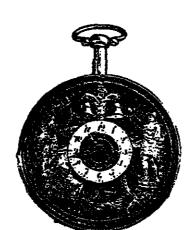
Mr Perry said the Madrid summit faced difficult and

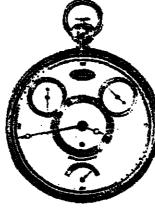
important decisions. He

added that he could not pre-

dict the outcome of debates

in western legislatures.



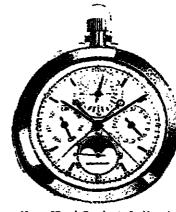


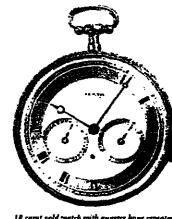














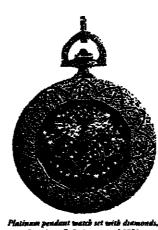
BRAZILIAN ENTERPRISE OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS 🕩 CORREIOS

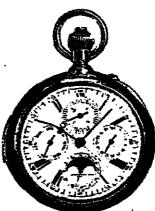
HEAD OFFICE SPECIAL BIDDING COMMITTEE **INTERNATIONAL TENDER PROCESS # 029/96**

Object: supply and installation of integrated systems for parcel sorting with internal mail conveyance. Required net capital: R\$ 2.000.000,00 (reais). Invitation to tender shall be drawn at the following address: Setor Bancário Norte - conjunto 3 - bloco A - 4th floor - North Wing -Brasilia - DF, from December 10, 1996 to February 5, 1997, between 8:30 a.m. and 11:30 a.m. and between 2:30 p.m. and 5:30 p.m. Folder containing the invitation to tender will be sold at R\$ 100,00 (reais). Bidding offers shall be disclosed on February 6, 1997, at 2:30 p.m.

Brasília, December 6, 1996.

José Luiz Valentini Chairman, Special Bidding Committee







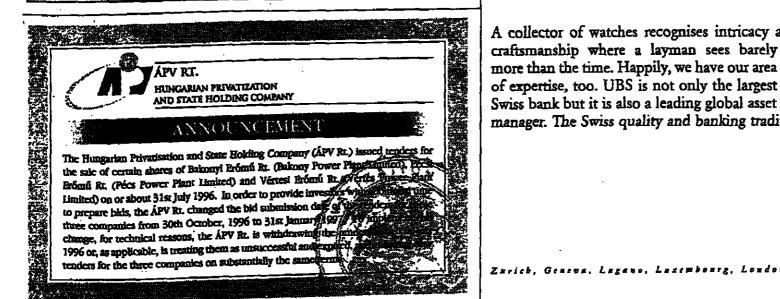


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Genuine technocrat takes over at UN

New top posting proves a 'great day for the sons of Africa', Michael Littlejohns reports

United Nations into the 21st century as its first secretary-general from sub-Saharan Africa, is assured of a hero's welcome when he returns briefly to his native Ghana today.

"Since Friday, the great news has traversed our deserts, our savannahs and our forests," said Mr Daniel Abibi, the Congo delegate who spoke for all the African members at Mr Annan's swearing-in."This is a great day for the sons of Africa."

Mr Annan has been gone from Africa so long that some of that continent's diplomats were said to have been slightly uneasy when he emerged last week as the clear favourite to succeed Mr Boutros Boutros Ghali, But any misgivings evaporated with the UN's recognition of Africa's claim to a second five-year term and the clear acknowledgment that the best candidate was its unanjmous choice.

Mr Annan, 58, will take office on January 1. He is the first genuine technocrat among the seven secretarygenerals. One observer said more secretary and less general", the opposite of his

Educated in Ghana, the US of all UN offices.



Kofi Annan (centre) is congratulated by UN staff men after taking the oath of office as secretary-general

and Switzerland, he began his career in international bureaucracy as a 24-year-old administrative officer at the World Health Organisation

Positions in the UN Refugee Agency and New York secretariat followed in a rapid ascent that took him to an under-secretary-generalyesterday he was likely to be ship as head of the department of peace-keeping operations, widely recognised as one of the best run

Last year, Mr Boutros with great skill, presiding Ghali transferred him to Sarajevo as his special representative, succeeding Mr Yasushi Akashi Mr Annan was already being mentioned as a possible candidate to replace his boss who, at that time, had not said he wanted another term. The suspicion arose that the incumbent may have been getting a potential rival out

of the way by despatching

him to a political minefield.

In the event, he performed

over the transfer of the failed UN mission to Nato troops. At the time, the plain-spoken Ghanaian said: "Looking back, we should all recall how we responded to the escalating horrors of the do? Could I have done would I react next time?"

In terms of UN operations that has been maligned, such as that in Bosnia, there especially in the US. may be no next time, but the

administration.

peace-keeping department is better managed now than ever before and better able to respond to any new emer-Much of Mr Annan's

career has been spent in directing personnel, where last four years. . . each of he earned a reputation as a us must ask, what did I humane manager, readily accessible and deeply concerned with the problems of an international civil service

Mr Annan was born in

treaties aim at Kumasi in what was then the Gold Coast on April 8, 1938. His father, Henry, was paramount chief of the Internet Fante people and elected governor of Ashanti Province. His twin sister, Efua, By Frances Williams

died in 1990. His 88-year-old mother,

Three weeks of negotiations Victoria, recalled last weekend that the young Kofi was a mischievous child who on two international treaties designed to extend copyright rules to the Internet sometimes got into trouble, have resolved most of the but always managed to get important disagreements, out of it. The new UN chief was raising hopes that they will be ready for adoption by opposed initially by France;

tomorrow's deadline there has been speculation, vehemently denied, that in However, the 128 counreturn for their eventual tries involved in the talks support the French would were still struggling yesterday to settle their differget one or more top UN jobs. ences over the scope of Mr Annan speaks French exemptions from copyright well and delivered part of his acceptance speech in that language as well as fielding some questions in French at obligations, the outcome of which is regarded by many as critical to the future his first press conference development of the Internet. Under the proposed trea-ties, prepared under the aus-

yesterday. As secretary-general, he faces formidable problems, pices of the World Intellecnot least persuading the US tual Property Organisation, to pay its \$1.3bn (£787m) UN "temporary" copies of copyrighted material would be debt and raising the morale covered, even if the material of a secretarist buffeted by was not downloaded into the down-sizing and charges of user's computer.

One of his first priorities may have to be public relations. He has promised to reach out to congressional critics who control Washing-

ensure copyright rules extend to material used online, for instance, listening to music called up from an electronic "jukebox" or using an accounting software package without permanent copies being made

> But a wide array of telecommunications companies, software developers and network operators have that the proposed treaty language is too vague, potentially inhibiting new internet developments such as the use of powerful "search engines" capable of visiting millions of Web sites in their hunt for infor-

and kept.

Another source of opposition has come from Internet operators, including big telecoms companies such as AT&T and MCI, and on-line service providers such as CompuServe and America Online, which fear they could be held liable for copyright infringements transmitted by their net-

Copyright Iranian ties with Turkey grow

By John Barham in Ankara

President Rafsanjani of Iran begins a four-day visit to Turkey today, despite Washington's concern over growing ties between Ankara and Tehran. Mr Necmettin Erbakan, Turkey's Islamist prime minister, paid a similar visit to Tehran recently.

Mr Nicholas Burns, State Department spokesman, said Turkey "ought to understand that Iran sponsors terrorism and tries to acquire nuclear weapons. All of us need to isolate Iran, not hring it back into the family of nations."

Mr Erbakan, who has been in power since July, has made rapprochement with Moslem countries a comerstone of his foreign policy, in contrast with Turkey's traditionally pro-western alignment. Turkey's secularists are also anxious to resist any shift towards an Islamic

The reason for this is to foreign policy. Trade will be an important item on Mr Rafsanjani's agenda. He said agreements aimed at raising annual trade from its current \$960m level to \$2bn would be signed.

Trade barriers may be eliminated. Turkey faces a serious energy shortage and iran to offset growing energy imports. It is already buying electricity in Iran, and in August Mr Erbakan signed a \$23bn gas import agreement.

Turkey, a Nato member, has begun discussing defence industry co-operation with Iran in an attempt by Mr Erbakan to balance defence agreement with Israel imposed on him by his secularist, pro-western defence chiefs.

Mr Erbakan aims to build series of Islamic international institutions mirroring Nato, the European Union and the G7 group of rich western countries. He and his advisers see Iran as an important member of these organisations.

Nigerian troops hurt as security worsens

By Antony Goldman in Lagos

Twelve soldiers were injured in Lagos. Nigeria's commercial capital, yesterday when a bomb exploded as the bus in which they were travelling entered the regional administration's compound. "There was blood everywhere," said one bystander, "and nobody seemed to know what was going on or what to do."

It was the second such incident in the city in a week, sharpening an atmosphere of insecurity already high following a security alert by the US State Department. No group has claimed to have planted the devices.

In a statement issued on Tuesday, the US embassy in Lagos warned that it had received infor-

take place at Nigerian airports during the last two weeks of December," traditionally the busiest time of the year for airlines operating out of Lagos. It did not say where it had got the information.

Yesterday's bomb exploded within the Lagos state secretariat complex, 500 metres from the office of Colonel Muhammed Marwa, the state's administrator.

On Monday, Col Marwa emerged unscathed from an attack on a convoy in which he was travelling in the same part of the city in which three people were injured. Police say they have arrested

eight people in connection with the

attacks earlier this year.

State radio spoke yesterday of aggressive agitators at home and abroad". Col Marwa is know to be close to Nigeria's head of state, General Sani Abacha. It is unclear, however, whether

such groups have the organisation or resources to strike at such a sensitive target. "It could be political," said one diplomat, "but it could equally be a distillusioned third force operating within the security establishment."

Gen Abacha's son and the wife of Chief Moshood Abiola, the imprisoned opposition leader, have both met violent deaths this year.

Security officials blamed active the bombings to efforts by Col to restore Nigeria to civilian rule

mation "that bomb attacks may ernment for a spate of bomb tion of Lagos, a rich city with many lucrative public contracts. Since his appointment four months ago, Col Marwa has offended entrenched interests with his enthusiasm for the restoration of

> Officials insist these latest attacks should be no cause for panie. "We have suspects under interrogation and vigilance is being stepped up. The public must be reassured," said one security

The explosions, and the threat they may represent, are nevertheless a profound blow to a government that had seen opposition at There is also speculation linking home and abroad in its programme ists opposed to the military-led gov- Marwa to clean up the administra- by 1998 beginning to dissipate.

In addition to his security concerns, Gen Abacha faces additional gloom over the economy, following disclosure on Tuesday by the Italian state-owned energy company, Enel, of its decision to cancel a discipline and probity to public long-term, \$15bn contract with Nigeria Liquefied Natural Gas.

LNG officials concede that the project, first floated in 1963, might never have received shareholders approval without the deal.

They nevertheless insist construction of the \$4bn facility, due to enter production in three years, will continue while new customers are sought in Europe and the Far

They are also confident of winning substantial compensation from Enel through an arbitration

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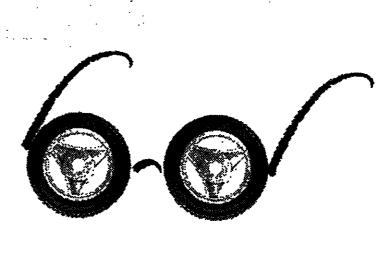
industry, funding for residential con-

struction programs and family support,

الن دوء.

tion of agriculture, of course, Which brings us back to those bull markets. L-Bank, Schlossplatz 10/12, D-76113 Karlsruhe, Germany. Telephone INT 721/150-0.

to name but a few. Oh, and the promo- Landeskreditbank Baden-Würtlemberg



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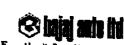
Vision is understanding At Bajaj, giving wing to imagination and shape to idea is a way of life. And when the ideas find shape, you have products like Sunny Zip, Rave, Super Excel and Classic. Products born out of a close understanding of the market.

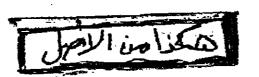
Vision is performance Our vision has enabled us to constantly change course and pace. To keep ahead of time and competition. The National Productivity Council's Award for 'Best Productivity Performance' (for two consecutive years) and the Engineering Export Promotion Council Award (special shield) for highest exports of consumer durables stand as testimony to our performance in a fiercely competitive market.

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NEWS: THE AMERICAS

Body blow for crusade against terror Decks cleared

Stephen Fidler and Sally Bowen on another setback for embattled President Fujimori for Albright

ernment of President Alberto Fujimori was good at. Yet the audacious attack on the Japanese ambassador's residence in Lima by members of a guerrilla movement apparently written off as a serious force has revealed intelligence failings that come close to home for Mr Fujimori.

Improvement in Peru's intelligence operations - as well as a measure of luck was a crucial factor in the Fujimori's government's success against terrorism.

By 1992 the Cuban-inspired Tupac Amaru Revolutionary Movement - the group responsible for Tuesday's attack - was viewed as a largely spent force. The capture in 1993 of Abimael Guzman, the leader of the dead-lier Maoist Shining Path his involvement with drugs movement, dealt a severe trafficking. blow to that group. Terror attacks declined to such an extent that Mr Fujimori was able to boast that terrorism had been defeated.

In charge of the much expanded intelligence operations since the begin-ning has been Mr Vladimiro



Envoys held bostage: (from left) Morihisa Aoki of Japan, Arthuis Schuschnigg of Austria and Germany's Heribert Woeckel

army captain who was also Mr Fujimori's lawyer before he took office. Mr Montesinos has already been hurt this year by allegations of

Mr Montesinos, rarely seen in public, is widely regarded as the second most powerful man in the country. With Mr Fujimori and General Nicolas Hermoza. head of the joint command of the armed forces for more than five years, he is part of Montesinos, a cashiered a triumvirate whose fortunes

have been severely damaged by the embassy assault. According to Mr Michael Shifter, a Peru expert at the InterAmerican Dialogue in Washington, the attack has happened while senior military figures appear to have been focusing inordinate attention on discrediting Gen Rodolfo Robles, a

the army. For Mr Fujimori himself, the attack is the latest of a the country. The risk has

series of blows that have undermined his popularity of sharply lower growth. over the last year. His popu larity rating has fallen from

Economic growth has slowed sharply; an expected 2.5 per cent this year translates into zero growth per head. This was necessary retired army officer who has after an overheating econ-been an outspoken critic of omy rapidly enlarged Peru's human rights violations by current account deficit, creating the risk of a Mexican-style financial crisis in

more than 70 per cent to 48

per cent over the last year.

lessened, but only at the cost

The president is regarded as having bungled an attempt to win the possibility of a third re-election, having changed the constitution to run a second time in 1995. and he has been damaged by the controversy over Gen

the decision to attack the envoy's residence. The president, the son of Japanese emigrants, has surrounded the negotiations.

Japanese-descended Peru-

vians in government. has been one of Peru's most important supporters, backing among other things Pero's successful entry this year into the Pacific-rim

trade grouping, Apec. Mr Ryutaro Hashimoto, the Japanese prime minister, visited Peru in August, and the government has promised big concessional credits for Peru through Japan's Overseas Economic Co-operation Fund - of \$650m next year and similar amounts in 1998 and 1999.

Mr Fujimori's Japanese background was initially viewed as bringing a new honesty to government. Increasingly, however, he is accused of cronyism and there are signs the links to Japan, once a source of strength, are resented.

Amid the chaotic scenes outside the envoy's residence as the world's media descended on Lima, there were no signs that serious There is a more subtle negotiations with the guer-message for Mr Fujimori in rillas were going on. The government was awaiting a mission from Tokyo that was expected to advise on

A series of appointments announced yesterday by the White House underline the extent to which Mrs Madeleine Albright will be able to shape the State Department to her liking.

The most significant foreign policy move is that of Mr Jim Steinberg to be Mr Sandy Berger's deputy at the National Security Council. He has been Mr Warren Christopher's trusted director of policy planning, traditionally an office of influence, since March 1994, and two months ago took on the extra duties of chief of staff when Mr Tom Donilon left.

Virtually all Mr Christobe departing, except, notably, Mr Tim Wirth, the former senator. He runs the global affairs division, encompassing environmen-tal affairs, human rights, the fight against drugs and terrorism, and refugee and

migration issues. The State Department will also be looking for a new spokesman, a high-profile position, in the new year. Mr Nicholas Burns, the well regarded incumbent, is a the treasury.

career foreign service officet and hopes for an ambassadorship, perhaps Turkey.

Mrs Albright will bring in some of her team from the UN. Ms Elaine Shocas, her chief of staff in New York, is expected to assume the same role at the State Department. Mr Jamie Rubin, now her spokesman, could take over

from Mr Burns. Relations between the State Department and NSC, often a source of friction but harmonious during the Bush and Clinton administrations. should remain good, if for no other reason than that Mrs Albright and Mr Steinberg have long been close.

The other White House appointments bear the mark new chief of staff. The most notable is that of Mr Rahm Emanuel, already an assistant to the president, to fill some of the duties vacated by Mr George Stephanopoulos, long Mr Clinton's most trusted adviser.

Mr Bowles also named two new deputies: Mr John Podesta, now a university professor but a former White House aide, and Ms Sylvia Matthews, currently chief of staff for Mr Robert Rubin at

> HEWLETT* PACKARD

Attacks force BP rethink in Colombia

By Robert Corzine in Bogotá

British Petroleum is urgently reviewing security arrangements in its Colombian oil fields after a fullyladen helicopter narrowly escaped being shot down by oil field, along the eastern flank of the Andes Moun-

One of the 13 passengers and crew aboard the helicopter was wounded as the craft came under automatic weapons fire from guerrillas hiding near the Cupiagua H

Mr Phil Mead, head of BP's too vulnerable to continue operations in Colombia's Casenare region and the subject of a guerrilla death millions of dollars to threat, had flown over the develop, Mr Mead said he site. "This has been one of our problem areas," he said, pointing to the drilling rig below. "For some reasons the guerrillas seem attracted

to this well site." Although there have been other incidents involving BP helicopters, last week's tive might be to close attack was the first in which a fully-laden helicopter was the target. "Whether that was the intention or not, what we have learned from the attack is that if a helicopter is in the wrong place at the wrong time, the guerrillas have now shown that they won't hold back," Mr

Senior managers of BP Colombia are studying the rigs, four of whom have been circumstances of the attack killed this year. Colombia are studying the to determine whether it But helicopters, on which marks an escalation in the the company depends to guerrilla campaign against the company, or whether it was merely an unfortunate, but chance, encounter.
"It wasn't a scheduled

flight," said a visibly upset Mr Mead at the company's base camp at Yopal, the regional capital, shortly after the incident. "So the helicopter might just have got in the way. But we can't affected area for three take any risks. This was just months and installed armour BP has invested \$2bn fleet.

(£1.2bn) in Colombia to develop the Cusiana and Cupiagua oil fields and to explore the nearby Piedemonte area. Last week Mr John Doust, head of BP Colombia, described the projects as "fundamental" to BP's guerrillas over the Cupiagua global fortunes. But the company has been criticised for alleged involvement in human rights violations in Casenare and for its close relationship with the Colom-

> BP's investigation will focus on whether the Cupiagua H location, which nestles below a broad plateau in the foothills of the Andes, is operating. Although the site has cost BP and its partners would not hesitate to close it if it was concluded that a better defence could not be devised.

bian army.

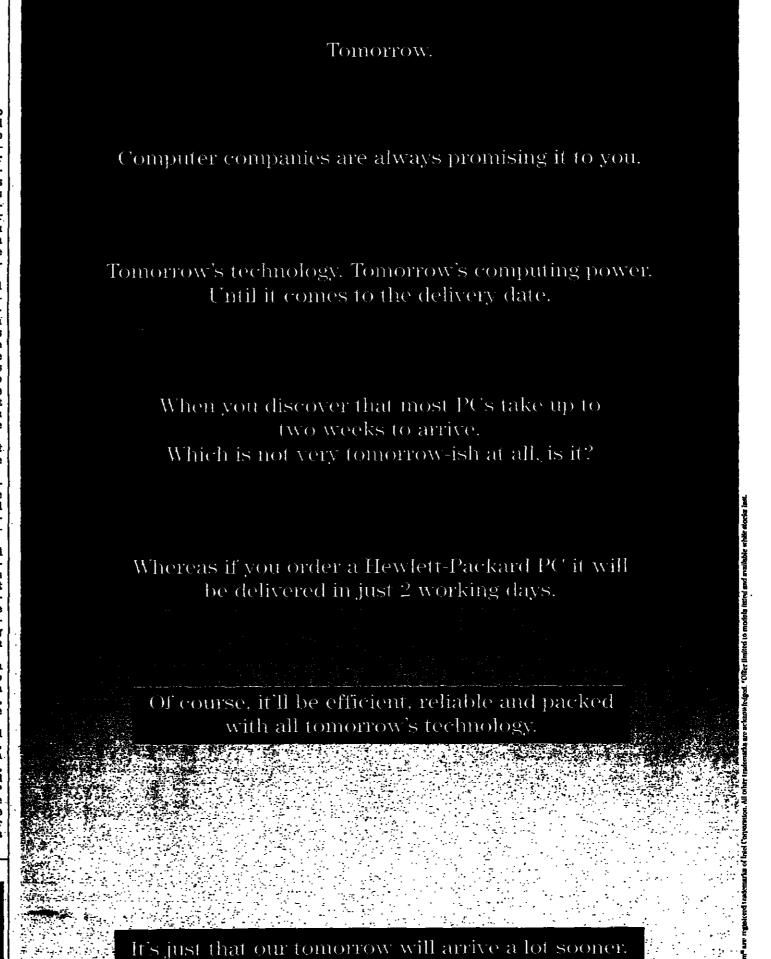
"People's lives aren't worth the production," he

Mr Doust said an alternaanother less important well site to double the paramilitary police presence at Cupi-

agua H. There has been a marked increase in insurgent activity against BP's operations in Casenare over the past few months, though executives say most attacks have been directed at the policemen who guard the drilling

But helicopters, on which move workers between Yopal and remote well sites. have also come under more frequent attack.

One pilot was killed recently when his helicopter. which was supporting a remote seismic survey team, ran into guerrilla ground fire. After that incident BP suspended operations in the protection on some of its



The Financial Times plans to publish a Survey on on Tuesday, January 7 This survey is tied to the 700th anniversary of the Principality of Monaco. For further information please contact Lindsay Sheppard (London) on Tel: +44 (0)171 873 3225 or fax: +44 (0)171 873 3204

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Export surge lifts Japan trade surplus IMF bullish

Japan's trade surplus rose slightly last month for the first time in two years, after a surge in exports of cars and office equipment and a slowdown in import growth.

The surplus expanded by 0.2 per cent from November last year to Y675.19bn (\$5.9bn), after a 10 per cent rise in exports and a 12.4 per cent increase in imports, according to preliminary finance ministry data.

than the market had expected and the dollar weakened a fraction in response - from

The surplus was larger

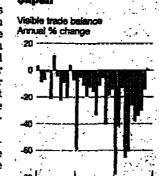
Y113.9 to Y113.55.

fall in the surplus has almost bottomed out and that the currency's recent recovery will endure. The yen has fallen by about 40 months of the current fiscal per cent against the dollar from its peak of 20 months ago, when it threatened to push the economy into a slump by pricing it out of world export markets.

Evidence of a surge in exports in November also suggests that the surplus of lower production costs,

Export growth was slightly faster last month than the 9.1 per cent average for the previous seven year, helped by a 27.7 per cent rise in overseas car sales and a 14.2 per cent increase in sales of office equipment, including com-

puters and photocopiers. tures in a 31.2 per cent rise in Japan's bilateral trade remains sensitive to cur- surplus with the US, the secrency rate shifts, despite the ond monthly increase in a shift of manufacturing row. Within that, a 45.7 per capacity offshore in search cent rise in car exports to the US last month will fuel 113.9 to Y113.55. said Ms Mineko Sasaki- US car manufacturers' con-The figures support many Smith, economist at CS First cerns that the yen's weak-



ness is giving Japanese competitors an unfair advantage. The surplus with the rest

Union fell by 2.1 per cent. The pace of import growth

almost halved, from the 23.4 per cent average for the first seven months of the fiscal year, partly because of an unexpected fall in imports of sircraft equipment, but also, economists suspect, because of generally weak domestic

The government yesterday formally acknowledged that the pace of domestic ecorecovery, as

Mr Ryutaro Hashimoto,

November, while Japan's an official projection of 1.9 trade gap with the European per cent expansion in gross domestic product for the 12 months from next March.

The government is forecasting 2.5 per cent economic growth in the current fiscal year to March, slightly higher than most privatesector economists predict.

Credit demand remains weak, on the evidence of a 3.3 per cent rise in M2 plus certificates of deposit last month, announced by the Bank of Japan yesterday.

That was the lowest suggested by slower import money supply growth in six growth, would ease next months and a slowdown from 3.7 per cent growth in

nese and western brokers

appear mixed about the gov-

ernment's latest interven-

tion. In Shanghal, the repre-

sentative of Shenyin

Securities said that while

the share market had

become overheated "in the

end it should be the market

Mr Edmond Huang, an

analyst at ING Barings in

Shanghai, welcomed the intervention, saying a mar-

ket correction was overdue.

"It's good for the market in

the longer term," he said. "It

needed to come down to a

People's Daily, in its com-

mentary, indicated one hope-

ful sign for Chinese inves-

tors starved of investment

opportunities: the authori-

ties admitted that not

enough companies with solid

earnings records were being

listed. Too many investors

chasing too few stocks has

helped fuel the equities bub-

ble and heightened risks of a

more healthy level."

capital formation."

which decides".

over HK prospects

By John Ridding in Hong Kong

The International Monetary Fund has given an optimistic assessment of Hong Kong's economy and the territory's prospects for a smooth return to Chinese sovereignty on July 1 next year.

In conclusions to its annual survey of the Hong Kong economy, made public for the first time by the territory's government yester-day, the IMF said there had been a "significant reduction of uncertainties" concerning the transfer of sovereignty.

The IMF forecast a broad ening and strengthening of the recovery in Hong Kong next year, with real gross domestic product expected to rise by between 5 per cent and 5.25 per cent.

This compares with a forecast of 4.5-4.75 per cent growth this year. The Hong Kong government expects growth of 4.7 per cent this year, and has a mediumrange forecast of 5 per cent growth.

The study is the latest optimistic assessment of Hong Kong's economic prospects and comes amid a surge in the property and stock markets.

Earlier this week, Hong said. Mr Pieter Bottelier, chief Kong Bank predicted con-sumption-led expansion representative in Beijing of the World Bank, said this would underpin growth of week's gyrations indicated 5.2 per cent for 1997. Like the China still had a "long way IMF, the bank predicted an to go before its markets improvement in Hong became mature and made a Kong's trade performance meaningful contribution to over the coming year.

Given the resumption of economic growth and with inflation expected to remain moderate at about 7 per cent, the IMF stressed the need for policy makers to maintain confidence and sta-

"It is especially important this year for the authorities to resist calls for fiscal stimulus to encourage the recovery under way," its report

The IMF also gave its backing to the territory's monetary system and its exchange rate link with the

US dollar. The currency peg to the US dollar has deprived Hong Kong of an independent monetary policy. But according to the IMF, it has played a critical role in promoting economic stability and confidence over the years of the transition. "The linked rate is in line with the fundamentals of the economy and is backed by substantial and rising reserves."

Call to resist pressure for further boost to recovery

China's statements on its resumption of sovereignty over Hong Kong had helped maintain confidence, the IMF added. "China has made important commitments that there will continue to be two separate monetary systems and currencies and two mutually independent monetary authorities," the report

Mr Donald Tsang, Hong Kong's financial secretary, said he had made the IMP assessment public as part of the government's efforts to enhance openness and transparency.

 Hong Kong's central bank plans to commit resources to an IMF borrowing arrangement that countries could draw on during financial crisis, it said yesterday, AP-DJ

Mr Joseph Yam, chief executive of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, said details of the fund structure had not been finalised by the IMF. But he said Hong Kong was prepared to commit

hina's markets: social order driven

Instability fears lie behind Beijing's action on turbulent stock exchanges, writes Tony Walker

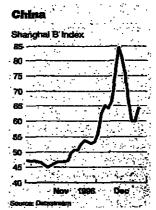
hina may have gone far in its economic reforms, but when threats to political stability are involved the authorities do not hesitate to adopt measures which appear to contradict the liberalisation pro-

A stern People's Daily commentary this week warning of the dangers of a stock market meltdown - and which itself prompted a 10 per cent fall on both the Shanghai and Shenzhen bourses on Monday - was driven less, it seems, by concerns about market manipulation in a raging bull market than by worries that a crash may cause social

Such fears are heightened during China's difficult transition to a new generation of leaders to replace the ailing Deng Xiaoping.

The Communist party newspaper did not refer directly to such dangers, but left little doubt it feared that among China's 21m stock market investors there may be some who would react violently to the loss of their

drops," the commentary na's fledgling capital mar-said. "Stock rallies are kets. bound to lead to stock



responsible for their own

gains and losses.' The latest attempt by the authorities to puncture one of China's periodic speculative bubbles also reflects lingering reservations among the country's leaders about the utility of stock markets as a necessary "capitalist tool" to be treated with utmost caution.

Mr Li Peng, China's prime minister, frequently refers to the equities markets as "experimental" - a sentiment which has contributed "There is no stock market to a nervy "stop-start" that always grows and never approach to developing Chi-

Mr John Crossman, chief

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last week of a 10 per cent limit on stock price movements up or down in a single day virtually guaranteed there would be turbulence in the markets. "Whenever you try to put

limits on a market to decrease volume all you do is increase volatility." he said. "It's inevitable you're going to have huge 20 per cent swings on a weekly

The past four years since the markets were launched in Shanghai and Shenzhen have been marked by bouts of overheating punctuated

the People's Daily commentary, aimed at driving the markets lower. In the process, investors

have been buffeted by contradictory signals from the regulatory authorities in Being who appear to be having difficulty resolving whether their role is to encourage capital markets or to save exuberant stockplayers from themselves.

Mr Richard Graham, chief representative in Shanghai of ING Barings, says confidence in the markets has not been helped by a somewhat "haphazard" approach. Brokers in Shanghai cite as perhaps the most striking examby relatively crude govern- ple government attitudes to

local investors purchasing B shares nominally reserved for foreigners and denominated in hard currency.

Since the beginning of the year, Beijing has on the one hand provided what has appeared on occasions like a green light, and then within weeks changed course, reiterating regulations barring such trades

The markets, which had risen more than 300 per cent this year in the case of the Shenzhen composite index and 100 per cent in Shanghai, have been on a roller coaster this week, losing some 20 per cent after tumbling last week, and seem likely to head lower.

Opinions among local Chi-

as MPs' leader

By Mark Nicholson in New Delhi

Leaders of India's Congress party yesterday issued a direct call for the resignation of Mr P.V. Narasimha Rao, the embattled former prime minister, as the par-

ty's parliamentary leader. Mr Rao, 76, who has already resigned as party president, was said to be "considering" the move, demanded in a personal letter from 21 of the party's senior parliamentarians.

The letter noted Mr Rao's "valuable services", especially in promoting liberalising reforms which helped rescue India from economic crisis in 1991, but said his departure was "necessary to establish the party's credi-

The resignation call appears a further move by Mr Sitaram Kesri, Mr Rao's successor as party president, to refurbish the image of the party, which suffered defeat in this year's elections and has since seen several former MPs and ministers enmired in corruption cases.

Mr Rao has been charge in three corruption cases. each of which carries a maximum seven-year jail sentence. The former prime minister has denied wrongdoing in each case. Mr Rao assumed the Congress leadership after the assassination of Rajiv Gandhi in 1991 and was prime minister until elections in May.

Mr Rao's departure would be likely to prompt a scramble for the leadership. His resignation is viewed by Mr Kesri as a prerequisite for bringing back into the Congress fold several defecting factions. Mr Kesri has already won

the defection from the United Front coalition government of one small ex-Congress group. His chief prize would be to persuade 20 ex-Congress MPs from Tamil Nadu to rejoin the mother party.

This would undermine the UF coalition and put Congress in sight of forming the government, a prospect which yesterday helped buoy Bombay share prices. | tem, which has been run-

Rao urged to quit Jiang gives Tung

Kong's new chief executive, jing visit, with a pledge of support,

of a new era, Reuter reports from Beijing. "Of course I will support him," Mr Jiang said when meeting Mr Tung, 59, who will lead the British colony after its return to Chinese

rule on July 1 next year. Mr Tung's visit to Beijing is being keenly watched by residents in the territory eager to learn whether senior civil servants will

keep their jobs. He has warned Hong Kong's people to be sensitive to China's sovereign rights. and has yet to give details of

his plans for the post-colo-

China's President Jiang nial administration. But he Zemin yesterday greeted Mr has said he will discuss tran-Tung Chee-hwa, Hong sition issues during his Bei-

In Beijing's state guest saying the appointment of house yesterday, Premier Li the tycoon marked the dawn Peng gave Mr Tung a certificate of appointment and congratulated him on his suc-

"This is indeed an historic moment," Mr Li said. Earlier, Mr Tung met Mr Qian Qichen, the foreign minister.

One of Mr Tung's first tasks will be to put together an advisory executive council. Final decisions on which senior civil servants to keep

will be made by China. Beijing has hailed Mr Tung's appointment as the fruit of its principle of Hong selection process was dogged with it.

accuse Beijing of using its hand-picked selection committee to stage-manage the

choice. Beijing's critics believe it is likely to try to control Hong Kong and its 6.3m people from behind the scenes. after the five-star Chinese flag is raised over the terri-

The committee that chose Mr Tung with a sweeping 80 per cent majority is preparing to select on Saturday a 60-member "provisional leg-islature" with which China plans to replace the existing,

elected one on July I. Mr Chris Patten, Hong Kong's colonial governor. has condemned the new legislature as undemocratic and Kong autonomy, but the has vowed not to co-operate

Pakistan hit by tough **IMF** loan conditions

By Farhan Bokhari

Pakistan's stock market fell ahnost I per cent yesterday as it emerged the International Monetary Fund had attached tough new conditions to further lending and was staggering disbursement of its standby credit.

Tuesday night it was prepared to increase the standby loan it has granted \$600m and extend its maturity by a further six months. But its immediate disthan earlier expected. The IMF had agreed to lend \$160m to the government of

former prime minister Benazir Bhutto in October. It pressures. has now decided to release only half that amount by the end of this week. It is insisting the unpopular goods and services tax be

widened next month before the second half is released, government officials said. This follows concern at the level of government borrowing from the banking sys-

There is also anxiety over the future of a package of economic reforms, promised to be announced by Mr Pakistani politicians for not Faroon Leghari, Pakistan's having the popular mandate president, around December

Senior officials Islamabad said the IMF had The IMF announced on conveyed its reservations over a recent support package for the textile industry and had urged the Pakistan to \$831m from government not to give weeks' imports, up from further relief unless its fiscal about \$600m in early targets are back on track.

IMF's fresh economy come as the caretaker government of Prime Minister Meraj Khalid is facing domestic political

Mr Fakhruddin Ebrahim failure to enforce measures to make government \$452m in October. accountable.

Benazir Bhutto. A court in comes from cotton products.

ning well in excess of the Sindh Province yesterday formal target. ruled that his detention without charge was illegal. The caretakers have also been criticised by some

to commit the country to

long-term structural adjustments. Officials say there is encouraging news on foreign exchange reserves, which have edged to \$788m this week, enough to finance 31/2

Pris.

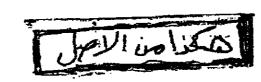
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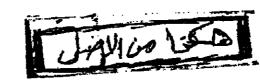
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November. bursement will be smaller reservations over Pakistan's official exchange rate and The gap between the free market quotes for the Pakistani rupee has narrowed to 5 per cent this week from 10 per cent in

October. But concerns continue resigned last night as law over Pakistan's external minister amid public trade performance. The concern at the government's trade deficit fell to \$303m last month, down from

Reports of an expected fall The government is under in this year's cotton crop pressure to release Mr Asif have added to anxieties on Ali Zaradari, husband of the trade. More than half former prime minister. Ms Pakistan's export income





FINANCIAL TIMES THURSDAY DECEMBER 19 1996

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hit by tough

of support

Chip deal based on Japanese data error

The controversial US-Japanese semiconductor trade agreement Japanese market share data, it now appears. Later this week the US and boasting of the success of his corrected data. Instead of showing error was also an embarrassment a share rise in the market share of for the Japanese Ministry of Interforeign chip suppliers in Japan national Trade and Industry, which year, the new data are expected to market share data. show a small decline.

parts in October, until now neither of the Japanese.

By Louise Kehoe in San Francisco side has appeared anxious to focus side has appeared anxious to focus During talks leading up to the can be no doubt as to the veracity public attention on the issue, or to trade pact, Japanese negotiators of their market share statistics." make a correction.

Such an announcement might signed at the end of July was nego- have been a political embarrasstiated on the basis of erroneous ment for President Bill Clinton, then campaigning for re-election and Japan are expected to issue administration's trade policies. The during the first quarter of this was responsible for calculating the

Some US semiconductor industry Although the error was acknowl- executives are, however, suspicious edged by Japanese officials in dis- about the mistake, which they cussions with their US counter- point out worked to the advantage

argued that with the foreign mar- said a spokesman for the Semicon- file a dumping complaint. ket share standing at an all time ductor industry Association (SIA), high of 30.6 per cent, there was no need for a new agreement.

terms of the new agreement, market share data collection will become the responsibility of national industry groups, rather than the two governments.

"Because of the timing and magnitude of the error, Japan should provide full disclosure (regarding

a US trade group.

Had the correct data been availchip accords. Ironically, under the the trade agreement. It would have July US-Japan agreement. been a very different situation," the SIA said.

Separately, US and Japanese

NEVER MIND PATRIOTISM - LET'S

GET A VACUUM CLEANER

expedited sharing of such data if a US or Japanese company should

In another related issue. US and European officials will meet in January to discuss European semicon-Although a pact was eventually able before July they "could have ductor tariffs. The EU wants entry signed, the terms were less strin- had a major influence on talks in into a world "semiconductor coungent than in previous US-Japan the first half of 1996 leading up to cil" created under the terms of the

The US is demanding, however, that the EU eliminate import duties on chips before it can join industry groups are this week the semiconductor industry group. expected to announce a semicon- Although European duties will end ductor "anti-dumping" agreement. by 2000 under the terms of an infor-This will establish arrangements to mation technology agreement, this ensure the collection of cost data is not soon enough to satisfy the the cause of the error) so that there by memory chip makers and the US, which is seeking faster action.

material for both US and

Mexican-made brooms. Mijo

must be hand-picked. It is

then sold to scores of family-

run business, which also fashion the brooms by hand.

our duty-free quota by

March," Mr Treviño says.

"After that, our exports will pay 38 per cent duty, which

could cut sales by more than

At the trade department in

Mexico City, Mr Zabludov-

sky says Mexico will demand

"We will have exhausted

WORLD TRADE NEWS DIGEST

Indonesian car sales recover

ng panganan ng pangan ng panga Ng panganan ng pangangan ng pang

Indonesia's car sales rose for the fifth consecutive month in November. Figures released by Astra International, Indonesia's largest car assembler, show that total car sales, including exports, climbed 8.1 per cent compared with the previous month, the fifth month-on-month increase since July when the impact of the "national" car project on sales appears to have peaked. Year-on-year car sales declined 4.8 per cent in November.

Although Timor Putra Nasional, the joint-venture company which controls the "national" car project, has not released sales figures, analysts say it has only sold about 2,000 units since it launched its vehicle in October

President Suharto's youngest son, Mr Hutomo Mandala Putra, was awarded tax and tariff breaks to build the "Timor" car in co-operation with South Korea's Kia Motors. An overall decrease in car prices had been expected as a result, but so far no price war has evolved. instead, with the matter being taken to the WTO by the

European Union, Japan and the US, claiming that Indonesia has broken international trade agreements, demand for other models has picked up. Sales of Astra vehicles, assembled in co-operation with Japanese manufacturers, have strengthened in the last few Manuela Saragosa, Jakarta

Mexican water project loan

A Mexican water treatment company has secured a 10-year \$24m loan from Chase Securities, a subsidiary of Chase Manhattan Bank, for construction of a waste-water treatment plant in Cadereyta in the northern state of

The 10-year term of the loan to Aguas Tratadas de Cadereyta marks something of a breakthrough for Mexico. Chase Securities' Global Power and Environmental Group said it was the first project financing to take uncovered Mexican political risk since the peso crisis in December 1994. Chase said it was willing to underwrite the long-term transaction because of the strong creditworthiness of Petroleos Mexicanos (Pemex), the state oil monopoly, which will buy the services of the treatment plant after it is built.

Aguas Tratadas de Cadereyta is a joint venture between Cydsa, the chemical division of the Mexican glass nanufacturer Vitro, Poseidon Resources, a waste-water project developer based in Stamford, Connecticut and Ionics, a manufacturer of water-purifying technology based in Washington state. Leslie Crawford, Mexico City

the Japanese engine maker would not be granted any incentives other than those provided for by current Christopher Bobinski, Warsay

offered credit to Japanese companies bidding on part of China's controversial Three Gorges dam project, a bank spokesman said yesterday. The project, to be completed in 2009, is expected to submerge huge areas around the Yangtze River, including entire towns, forcing about 1m Chinese to be relocated.

The spokesman said a preliminary offer of financing

Spirit of Nafta is swept under the carpet

Leslie Crawford and Nancy Dunne uncover an untidy trade tiff between the US and Mexico

than \$10m of imports are involved out of two-way trade totalling among other things, introabout \$140bn. Yet the latest dispute between the US and Mexico has consumed thousands of man-hours at both countries' trade departments, required the mediation of numerous commissions and has in the end provoked Mexico into imposing retaliatory duties - the first time it has done so since it joined the North American Free Trade Agree-

ment almost three years ago. The issue? Brooms. It all began when the US last month slapped quotas and countervailing duties on Mexico's hand-made corn brooms to protect the US industry. It argued the threeyear "safeguard" tariffs were needed to give US corn fish imports, even though broom manufacturers time numerous environmental to adjust to Mexican compe-

US corn broom companies have found it difficult com- progress was achieved in peting since the start of Nafta, when Mexican corn brooms were allowed into the US duty-free.

The US International Trade Commission found that brooms from Mexico had injured the US industry, along with brooms from Panama, Honduras, Colombia. and Hungary. Imports last year captured nearly 60 per cent of the US market.

Because com brooms are so labour intensive, broomweaving has been a popular

founded to employ the blind. The US industry must now.

duce automation to improve

efficiency. Mr Jaime Zabludovsky. under-secretary for international trade at the Mexican ministry of commerce and industry, says: "We did not want to impose retaliatory tariffs, but we felt we had no

choice after the US move." The trade tiff comes at the end of a frustrating year for Mexico, which has seen several of its burning commercial concerns buried by US electoral politics. Mexican tomato growers have been forced to accept export prices imposed by the US to avold punitive anti-dumping charges; the US Senate failed to lift a ban on Mexican tuna groups certified Mexico's conversion to dolphin-safe fishing techniques; scant negotiations to lift another ban, on Mexican avocados,

since 1914. Neither did the US budge on its refusal to allow Mexican truckers over the border a prohibition Mexico believes violates specific provisions in the Nafta treaty. Mexico has also been incensed by the Helms-Burton Act which seeks to penalise foreign companies doing business with Cuba.

Mexico has imposed other

which has been in force

Tust 382 jobs and less product for US companies tit-for-tat duties on US wine, Tennessee whiskey, brandy, wine coolers, notebooks. wooden furniture, fructose and flat glass.

"The cornbroom case is smaller than tomatoes. which is smaller than avocadoes, which is smaller than trucking, which was a payoff to the Teamsters," said Mr Gary Hufbauer of the Institute for International Economics. "What this means about the spirit of implementation of Nafta, is where there is discretion the

impulse is to slow down." The latest US move has devastated the small town of Cadereyta, capital of the Mexican corn broom industry, which lies just outside the northern city of Monterrey, on the road to Texas.

swept away all these protec- Broom Manufacturers' Assotionist measures, but we ciation, believes the US pro-were mistaken," says Mr tectionist measures have Humberto Gambino, a com broom manufacturer in Cadereyta. This is just another The industry contracts the door on Mexico."

"We believed Nafta had dent of the Mexican Corn imperilled thousands of jobs in and around Cadereyta. instance of the US closing around 5,000 farmers to grow mijo, a tough, sorghum-like

a special Nafta panel to set-RAERBENIE tle the corn broom controversy. And although he is sometimes impatient with the slow workings of Nafta's dispute resolution mechanisms, he remains an enthusiastic supporter of the treaty.

20 per cent."

"These are minor irritants in a huge, dynamic and booming trade relationship,"

INDUSTRY URGES FREER LORRY MOVEMENT

US industry leaders yesterday called on President Bill Clinton to implement the cross-border lorry provision agreed under the North American Free Trade Agreement but delayed during the past year because of alleged "safety" concerns, Nancy Dunne reports from

Washington. One year after the president delayed the agreement, officials from the trucking, car and freight industry told him that, with 85 per cent of all US-Mexico trade moving by road, Nafta's success hinged on ending the "gridlock" of traffic on the border. "Continued imposition of the freeze

has strained our relations with

Mexico, stymied resolution of other

bilateral transportation issues, and denied the US the benefits of expanded trade," the officials told the president

Lorries from US and Mexican trucks are now allowed to drop their loads in special zones just across the border. It was agreed under Nafta that, from December 18 last year, trucks would be able to travel freely throughout the border states in both countries. After 12 years they were to be allowed to travel throughout both countries. Mr Bob Nicklas of the Teamsters, the US truckers' union, said the US and

Mexico had yet to negotiate a

which would specify, among other

things, the hours of drivers' service and the handling of hazardous The Teamsters contend that Mexican

lorries are three times as old as US ones, and that they are heavier, poorly maintained and fail to meet US air emissions requirements.

With an election looming, under

pressure from unions, which feared the loss of jobs to low-wage Mexican drivers. Mr Clinton last year agreed to delay the provision.

Mexico has retaliated by refusing to approve the use of large American trailers, which could cut the number of shipments and reduce congestion at . the border.

Palpitations in Canada's drugs industry

Canada's next general election if the generic drug industry has its way. The industry has been contentious 1992 law, known

licking its wounds since a as Bill C-91, ended its reputation as the rogue elephant of the international pharmaceuticals trade. With the election campaign likely to coincide with a scheduled five-year review of the law, the generic producers have spotted an opening. Mr Jack Kay, chairman of

the Canadian Drug Manufacturers' Association (CDMA). which represents the generic industry, said recently Bill C-91 "has had a profound effect, creating a climate that is not good for business in Canada, and jeopardising the future growth of a truly national domestic pharmaceutical industry".

For more than two decades until 1992, the generic induscompulsory licensing" sysname companies had to license their drugs to "copycat" generic producers long before patents expired. The generics not only undercut brand-name drugs at home but also built up a sizeable export business.

C-91 ended compulsory licensing and restored full 20year patent protection. In return, brand-name companies promised to lift spending on research and development in Canada to at least 10 per cent of domestic sales. The two sides now argue

over which has brought and will bring - greater benefits to Canada's economy. The brand-name industry, comprising mostly multina-tional subsidiaries, is anx-

ious not to lose the gains made in 1992. It maintains it has more than met its commitments, reaching its R&D spending target three years ahead of schedule, creating 3,000 jobs and holding price increases below inflation. Bayer, the German group,

Toronto-based unit would spend C\$20m (US\$14.7m) over the next six years to test an angina drug on 2,000 patients.

Ms Judy Erola, president of the Pharmaceutical Manufacturers' Association of Canada, the brand-name industry's lobby group, says "this is not simply a case of protecting the multinationals. It's nurturing our own biotechnology industry."

The generics sector acknowledges that, despite C-91, its domestic business has expanded in the past five years. The main reason is a drive by the provinces (which oversee the public healthcare system) and private sector insurers to con-

tain drug prices. But Ms Brenda Drinkwalter, CDMA president, contends that "looking forward, the world is not very pretty". She says that costcutting has almost run its course and that sales have been buoyed up to now by decade. According to Mr

edicine prices will tem, under which brand- said earlier this week its licences that were in the Kay, countries such as Canpipeline when C-91 took

> The generics industry has its own set of impressive jobcreation, investment and price-containment figures. It has 5,000 employees and the two biggest companies. Novopharm and Apotex, recently opened factories. Generics made up 39.5 per

cent of the 232m prescriptions filled in the year to September 30 but only 15.2 per cent of the C\$5.97bn spent on pharmaceuticals.

↑he generic sector dismisses rivals' claims they have given domestic R&D a shot in the arm. Brand-name drug imports have risen sharply in recent years.

Despite the brand-name industry's rising investments, only one new drug the anti-Aids drug 3TC, developed by Biochem Pharma, has been developed in Canada in the past

ada "are perceived and treated as markets and not discovery centres".

Nevertheless, brand-name manufacturers have lost no opportunity to put generics on the defensive since 1992. They have launched a series of lawsuits to stop generics from using the same size. shape or colour as the equivalent brand-name product.

generic products by targeting a practice known as "early working", which enables generic manufacturers to make and store a product before a patent expires, so it can be put on the market immediately afterwards. Apotex says it has 10 products it cannot release due to

They have stalled new

these "notice of compliance" rules. One has been stalled for almost four years. Generic producers are also pushing for a relaxation of export curbs. Exports already make up 30-40 per

cent of output, but they are

constrained by a rule that

that are still under patent protection in Canada even though they can be sold legally abroad The brand-name compamies contend such a concession would violate interna-

stops them exporting drugs

tional trade rules unless it was extended to all other sectors. The government has so far stayed above the fray. It has little to gain by taking sides ahead of the election. If it backs the brand-name industry, it risks offending con-

sumer groups, especially

senior citizens, who benefit

from cheap generics. But support for the generics could whip up sentiment against the ruling Liberals in Quebec, where the bulk of the brand-name industry is located. Although the C-91 review is due to start in February, it would come as no rise if Ottawa stalled it until the elections are safely

Bernard Simon

Norway to build Greek ferry

Minoan Lines, Greece's largest passenger shipping operator, has placed a \$110m order for a new luxury ferry with Fosen, a Norwegian shipbuilder. The Pasifai will be the second of a pair of high-speed ferries to be used on the Adriatic crossing between Greece and and Italy. Minoan is due to take delivery of the \$105m lkaros from Fosen early in 1998, followed by the Pasifai six months later. The ferries will carry up to 1,500 passengers and 160 trucks

Minoan's new order will intensify competition on the Adriatic crossing, the main gateway for Greek exports to the EU and for tourists travelling to Greece by car. Minoan now has only one high-speed ferry which can make the Patras-Ancona crossing, the most popular route, in less than 24 hours. Its main competitor, Attica Enterprises, already operates two fast ferries between Patras and Ancona and has two more under construction by Kvaerner Masa, the Finnish shipbuilder belonging to Norway's Kvaerner group. Kerin Hope, Athen

Poland warns engine maker

The Polish government has told Isuzu, the Japanese motor engine manufacturer, that it cannot expect any special incentives for its project to build a \$500m production facility. The Isuzu plan, the first hig Jat investment in the country, envisages a factory in a Special Economic Zone in Tychy, southern Poland, with an initial output of 200,000 diesel engines a year by mid-1999 for sale in the European Union. A second phase would boost annual capacity to 300,000 engines, all destined for export.

The decision on the plant has been delayed as Isuzu pushed to extract the best possible incentive package for the investment. The government stressed this week that

Japanese Three Gorges credit

The government-backed Export-Import Bank of Japan has

Human Rights Watch-Asia has claimed that religious and political prisoners will probably be among the 20,000 construction workers. But a spokesman for the Jananese bank, which finances trade, said it was confident China would properly address humanitarian and environmental

was necessary for a Japanese consortium to bid for contracts involving 14 power plants and turbines, which are estimated to cost Y50bn to Y70bn (\$440m-\$620m). Wednesday was the deadline for bidding on those

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CALLY.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF GIBRALTAR 1991: Comp No 57 IN THE MATTER OF BANK OF CREDIT AND

COMMERCE GIBRALTAR LIMITED and

IN THE MATTER OF THE BANKING ORDINANCE and IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF INTENTION TO DECLARE A FIRST DIVIDEND

TO: All persons and entities who appear from the records of the company to have a comractual relationship with the company AND have NOT filed a proof of debt in the liquidation of the

TAKE notice that a first interim dividend is intended to be

The Joint Liquidators have written to all such persons as appear to be entitled to make a contractual claim against the company inviting them to do so no later than the claims filing deadline of 16 January 1997. The Joint Liquidators thereafter shall proceed to declare and distribute the dividend only to those persons who have lodged proofs of debt within the filing deadline and which

have been accepted and admitted in the liquidation. All Correspondence or Notices regarding this matter should be

The Joint Liquidators Bank of Credit and Commerce Gibraltar Limited PO Box 168, Suite 3C, Regal House Queensway, Gibraltar

Dated this 19th of December 1996.



HEAD OFFICE SPECIAL BIDDING COMMITTEE **INTERNATIONAL TENDER PROCESS # 028/96**

BRAZILIAN ENTERPRISE OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS ...

Object: supply and installation of integrated systems for regular size letters and flats sorting, and internal mail conveyance. Required net capital: R\$ 2.000.000,00 (reais). Invitation to tender shall be drawn at the following address: Setor Bancário Norte - conjunto 3 - bloco A - 4th floor -North Wing - Brasilia - DF, from December 10, 1996 to February 4, 1997, between 8:30 a.m. and 11:30 a.m. and between 2:30 p.m. and 5:30 p.m. Folder containing the invitation to tender will be sold at R\$ 1.000,00 (reais). Bidding offers shall be disclosed on February 5, 1997, at 2:30 p.m.

Brasilia, December 6, 1996.

José Luiz Valentiní Chairman, Special Bidding Committee



out of the way.

BRAZILIAN ENTERPRISE OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS (ORRECT)

MENISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

HEAD OFFICE SPECIAL BIDDING COMMITTEE **INTERNATIONAL TENDER PROCESS # 027/96**

Object: supply and installation of integrated systems for regular size letters sorting and internal mail conveyance, Required net capital: R\$ 2.000.000,00 (reas). Invitation to tender shall be drawn at the following address: Setor Bancário Norte - conjunto 3 - bloco A - 4th floor -North Wing - Brasilia - DF, from December 10, 1996 to February 3, 1997, between 8:30 a.m. and 11:30 a.m. and between 2:30 p.m. and 5:30 p.m. Folder containing the invitation to tender shall be sold at R\$ 500,00 (reais). Bidding offers shall be disclosed on February 4, 1997, at 2:30 p.m.

Brasilia, December 6, 1996.

José Luiz Valentini Chairman, Special Bidding Committee

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FINANCIAL TIMES THURSDAY DECEMBER 19 1996

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Guess which company can take you where you want to go on the Internet?

Sun Microsystems. We're driving the revolution of using Internet technologies for a competitive advantage in your basiness. A proven leader and innovator, we provide the hardware and software that make the internet work. And there's no better example that our Java technologies that have taken the world by storm. Experts in network security, we make sure your data doesn't fall into the wrong hands. And we've established helpful services like the Sun-Internet Associates, program for endaceed internet solutions. Not to mention our orgoing partnerships to meet your total business needs. So don't just look for a company that talks about the internet, look for one that can take you there sately and castly. Sun-For more information contact us at happ, www.sun.com. THE NETWORK IS THE COMPUTER**

and the standard of the standa

UK NEWS DIGEST

Premier admits negotiations 'stuck' on dispute about paramilitary weapons | Abattoir

Mitchell may try to rescue Ireland talks

By John Murray Brown in Dublin

Mr George Mitchell, the former US Senate majority leader, said yesterday he was prepared to invoke his powers as chairman of the Northern Ireland peace talks suggested that Sinn Féin to present a compromise formula to end the continuing dispute over paramilitary weapons. He spoke as Mr fire from the Irish Republi-John Major, the UK prime minister, conceded during a visit to the region that the talks were "stuck" over the

This would be the first time Mr Mitchell has used his powers as chairman to put forward his own ideas independent of the British and Irish governments.

A statement from his team at the talks said there might be a case "for exercising the authority conferred on us by the rules of procedure, in circumstances where there is ing towards announcing a ranks. Interviewed in a Belthe rules of procedure, in cir-

no unanimity on an issue". His announcement follows upbeat comments on Tuesday from President Bill Clinton at a meeting in Washingprime minister of the Republic of Ireland. The president could be admitted to the talks "fairly soon" after the declaration of a new ceasecan Army. Sinn Féin is the iRA's political wing.

As the talks adjourned for Mitchell said he would "explore" with the parties possibility of seeking backing for new proposals on the arms question, which has bedevilled progress since the talks opened in June.

Officials in the republic's government are privately confident that the national-

bomb finds in Belfast and other areas, the security assessment in Dublin is that the moderates in Sinn Féin ton with Mr John Bruton, in favour of the peace process have bolstered their position in recent weeks. Mr Major said during his

traditional pre-Christmas visit to Northern Ireland that he would need to see "both words and deeds" from the IRA before Sinn Fein can the peace talks. He said "I Christmas - to be recon- am not going to put a timevened on January 13 - Mr scale on it except to say what I have said in the past - no one is looking for undue delay" before Sinn Féin's admission.

His tone was noticeably more conciliatory towards the republicans and he even appeared to acknowledge the difficulties that Mr Gerry Adams, the Sinn Féin presi-



ostriches and new cash equal to at least 13 per cent

fast newspaper, Mr Major said Mr Adams had not stopped preparing for war. But he said "either Mr Adams didn't wish to, or he has been deceiving people. or he does wish to but he has failed to persuade other

Mr Mitchell reported "some convergence on certain issues" among the parties and expressed confidence that with "renewed determination" substantial progress on the arms question and towards an agreed

'An unsung hero of the peace process'

ate in 1992, soon after Mr Bill Clinton's elec-a secret meeting took place between Mr Niall O'Dowd, editor of two New Yorkbased Irish publications the Irish Voice and Irish America - and a member of Sinn Féin, the political wing of the Irish Republican

The meeting's purpose was to establish how the Irish-American lobby, which had won the president's sympathetic ear, might help bring about an IRA ceasefire in return for ensuring that Sinn Féin was granted greater public respectability

In the following weeks Mr O'Dowd engaged the help of a small group of prominent helped fund Mr Clinton's campaign, for a round of secret diplomacy that for a rare insight into his role in while had the informal blessing of the White House. His group included Mr Charles "Chuck" Feeney, one of America's richest

Four years on, Mr O'Dowd is reluctant to detail publicly the precise nature of his diplomacy or its achieve-

"Chuck" Feeney: biggest donor of cash to Sinn Féin

Ireland, it will be in no small measure thanks to Mr Feeney. "He is one of the great unsung heroes of the peace process," says Mr

Mr Feeney shuns publicity and has repeatedly refused to give interviews. But a was revealed by the latest Friends of Sinn Fein, which raises funds on behalf of the IRA's political wing.

These show that Mr Feeney contributed \$200,000 to students. Sinn Fein in the 12 months to October 31, making him

result of Mr O'Dowd's lobby-

Mr Feenev's involvement in Northern Ireland politics has until now been the least reported aspect of a career publicly dedicated to the free market and big business. Stories about him in recent months have focused on a battle with his former business partner, Mr Robert Miller, over the future ownership of DFS, Duty Free

The company, the largest duty-free operation in the world, is the most visible leg of Mr Feeney's corporate empire, which spans oil, hotels, real estate and computer interests. Forbes magazine, which annually includes him in its list of richest Americans, estimates his personal fortune at around \$910m.

Mr Feeney's is a rags-to-Northern Ireland politics riches story that has become corporate legend. The son of accounts filed in the US by a train driver from New Jersey, he supported his studies in hotel administration at Cornell University School by selling sandwiches to fellow

He and Mr Miller, a for-

Washington office, was a tures included selling duty- whole. Irish officials, howfree to American troops in Spain and advising Shannon airport on how to boost its revenue from duty-free.

> Mr Feeney, in contrast to the flamboyant Mr Miller, has a reputation for being reclusive and modest. "He has never forgotten his roots and dislikes the overt trappings of wealth." says a friend. A former collesgue tells how he once saw Mr Feeney using a safety pin to hold up his trousers and that he prefers to travel economy class.

> e is also, according to those who nave ings with him, a philanthropist who sees his donations to Sinn Féin not as support for IRA violence but as a way of engaging its political wing in the peace process.

> "He is one of the most extraordinary men I've met," enthuses Mr O'Dowd. "He is prepared to go the extra mile for peace in Northern Ireland and dig deep into his pocket as long as there is a prospect of an

The UK government has mer classmate, opened their always argued that US that if peace does come donor. The contribution, Kong in 1960, targeting Jap- tributing to the finances the eventually to Northern which finances Sinn Fein's anese tourists. Other ven-republican movement as a

ever, who have been tracking Mr Feeney's involvement with Sinn Féin, point out that other recipients of his donations include unnamed educational establishments in Northern

the border with England. Similar to the Belautruche Ireland and the Republic of plan, owners would trade Ireland. They also draw a their ostriches for partly distinction between Mr Feeney and unnamed businesspaid shares in the enterprise men on both sides of the and an amount of new money yet to be determined. Atlantic who are believed to have contributed directly to They would also have to pay the cost of transporting the Mr Feeney's Irish roots birds from Belgium.

link him through Catholic grandparents to County Fermanagh. He featured in a congressional campaign a few years ago in support of legalising the status of thousands of Irish immigrants who came to the US illegally in the 1960s.

His direct involvement with Northern Ireland resulted, say friends, from when he watched TV coverage of the aftermath of the IRA bomb in November 1987 in Enniskillen, which killed 11 and injured sixty people, mostly Protestants.

Mr Feeney is supposed to have said: "This is ridiculous, I must do something."

> Eddy Nachtergaele, the Bel-DFS go-ahead, Page 16 gian farmer who sold

State veterinarians protest at reform

By Alison Maitland and Maggie Urry

Government moves to reorganise the state veterinary service will weaken the control of animal disease and jeopardise attempts to end the worldwide ban on sales of British beef, veterinarians' leaders warned

Mr Bob Stevenson, former president of the British Veterinary Association, said veterinarians in many European countries scorned UK attempts to negotiate an end to the

He added: "Europeans will continue to play politics with Britain just as long as the British government plays politics with the state veterinary service." His claims were rejected by Mr Douglas Hogg, agriculture minister, who said there was "no mention in Brussels" about changes in the UK veterinary ser-

The vets' leaders emphasised there had been a "dramatic decline" in the ernment machine. Last year the gov- dilute controls."

ban "when at the same time we take incidence of bovine spongiform ernment merged the veterinary ease" - in the UK and said strong controls were now in place. "It's vitally important that all the procedures that have been put in place dent of the association, said the field are seen to be working effectively,"

> The vets are angry at government plans to change the status of the to oversee and support them. "Anyveterinary field service, which enforces animal health checks, into an executive agency outside the gov-

> encephalopathy - "mad cow dis- investigation service with the Censingle agency.
> Professor Peter Biggs, vice-presi

> service was the "front line of said Dr Karl Linklater, association defence". Turning it into an agency would further weaken links between vets and the services that are meant one remotely connected with agriculture and international trade will tell you that this is not the moment to

chief may aid ostrich

investors

Ostrich owners who paid

nearly £22m (\$36m) to a

failed investment scheme

may be offered an alterna-

tive rescue plan which

would involve birds being

transferred from Belgium to

Ostrich Farming Corpora-

tion, which "guaranteed"

annual returns of more than

50 per cent, was closed by

the British government in April. Its 2,700 investors

have already been sent a

prospectus offering equity in

a new company, Belau-

The plan now has a poten-

tial rival, although it is not

clear whether a firm pro-

posal will be available before

the Belautruche offer's clos-

Scotland Avian Farming

Enterprise would be set up

as a mutual interest com-

pany, in effect an owners' co-

operative. The company

would be managed by Mr

Walter Murray, a farmer

who operates the first UK

abattoir licensed by the

European Commission for

the slaughter of ostriches.

The birds would be kept on

farms near his facility in

Berwickshire, a region near

A business plan has been

drawn up by Employee Own-

ership Scotland, a body

backed by local authorities.

the government's Scottish

Office and Local Enterprise

Committees (Lecs). The fea-

sibility study was commis-

Enterprise which is a Lec.

sioned by Scottish Borders

Belautruche, an unlisted

UK company, is seeking up

to £2.8m in new money from

OFC owners. At the maxi-

mum subscription, it would

own 50 per cent of an

unlisted Belgian company,

also called Belautruche,

which plans to breed, farm

and slaughter ostriches and

market their meat and

ostriches to OFC and has

kept them on his farms at

Also on the board is Gen-

eral Sir Robert Pascoe, who

has resigned as chairman of

the Ostrich Owners Protec-

tion Group, the main lobby-

ing organisation for OFC

liquidator, is trying to trace

and recover at least £3.7m in

alleged "excessive pay-

ments" made to intermedi-

ary companies. A census on

Belgian farms last month

confirmed that a third of the

3,700 ostriches OFC "sold" to

investors never existed, and

that others had died.

Coopers & Lybrand, OFC's

Amousies and Resumont

ing date of January 10.

of their original outlay

By Clay Harris

Scotland.

\$14bn invested by N America

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Service Service

Investment in the UK by companies from other countries more than doubled to £13.3bn (\$32.5bn) in 1985, the Office for National Statistics said yesterday. North American companies invested £8.4bn, (\$14.1bn) substantially more than the £1.9bn invested in 1994. Meanwhile, UK companies invested a record £26bn (\$42.6bn) in other countries last year, with North America the most popular destination. About 37 per cent of UK investment in other countries went into EU states. Earnings from investment in other countries increased by £2.6bn to £24bn, a record. Export orders in the UK engineering industry have risen in the past three months in spite of the increase in the value of the pound, the Engineering Employers' Federation said yesterday. With UK demand also strengthening, the federation said the sector was poised to enter the New Year on a healthy note, with overall output in 1997 likely to be up 3 per cent on this year. Graham Bowley

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Biggest drop in unemployment



The biggest drop in unemployment on record took the jobless level below 2m for the first time in almost six years yesterday, putting mounting pressure on the government to raise interest rates. The number of people out of work fell by seasonally adjusted 95,800 in November to 1.9m, the lowest since January 1991. This was the biggest monthly decline since records began in 1948 and took the unemployment rate to 6.9 per cent of the workforce. Separate figures showed shops are enjoying the best trading conditions for two years. The Office for

National Statistics said retail sales volumes grew 3.9 per cent higher in the year to November. The opposition Labour party said the jobs figures were

giving the City of London an exaggerated picture of growth. But Mr Kenneth Clarke, chief finance minister, said the bulk of the drop in unemployment was a genuine result of healthier economic growth. Graham Bowley

ELLOYD'S OF LONDON

New members for ruling council

Lloyd's of London has elected four new members to its ruling council, two of them working professionals from within the insurance market and the others representing corporate capital and Names - the individuals whose assets support the market. Sir Adam Ridley, an executive director at Hambros and deputy chairman of the Association of Lloyd's Members, will fill one of the external seats available. Mr Jonathan Agnew, chairman of investment trust LIMIT, a corporate investor in Lloyd's, was unopposed in representing corporate capital. Mr Ian Agnew, deputy chairman of Wellington Underwriting Agencies. and Mr James Sinclair, managing director of the members' agent Willis Faber & Dumas, were also elected. Mr Peter Nutting will fill the post to be left vacant by Mr Michael Deeny's departure next year. Christopher Adams

Licence fee to be linked to prices

The BBC, the public broadcasting organisation, said yesterday it might have to to ask the government for more money after the government announced a five-year deal the licence fee in line w prices. The BBC is financed by a state levy on all users of television sets. Depending on inflation, the settlement will guarantee the BBC income of more than £9hn over the period. The government rejected a plea from the BBC that it should have a licence fee settlement above the rate of inflation to try to it falling behind others parts of the industry. Mr John Birt, BBC director-general, acknowledged that the settlement provided a strong platform to launch new digital services. Raumond Snoddu Editorial comment, Page 13

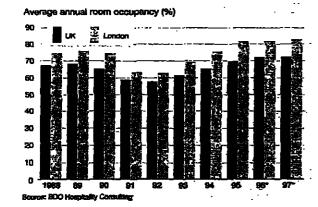
COUNTRY HOUSES

Home sweet home

Nationality of purchasers of country houses Fer East 1,6% East 8% East 1.6% Europe 6%

Hoteliers experience best season since recession

Room recovery



By Scheherazade

Increased economic confidence has helped give hoteliers their best season since the recession and Gulf War in 1991 devastated profits and put many companies into receivership.

BDO Hospitality Consultconsulting group, expects average occupancy rates of 72 per cent this year ~ higher than before the early 1990s recession. Average room rates are forecast to rise to £54 (\$91) from £50 last been helped by Granada's money this year with stock year. London, which has willingness to raise prices at market flotations to raise Authority.

benefited from a record influx of tourists, is expected pancy rates and £100 average room rates. BDO says increased economic confidence has strengthened demand for conferences and training programmes, while a relatively weak currency

Mr Stuart May, chief executive of the hotel consultancy division at Pannell Kerr Forster, the accountancy firm, says the increase in prices this year has also

has made the UK attractive

the mid-market Posthouse and Travelodge chains following its £3.9bn takeover of Forte in January.

As the UK's largest operator. Forte was able to set the pace in pricing and operated a single national weekday rate for its Posthouse midmarket hotels. Many competing companies were unable to raise prices for fear of los-

Many companies, including Thistle, the UK's secondlargest company, Jarvis Hotels and Millennium & Copthorne, have raised

pay down debt.

• The UK's £37bn (\$62bn) tourism industry is being held back by planning permission requirements and a lack of government investment, according to a survey from the Confederation of British Industry, the main employers' lobby.

Businesses said the planning system was slow, costly and unpredictable. CBI chief Mr Adair Turner is to make representations to Mr Kenneth Clarke, chief finance minister, over cuts in the budget of the British Tourist

Sharp drop in Far East buyers

More than a quarter of non-UK buyers of country houses in Britain "were from behind the former iron curtain", says Knight Frank, the national chain of estate agents. Mr Rupert Sweeting, a partner in the agent's country homes department, said there had been a sharp drop in Far East em buyers. Most non-UK buyers purchased properties in counties around London which had good access to international schools and to Heathrow and Gatwick airports. Knight Frank says in its latest survey of the country house market that there has been an upsurge in British buyers, who are buying in greater numbers than at any

Knight Frank attributed the increase in British buyers to the return of bonuses in the City of London, the strengthening of the UK economy and lower borrowing

Swindle, cheat and murder your way through Christmas.

'Collateral Damage' starts on Saturday, December 21.

÷: †

On December 21, the Financial Times begins an exclusive five-part serialisation of a new thriller by Peter Tasker, the acclaimed mystery writer. Follow the clues as the story weaves a complex and intriguing web across several continents. and guess at the final twist in the tale.

Readers will be invited to pit their wits against the author to better his final line and win a hand-picked FT hamper. The

World Business Newspaper. FT at Christmas. It would be a crime to miss it.

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Concert

Wind

and

ivories

to hear first-class recitals

performed to a live, appre-

ciative hall, is a boon for

music-lovers who work or

This series is not "mere"

lunchtime fare. On Monday,

for example, we had three ultra-cheerful works for

wind quintet and plano, a

sort of pre-Christmas bon-

bon that might have been

delivered by any number of

good performers. The artists here, however, were Pascul

scrupulously imaginative pianists, and the "London

Winds", a faceless label

which masks five of the best

The five winds led off with

Samuel Barber's early Sum-

mer Music, which still

sounds like one of the few

pieces that are both per-

fectly conceived for the

medium and rewarding to

hear. The obvious con-

straints on woodwind-quin-

tet writing (always includ-

ing a French horn), as

against five infinitely more

flexible strings, became as

nothing: crooning and chir-ruping, these delectable

wind-voices created their

own homely scale and cham-

Then Rogé joined them for

Poulenc's racketty vaude-

ville-Sextet (1932, much

rewritten in 1939-10). A

quarter-century ago.

respectable British musi-

cians would have regarded

that as "slumming": now it

wind-players in Britain.

live in SW1.

adio 3's much-loved series of Monday junchtime concerts at St. John's, Smith Square, which allow the vastly larger radio audience

ARTS

Cinema/Nigel Andrews Winner

against all odds

EVITA Alan Parker

ROALD DAHL'S MATILDA Danny DeVito

THROUGH THE OLIVE TREES Abbas Kiarostami

THE UMBRELLAS OF CHERBOURG Jacques Demy

elcome to the Great Movie Musical Handicap. The course rules are as follows. The race will be run over 2% hours passing through a disused movie genre. The main female runner must be pregnant; the main male runne must wear a false nose; and two key thoroughbreds from the same stable, "Really Useful Webber" and "Red Rice", must not be on neighing terms with each other

Evita the movie has been 20 years in the conceiving and almost 20 months in the making. It has every possible odd stacked against it. And it is, not to delay the verdict,

Speaking as one who has never seen a Lloyd Webber musical on stage - I like the songs but am happy to hum my own scenery - I feared an ordeal by cod-Argentinian sets and an overextended, in all senses, pop diva. What do director Alan Parker and Madonna do? They shoot right there in Buenos Aires, with some well-matched fill-in shots in belle époque Budapest. And they create a title heroine who seems large only with history and

he Kirov Ballet is back in

London, at the Coliseum,

Madonna's Evita is beautifully sung, forthrightly characterised and wonderfully moving at the close, when "Don't Cry For Me" is vibrant with barely heldback tears. The song is also delivered right there - sometimes only the real thing will do - on the famed Casa Rosada balcony.

A through-sung score was rare enough even in the days when musicals were fashionable. Parker softens us up with a flash-forward prelude at once disorienting and busily cumulative: a movieshow interrupted by news of Evita's death, giant crowd scenes, the lying-in. From this we are spun off with only minor giddiness into the first full number, sung by Antonio Banderas as the chorus figure Che.

Thenceforth the film barely puts a foot wrong; nor a larynx, nor an eye. It was bold bordering on reckless to hire Darius Khondji as cameraman, the dark magician of Seven. He likes grain, charcoal-and-lemon colours and deep deep shadow. (His style makes The Godfather look like poster art.) But Khondji's surreal realism pares away any anti-musical literalism from the movie, allowing Madonna, Banderas and Jonathan Pryce's Peron to weave in and out of a richly ambiguous tapestry of myth and history.

Whirling newspaper front pages, Warner Brothersstyle, serve as political exposition, though of that I would have liked a little more. If we are to be dunked in mid-century Argentine history, why not explain it? We clutch at hints of revolution, industrial unrest and Rainbow Tours, when a few ticker-tape subtitles might have cleared things up without pain. Or perhaps Parker assumes we all did our



Madonna as Evita: 20 years in the conceiving, 20 months in the shooting and the verdict is - a miracle

homework at the time of from one song, "The best Evita the stage show. show in town is the crowd," It is the only quibble. The for possible review use. But finally the best show in town film works and so does the nonstop music. Indeed it is Madonna. She makes may work better than a Evita Peron a flirt, a book-and-numbers score for dreamer, a whore, a social a generation brought up on MTV not MGM. Music-video climber and a martyr. Could anyone else do that, while singing with the voice of an addicts are not used to plain speech interrupting the wallangel both in extremis and in to-wall warblings. From

another perspective too, if Webber-Rice's Puccinian dramatis personae comprisoald Dahl's Matilda ing a dictator, an impasdirected with sioned consort and a street hero (theme and variations rich abandon by on Tosca?) ever did stop for Danny DeVito, some unsung badinage, the who also stars. The widewhole pop-verismo fabric screen frame is choc-full of might collapse around them. colour, the performances fizz and whistle, the gags are While keeping a hint of inventive: it sounds too good

to be true.

operatic otherworlds. Parker fills his crowd and location scenes with native plausibility. The faces look Argentinian, the passions sound Argentinian. We sense a world of subtropical fever politics where a woman's popularity can turn, and turn again, on a coin. I scribbled down the line

(Pam Ferris), pranks and pratfalls proliferate till our eyes glaze. We say: "Right, we have got the point. Objects can levitate, fat ladies can fall on their faces and portraits can fly through air. What else is new?"

The film begins at mach-2 and breaks up trying to reach mach-3. The first half hour, though, is wonderful. De Vito and real-life wife Rhea Periman paint in broad cartoon strokes Matilda's telly-watching, junkfood-guzzling parents, while at school Ferris's gorgon is lent pantomime panache by wide-angle lenses and camera movements that crane up her Amazonian façade like a scenic elevator.

As a director DeVito shows manic comic energy. here as in The War Of The Roses and Throw Momma From The Train. But manic energy is not a long-distance runner. Only Mara Wilson's Matilda, the little girl whose vice is wanting to read good

headmistress Trunchbull her father), is allowed to prise and pleasure at Cannes keep her head. All those around her have theirs blown up by bulging lenses or accessorised - here a frìght-wig, there a henna'd moustache - by a make-up department evidently run by Mr Potatohead.

DeVito has a comic mas-But he may need a strong producer to issue restraining orders, and also to question the wisdom of the actor both narrating and starring. On Matilda, though, the fourman producer team is led by Danny DeVito.

have a welcome mat put out always Les Parapluies De by British arthouses is Iran's Cherbourg. Jacques Demy's Abbas Kiarostami. Times are hard, we know; but are Kiarostami's meandering peasant sagas, full of Pirandellian footnotes on reality and illusion that sometimes take up the whole page, really the stuff to give the brainstarved?

Through The Olive Trees

frighteners on neo-Nazi books ("Moby what?!" roars caused ripples of mild surlast year. But there are days of suffering at film festivals when anything would do that. Olive Trees, a gentle mockumentary about a director revisiting a village he once filmed in, has one sequence that is spellbinding: the growing desperation terwork in him somewhere. of a movie crew with a young actor who forgets his lines take after take after take. But it is spellbinding, I would guess, by accident not art. Elsewhere Kiarostami's serendipitous style spares as

> The latest foreign director to For Christmas there is Cherbourg. Jacques Demy's 1964 musical, set in a French port with not a striking lorry driver in sight, takes us back to the sweet, gone days of song, pastel colouring and a young Catherine Deneuve. Michel Legrand's score is hummable and the colours have been restored. Treat voorself.

many longueurs as revela-

is recognised as the most successful piece so far composed for the medium, broad and even deep beyond its music-hall manner. Led by Rogé with sidelong wit and energetic cunning, all the players rollicked happily in

The problem with Poulenc's Sextet is that it deserves to share a programme with something worthy but different for the same forces. Mozart's The chief delight of the evening for me was the way the party-Quintet, K.452, means exilscene - which occupies the whole ing your flautist to the of an arbitrary first act - was Green Room, which seems played by the Kirov ensemble. mcivil. Rogé and the Lon-The setting is basic, the costum- don Winds found an extremely engaging alternative, new to me: a sextet by

whose fame rests otherwise

upon his string of whimsical

operatic failures. He was evidently an excellent musician. While writing Richard Strauss about the severe practical problems of the medium, but he triumphed over them. It is well-made, comfortably expansive and stuffed with bland but appealing tunes and local touches (like the Magyar or gypsy strains in work for piano versus small wind-band than a real "chamber" work with multiple voices, it still sounds gorgeously balanced and fresh; it could be just the filler that every winds-and-

David Murray

Ballet/Clement Crisp

It is too good to be true, or

at least to last. This is a

front-loaded film that runs

out of spin and stamina. In

the last half hour, as teleki-

netic beroine Matilda (Mara

Wilson) and goodhearted

schoolmistress Miss Honey

(Embeth Davidtz) put the

'Nutcracker' with a Soviet slant

with - no surprise - a Christmas offering of The about the season are the presence of several young apprentice ballethrough the closing pas de deux, and the fact that this is the first time that London has seen the full

text of Vasily Vainonen's staging. Vainonen (who died in 1964) was one of the creators of Soviet ballet during the 1930s. His first work was the politically suspect Golden Age of 1930, soon lost to sible for the design. Not good some artistic gulag because it minimised the significance of workers' conflict. Happily, two years later, he produced an ideological winner with The Flames of Paris, which has a splendidly triumphant rabble racing through Versailles and sending Louis XVI and his minions to perdition. In 1984 he made a new Nutcracker for the Leningrad Ballet, which is what we are now seeing, and in 1949 a jolly Mirandolina, based on Goldoni's comedy. This the Bolshot brought to Paris in the 1960s with the prodigious Olga Lepeshinskaya as heroine - her performance one of the most stumpingly

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rinas to strut their aspirant stuff brilliant in bravura and charm the original choreographer in the living day-lights out of Masha that I have ever seen.

> I provide these comments about Vainonen since the Coliseum programme is wholly uninformative about him, not even mentioning the fact that he staged the Nutcracker on view, and also ignoring Simon Virsaladze, who is responenough! Not good enough at all!! Vainonen's Nutrracker is characteristic of its time in trying to persuade us that the parrative has some socially relevant aspects, and that (as Soviet commentators would have it) the ballet is a spiritual journey by Clara (called Masha in Russia) towards emotional (and, perish the thought, sexual?) maturity. To all of which, pah! It is a pretty tale, daintily filleted from Hoffmann's grotesque Nutcracker and Mouse-King, which has nothing to do with anything except the marvel of Tchaikovsky's score and some glorious set-pieces by Lev Ivanov.

Vainonen was influenced in his staging by an earlier Moscow version by Alexander Gorsky, who turned Tchaikovsky's musically coherent two acts into three (something repeated, unwisely, in this Kirov staging) and set about up-grading the action as a girl's emotional journey. Thus, the child Masha becomes a ballerina for the last duet, her Nutcracker doll turning into a prince (and, we suppose) suitor. I think this simple-minded de-coding of Nutcrocker an exercise about as useful as building a life-size model of the Taj Mahal from spent matches. What audiences seek is not coherent narrative (if so, they would not watching The Nutcracker) but dance delights to match the musical joys of the score. And does Vainonen provide this? Up to a point, Lord Copper. There is a dull mouse-battle. and some later attempts to scare

with the appearance of four unlikely bats (so badly lit that it took the eye of faith to see them). But there is, too, the Kirov corps in the snow-flake scene, an incident oblighngly omitted from a programme synopsis that talks of "Fairvland" - which is where they found the synopsis, I'd guess. This is fine, albeit the women's shoes clatter enough to drown the orchestral planissimos. There are the usual divertissements, decently done. And there is the final pas de deux, which has been part of Kirov divertissement programmes in the west for years.

t has acrobatic moments some omitted in this staging first beatified for me by . Irina Kolpakova, purest of Leningrad stylists in the 1960s. Thrown, literally thrown, in high lifts between four cavaliers, she soared and floated like thistledown, infinitely gracious, utterly

BC-AD220). The emphasis of the

exhibition is on religious beliefs,

especially those concerned with

the spirit world and the afterlife.

secure. At Tuesday night's opening, the role was taken by one of the company's hopefuls, Diana Vishneva. She is charming, very bright in technique, pretty, wearing ugly shoes, and she does everything she is supposed to. She smiles radiantly, and her dancing has the qualities we must now expect with a new generation of Kirov danseuses: over-stretched extensions, long line, extreme youth. Her performance was pleasing, and singularly devoid of authority. Immaturity, a slight gaucheness, may be what the character is supposed to possess: in the ballerina, I find these oddly unsuitable. (I thought of Markova and Danilova in their radiant maturity making so much sense of this music in the real lyanov version. I thought, too, of Kolpakova's grandeur, and knew why you should not send a girl to do a woman's work). Vishneva was partnered by Farukh Ruzimatov, at his most serpentine in posture.

ing pastel and improbable, the boys are played by girls, and Drosselmeyer is dull. But with what Ludwig Thuille (1861-1907), calm and clarity is the action presented. No-one on stage seems to act, yet we see a subtle concert ante ensemble in which simple poses, light gesture, have a serene assurance. Nothing much hap-this sextet Thuille fretted to pens, and yet because everyone on stage behaves with such decorum and exquisite manners, you sense the world of the Stalhbaum household with none of the grotesque dramatics that blight every west ern production. It is performance as beautifully considered as Tchaikovsky's music and is clearly second-nature to the Kirov the 3rd movement). More a artists. (It is the same way they play the courtiers in Swan Lake and Sleeping Beauty: the Winter Palace is not far away). mance was errant. The score

The lighting at this first perforsounded very well - though tempi were oddly stretched - from the Royal Ballet Sinfonia under Boris

piano sextet needs.



AMSTERDAM

CONCERT Concertgebouw Tel: 31-20-6718345 Rotterdam Philharmonic Orchestra: with conductor Valery Gergiev perform works by Mozart, Prokoflev and Tchalkovsky: 3pm;

EXHIBITION Stedelijk Museum Tel: 31-20-5732911

Dec 21

 Twintig Jaar Beeldende Kunst in Suriname, 1975-1995: this exhibition gives an overview of the art produced in Surinam over the past two decades. Included are some 135 paintings. sculptures and works on paper, created by 24 artists; to

OPERA Het Muziektheater Tel:

31-20-5518117 Rigoletto: by Verdi. Conducted by Ed Spanjaard, performed by De Nederlandse Opera and the Nederlands Philharmonisch

Orkest, Soloists include Mark Rucker, Martin Thompson. Harolyn Blackwell and Nancy Maurisby; 8pm; Dec 21

BERLIN CONCERT Philharmonie & Kammermusiksaal Tel:

49-30-2614383 Kammerorchester Carl Philipp Emanuel Bach: with conductor Hartmut Haenchen and violinist Thorsten Rosenbusch perform works by Pachelbel, Locatelli, Britten, Vivaldi and Molter, 8pm:

Dec 21

DANCE ... Staatsoper Unter den Linden Tel: 49-30-20354438 Le Lac des Fées: a

choreography by Pierre Lacotte to music by Auber, performed by the Ballett der Staatsoper Unter den Linden. Soloists include Scherzer, Knop, Timpther and Matz; 6pm; Dec 20

BRUSSELS EXHIBITION

Musée d'Art Moderne Tel: 32-2-5083211 Het Legaat Irène Scutenaire-Hamoir. Van Magritte

tot Magritte: exhibition of the entire collection of the late Irane Hamoir-Scutenaire. The collection, which was bequeathed to the museum in 1994, features 292 works by Surrealist artists such as Mariën, Mesens, Eemans, Graverol, Simon and Magritte. The latter artist is represented by 107 works, including 23 paintings; to

Dec 22

DRESDEN **OPERA**

Sächsische Staatsoper Dresden Tel: 49-351-49110 La Cenerentola: by Rossini. Conducted by Anthony Bramall, performed by the Sächsische Staatsoper Dresden. Soloists

Include Urszula Kryger, Roxana Incontrera and Martin Gantner; 7pm; Dec 21 LONDON

CONCERT

Queen Elizabeth Hall Tel: 44-171-9210600 City of London Choir, with conductor Hilary Davan Wetton

and organ-player/planist Jane Watts perform Christmas music; 7.45pm; Dec 20 St John's, Smith Square Tel: 44-171-2221061 Messiah: by Handel. Performed by Polyphony and the Orchestra of Polyphony with

conductor Stephen Layton. Soloists include counter tenor James Bowman, bass David Wilson-Johnson, soprano Emma Kirkby and tenor lan Bostridge: 7.30pm; Dec 21

EXHIBITION British Museum Tel: 44-171-6361555

 Mysteries of Ancient China. New Discoveries from the Early Dynasties: this loan exhibition from China features important archaeological finds of the last two decades from the neolithic (c. 4500BC) to the Han dynasty (206 Included in the exhibition are the results of a 1986 find in Guanghan, south-west China, which uncovered evidence of an unknown civilisation dating back to 3,000 years ago. An enormous human sculpture with giant hands, standing nearly 3 metres tall, is one of the most astorishing pieces; to Jan 5

LYON **OPERÁ** Opéra de Lyon Tel: 33-72 00 45

 Le Nozze di Figaro: by Mozart. Conducted by Paolo Olmi, performed by the Orchestre et Choeur de l'Opéra de Lyon. Soloists include Michel Denonfoux, Norah Amsellem and Sizbieta Szmytka; 8pm; Dec 20,

22 (5pm)

MILAN **OPERA** Teatro alla Scala di Milano Tel: 39-2-72003744

 Armide: by Gluck, Conducted by Riccardo Mutl, performed by the Orchestra e Coro del Teatro atta Scala, Soloists include Anna Caterina Antonacci, Lotte Leitner, Adina Nitescu, Violeta Urmana, Donnie Ray Albert, Christian Baumgartel and Vinson Cole; 8pm; Ďec 21

■ NEW YORK EXHIBITION

The Pierpont Morgan Library Tel: 1-212-685-0008 A Fine Line, Rembrandt as Etcher: exhibition featuring more than 100 etchings by Rembrandt from the Morgan Library's collection. Rembrandt's career as an etcher spanned more than 30 years, during which he drew upon a broad range of subjects studies of figures and heads, formal portraits, landscapes, genre scenes, still lifes, and stories from the Old and New Testaments. All are represented here. Comparisons are also made between different states of the same etching. The main emphasis of the exhibition is on works from

PARIS EXHIBITION

the later vears: to Jan 5

Centre Georges Pompidou Tel: 33-1-44 78 12 33 Dessins de scuiptures: exhibition featuring sculptural drawings from the museum's collection; to Dec 30 Fondation Cartier pour l'Art Contemporain Tel: 33-1 42 18 56

 Double vie, double vue; this exhibition comprises some 150 works by 60 International photographers, along with a canvas by Jean-Olivier Hucleux and video films, and covers the entire field of "An Art for Two", one of the three themes but forward for the French "Mois de la Photo" 1996, Included are portraits of twins by artists such as Diane Arbus, Laura Samson-Rous, Imogen Cunningham, Pere Formiguera

photographers who work in pairs including Felten and Massinger, Aziz and Cucher, Van Lawick and Müller. McDermott and McGough, and Minkoff and Olesen, From January 10 to 16 March 1997 the exhibition will be on show again, at the same location; to Dec 29

and others, as well as works by

WASHINGTON EXHIBITION

Corcoran Gallery of Art Tel: 1-202-638-3211 The Moscow Studio 1991-1995 ~ New Russian Printmaking: this exhibition presents a broad spectrum of ideas expressed through printmaking, by contemporary artists working today in the former Soviet Union, These artists come from many different backgrounds and have diverse points of view

ZURICH

about art and society that

address many issues; to Dec 30

CONCERT Tonhalie Tel: 41-1-2063434 Tonhalle-Orchester: with conductor Fritz Näf, soprano Anna Soranno, alto Andreas Scholi, tenor Steve Davislim and the Basier Madrigalisten perform works by J.S. Bach, Handel and others: 3pm: Dec 22

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COMMENT & ANALYSIS



Economic Viewpoint · Samuel Brittan

The merits of self-interest

Professional practices are not always superior to commercial ones and pursuit of 'good clean money' is often better than 'bad, dirty power'

To put myself in the right mood for Christmas I have been reading a paper by David Vines, a thoughtful Oxford economist, entitled Concernedness. Trust and Responsibility: Integrity and the Economy.

It contains, as one would expect, many interesting Their mainstream teaching ideas. My sympathies were, however, strained when it came to the inevitable reference to Lady Thatcher. Mr Vines ouotes uncritically from a colleague who relates "how marvellously Mrs Thatcher went down in Asia. And they loved her when she came to talk to them about self-interest, ambition and getting on. "But they saw her

through the prism of social and cultural restraint as background conditions in the pursuit of self-interest. They did not see that she did not respect these things. And she did not see that they did not see this." Mr Vines disarmingly

admits he has never met Lady Thatcher and was using her name as a symbol. How then does he know she does not respect social and cultural constraints?

Oxford dons who pontificate about higher values should behave with a little elementary justice towards the former prime minister whom they refused an honorary degree in an orgy of

small-mindedness. Lady Thatcher has been out of office for six years. But only now, gradually and reluctantly, is the academic establishment shifting its opprobrium from this hate figure which personified to them self-seeking greed. Now the target is what such this opinion regards as the selfish pursuit of the "bottom line" in business. That expression has come to self-chosen goals, which serve as a caricature for a certain kind of business executive who is interested only in short-term costs and neglects the quality and

merely against macho-man- saintliness in what is done agerialism, but the whole with the proceeds? It concept of the profit motive. depends on the kind of make a return on its assets For the chattering classes saint. The kind who believes in general this presents no in giving no thought for the problem. But for economists, it is a challenge. assumes businesses want to

maximise the present value of their equity. More fundamentally it assumes individ- cerned with promoting the uals by to do the best they can for themselves - nowadays known as maximisation of utility. Those economists who share the prevailing high-minded distaste for individualism and look to Tony Blair to substitute community are thus acutely uncomfortable with the intellectual foundations of their own subject.

A notable example is John Kay, director of the Oxford School of Management Studies, known for supporting the stakeholder approach to corporate leadership. It soon becomes apparent he is not that concerned with reforming company law. His main hostility is reserved for what he sees as individualistic ethics.

He would like company executives to be more like professional men and women such as doctors. teachers and civil servants. He believes a company such as Imperial Chemical Industries should concentrate on "the responsible and innovative application of chemistry", with profitability merely a means to an end. (See his lecture A Stakeholder Society - What Does it Mean for Business?)

The philosophical error of vidualism with selfishness. An individualist pursues might comprise anything from a yacht to the pursuit of religion or lifetime devotion to good causes. The latmorrow and annihilating his personal identity is hardly likely to be a corporate executive or concerned with his own income. But the more valuable kind, conwelfare of his fellow men, will strive harder than his more worldly counterparts to maximise the resources available for good works.

But there is a more mundane question. How should a follower of Prof Kay price products, decide on which new lines to promote or how much and in which direc-



tion to invest? One differ ence between the work of a company doctor and a medical doctor is that the latter has some received wisdom to go by for his duties and priorities. A corporate communitarian leader has to decide what approach is to equate indi- the business's fields of endeavour are to be.

Part of the stakeholdercommunitarian fallacy arises from an absurdly naive idea of how upholders of the opposite point of view seek to maximise shareter are not what are nor-holder value. I do not ask development of the product. mally known as selfishness. whether this article is going But there is no reason been issued in paper Unfortunately the venom of Does this mean that a to increase the value of why market relations Fontana Press, £2.99

knows that if the Financial Times does not eventually comparable to that of alternative investments there is going to be trouble, as there would be even if Prof Kay were the chairman.

Behind the sparring is the unquestioned belief that professional values are invariably superior to commercial ones. But professional bodies have their inherent deficiencies: if left to themselves, they often iry to keep out new people and ideas and enforce restrictive practices. If an incident at a hospital. school or government department is investigated by fellow professionals, the result is too likely to be a whitewash. Such suspicions lie behind the establishment of ombudsmen and bodies

plaints Authority. Many academic communitarians are also opera lovers. Have they forgotten the professional guild of the Mastersingers of Nuremberg who tried to keep out new influences and new types of song and verse from their guild? It was no free market ideologue but Paul Samuelson, the Democrat Nobel Prize-winning economist who preferred "good clean money" to "bad dirty power" (Problems of the American Economy).

such as the Police Com-

The communitarians have one argument that needs to be taken seriously. This concerns what happens if the given any benefit of the the way to the auto-da-fe. doubt, everything has to be specified and litigation is the biggest growth industry.

the academic establishment saint should play the mar- Pearson shares - nor, I should exclude an element attack is directed not ket game to win and show hope, does the editor. But he of trust. Market liberalism is a sophisticated creed indeed that is its problem. The pursuit of self-interest is subject to constraints, not only by the law but by the normal rules of good behaviour and fair dealing. One may hope that the present

ultra-legal phase will prove a passing one - or at least a peculiarly American aberration. Companies may come to see trust as more valuable than a contract with pages of small print.
It is obvious that a competitive market excludes the shooting of competitors. It is not obvious to the busy executive that it must also

exclude the formation of price-rings or mergers which have the object of establishing monopoly. These are all areas in which it would be better to have a business code supplementing the very imperfect antitrust devices which are easily subverted by politicians. This is only one example

of the way in which the present debate is riven with crass oversimplifications. Actions are divided into two kinds: selfish ones deemed bad and unselfish ones deemed good. Left out altogether are the truly atrocious deeds which have more often been committed through self-righteous commitment to ill-conceived moral codes than deliberate selfishness and greed.

As Bertrand Russell remarked, there are more circumstances in which great bodies of people will guiding economic principle fall below selfishness than is individual self-interest in in which they will rise the market place and the above it. The grand inquisicorrection of market fail- tor in 16th century Spain ures is left to law, taxes or sincerely believed the highother government policies. est goal was the protection There is a danger of an and advancement of the arms' length society devel- faith - and ruthlessly conoping in which no-one is signed those who stood in

> Samuel Brittan's Capitalism with a Human Face has just been issued in paperback by

Michael Skapinker

AIRFRAME, By Michael Crichton Century, 352pp, £16.99

A seatbelt ripper in the arrivals lounge



night flight. It is the way the Hong Kong carrier. wing bends as it cuts its way through the night and the

huge engines beneath it seem to bounce. metal tube be so heavy, carry all these people dozing in the gloom around us with

their suitcases, golf clubs

and baby buggies - and still not fall out of the sky? The companies that make these flying beasts do not venture aerodynamic explanations when trying to reassure us. Instead, they pull out tables showing the number of deaths from various causes: car crashes, falls, drownings, chokings on food, firearms mishaps and bicycle accidents. All cause more deaths than aircraft

Yet there is something about the lack of control we have on an aircraft - and a sense of how unnatural it is for wingless creatures to fly - that defeats all attempts by the manufacturers to

Particularly this year. A TWA Boeing 747 exploded in the summer after taking off from New York, killing 290 people, and no one knows why. Was it a terrorist bomb, a defective fuel tank or a missile fired mistakenly by the US military? And if it can happen to those 230 people, why not us?

Michael Crichton, author of Jurassic Park, has a keen instinct for such popular fears. We will hear a lot about this, his latest novel. at night? The film rights have already been arranged - it will be produced by Michael Crichton. He will have us gripping the arm rests, both in the cinema and the next How can journalists be

The story begins with two air when they clearly do not young Americans and their know the difference between can start to baby flying back to Denver panic while from Hong Kong after a year sitting in a in China. They are travelling window seat on Flight TPA 545, operated near the wing on an over- by TransPacific Airlines, a

Disaster strikes. Flight TPA 545 does not crash. Instead it bucks uncontrollably, throwing its passengers At that point, thousands of to the celling and then dashfeet above the ocean, we ask ing them to the floor - splatourselves: how can this tering the interior with their blood and belongings. Three people die and many are

> This raises topical business questions. Norton, the fictional company which made the aircraft, is about to announce a huge sale to China - the country that every real-life manufacturer believes holds the key to future prosperity. If Norton completes the sale, it will have the money to build a new generation of large

aircraft. The China sale looked solid until Flight TPA 545. But the Chinese will not buy an aircraft which is dangerous. And Norton has had problems with this aircraft before.

Someone has to get to the truth. There is no time to spare. The Chinese are about to make up their minds. Who can save the day? Enter Casey Singleton, divorced mother of one, crack member of Norton's

accident investigation team and bedmate of Teddy Rawley, the company's chief test pilot - when, that is, he has time to take off his cowboy boots. Casey faces danger at

goons who follow her through darkened hangars and hang around her house Is the young relative of the Norton family that founded the company really on work experience or is he up to

a proximity sensor and the Pacific Ocean? None of the characters

rings true, except the media coach who appears briefly to train Casey for her showdown with Newsline, a sensationalist television programme. No matter. We turn the pages excitedly as Casey cracks her case. Until the very end, that is,

when we stop in disbelief. Because Crichton, master storyteller, has not bothered to make up the conclusion. He has borrowed it from a real accident - quite a recent one which had a cause so unusual it cannot have failed to stick in the minds of anyone remotely interested in aircraft.

If you were not reading the newspapers that year. you will enjoy this book. Otherwise, it will be a dreadful anticlimax.

There are other interesting themes that Crichton chances upon, but then fails to pursue. One of Norton's aged employees, who has seen it all, asks what we want from airlines and air-

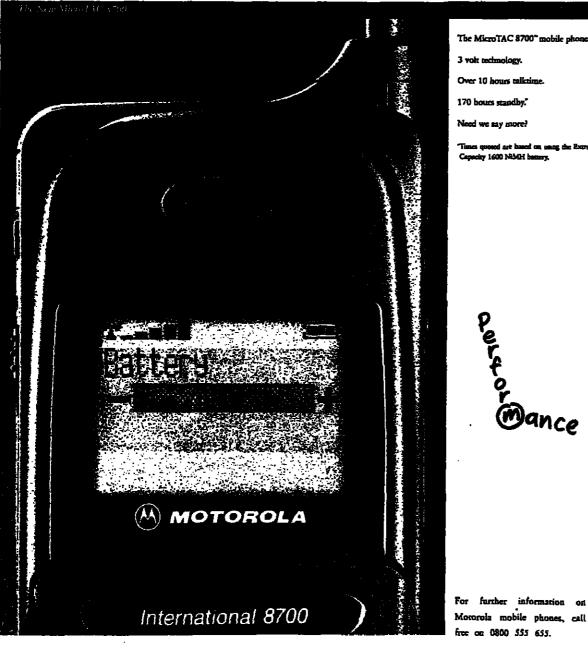
Flying in the US has been completely deregulated and will be soon in Europe too. New airlines have appeared. flights have become cheaper, many more people can afford to fly.

When people paid more to fly in the old days, he says, they got something valuable in return. "We paid to have new, safe planes and we paid for the oversight to make sure they were well maintained. But those days are every turn. Who are the over. Now everybody believes in something for nothing."

A subject to ponder as we fly onwards through the

Airframe is available from FT Bookshop by ringing something more sinister? FreeCall 0500 418 419 (UK) or How can journalists be +44 181 961 1251 (outside the allowed to trash Norton on UK). Free p&p in UK

Longest talktime. Enough said.





MOTOROLA

What you never thought possible."

·LETTERS TO THE EDITOR·

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

We are keen to encourage letters from readers around the world. Letters may be fixed to +44 171-873 5938 (please set fax to 'fine'), e-mail: letters editor@fi.com Published letters are also available on the FT web site, http://www.FT.com . Translation may be available for letters written in the main international languages.

Aid an attractive Emu prospect

From Dr Jörg Sir, While Professor Layard correctly identifies the main reason why entry into the exchange rate mechanism increased unemployment in the UK and worsened the balance of payments, he fails to see that the very same argument – the dangers of overvaluation – can be turned

union ("False fears about Emu," December 18). True, it shouldn't be too much of a problem to find the correct exchange rate at the time of entry. But there is no way to prevent mem-

against European monetary

bers' economies diverging at some later point in time in just the same way the regions within a single country have diverged over time. Then, however, the once and for all fixed exchange rate will turn out to be wrong.

right to argue that a country's ability to compete is determined by both its exchange rate and its wage level. In practice, however, any attempt at turning the latter into a policy instrument hardly seems politi-

cally feasible. Given its past record, Ger-many will be the one coun-

In theory, Prof Layard is

try most likely to gain in

terms of increased exports, while some of the Mediterranean countries will be the ones more likely to lose. As the running of excessive budget deficits will be forbidden under the new rules, the only available way to help their economies will be to increase regional aid. Perhaps this prospect is what makes such countries enthusiastic to join Emu ~ and is also what should make the

Jörg Schimmelpfennig, department of economics, Osnabrück University, D 49069 Osnabrück.

lik wary.

'Stolen' information distinction

From Ms Susan Singleton. Sir, Your article "Hard case to crack" (Management, December 13) examined pro-tection of confidential information and the Volkswagen/General Motors case. It described confidential information as "intellectual property" and so did the accompanying cartoon.

In law such information is not intellectual property like copyright, patents and trade marks. Instead, it is pro-tected by the common law of confidence (and contract where a contract exists). If disclosed, it is no longer confidential and thus not usually protected as such. It is not property for stamp duty and other purposes so the distinction is of some impor-

tance. Those dealing in "stolen" information should also note the new criminal offence of

procuring and selling per-sonal data contrary to the Data Protection Act. The first prosecution was made at the end of July 1996 when a fine was levied.

Susan Singleton. principal, Singletons Solicitors, Eagle House, 67 Brooke Avenue Harrow, Middlesex HA2 OND, UK

Gibraltar not cause of border problem

From Mr J.J. Bossano, Sir, In the article "EU summit will have a populist flavour" (December 12) you stated: "A convention for establishing one external border remains on the table because of British problems over Gibralter."

This totally misrepresented the real position. The external frontiers convention was ready for signature in 1991 and vetoed by Spain, which demanded as the price for its signature the exclusion of Gibraltar.

The UK government did the honourable thing and rejected the totally unjustified Spanish demand. This has led to a stalemate ever

It would be a disgraceful state of affairs if Gibraltar were to be kicked outside

the EU borders, having joined in 1973, at the insistence of Spain which joined in 1986.

We would expect the UK to veto any agreement which excludes Gibraltar.

leader of the opposition. Leon House, Secretary's Lane,

Signal for a change From Mr Jeremy Wagener

Sir, The findings of the European Court of Human Rights in the case of Ernest Saunders surely point towards a change in the way complex fraud cases should be tried ("Ex-Guinness chief wins rights appeal," December 18). Calling the UK Department of Trade and Industry evidence inadmissi ble because it was "compul-sorily obtained" may be legally correct but it seems a bizarre conclusion when the truth is so hard to establish. Should we not abandon the confrontational (and somewhat theatrical) system of justice with its expensive counsels for defence and prosecution and go instead for an inquisitorial system where the sole aim is an

unrelenting search for the facts? This could still take place before a jury which might have at its disposal two experts to guide it through the complexities

Jeremy Wagener, Fairfield, Silver Street, Stansted Mountfitchet, Essex CM24 SHR, UK

On the heap

From Mr John Beck. Sir, Mr Desmond Keating raises a valid point (Letters, December 17). Mr George Soros may well need a larger wheelbarrow, but only time may tell whether it is sterling or the euro he is transporting to the compost heap.

John Beck, 28 Warwick Square. London SW1V 2AB,

Length of McDonald's case only sets record in England

Sir, Robert Rice ("McDonald's libel case ends after 314 days", December 14/

English legal history, but

15) is too Anglo-centric by The McDonald's case may well be the longest in

not, by a long way, in British history. My firm has been heavily

parties involved with the Piper Alpha disaster.

has just finished in the

Court of Session in Edin-

engaged in a dispute among The trial of this action

burgh, after 391 days - 77 more than McDonald's and 100 more than the Tichborne

Lord Caplan has taken the case "under advisement", and we hope for judgment next year.

The English press does not

seem to have noticed this iudicial marathon.

Michael Payton, senior partner, Clyde & Co, 51 Eastcheap London EC3M 1JP,

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COMMENT & ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Tel: +44 171-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: +44 171-407 5700 Thursday December 19 1996

Wake up call for Peru

The attack by leftwing though obviously not defeated guerrillas on the Japanese His achievements are accomguerrillas on the Japanese ambassador's residence in Lima is a severe blow to the prestige of President Alberto Fujimori.

It calls into question the government's boast that the country's terrorist groups are a spent force. It also suggests a severe lapse in intelligence, one of the areas of a generally ineffective government that was supposed to be functioning ade-

However, it would be a mistake to draw parallels with other active guerrilla movements in Mexico and Colombia. and to connect these movements with a supposed populist backlash against marketoriented economic policies across Latin America.

Each of the movements has its origins in the particular circumstances and history of its country. That such groupings exist indicates problems that must be addressed, but generalised conclusions about Latin America drawn from their resurgence should be avoided. author of a remarkable transfor-

mation in Peru since he took Hyperinflation has been tackled, the economy has enjoyed growth - though at a significantly slower rate this year than in the previous three - and

panied by significant political failings. He has concentrated

power in himself and a small coterie, and has undermined all potentially competing authori-ties in the country. As a result, the rule of law has little meaning - the president dissolved congress and closed the judiciary in 1992

Moreover, Peru's inadequate government institutions – such as its poorly functioning and corrupt judiciary - make it almost impossible for ordinary citizens to win redress when they are wronged. The govern-ment has tolerated human rights abuses by army, police and intelligence services in their fight against the guerril-

All this weakens the legitimacy of the government in the eyes of citizens; it gives fuel to guerrilla movements and makes it harder to address the underlying problems from which terrorist groups spring.

Though his poll ratings have Mr Fujimori has been the fallen in the last year, Mr Fujimori remains by international standards a popular politician. This week's incident should make him pause and reflect on other leaders who think they have all the answers to their country's problems. Peru needs institutions of state other than the terrorism that was racking Alberto Fujimori; now he needs the country has been subdued, to start building them.

The European Commission's cling to power. As the EU has proposal to revoke Burma's tariff privileges, in protest against its alleged use of forced labour, may fill Eurocrats with a warm glow of virtue. The plan would doubtless have some economic impact on inhabitants of one of the world's poorest countries. But as an instrument for reforming Rangoon's military dictatorship, it looks like an empty gesture, which could set a dangerous precedent for EU

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moral superiority ring hollow, while the EU systematically penalises developing countries by restricting their exports of textiles and farm products and by using anti-dumping measures. Selective sanctions against undemocratic trade partners lack credibility when imposed by a grouping which habitually discriminates against democratic ones. They could also presage the use of human rights as a pretext for protectionism - a course explicitly rejected by World Trade Organisation ministers last week.

At a practical level, there is little evidence from elsewhere that external trade measures are effective in spurring politivulnerable sections of the popuresolve of oppressive regimes to turing and tokenism.

repeatedly pointed out, decades of US trade sanctions against Cuba have failed to unseat Fidel Castro, the president.

The impact of withdrawing EU trade preferences for Burma would be unlikely to be any greater, when Europe accounts for less than 5 per cent of the country's exports. The vast majority goes to Asia, which is unlikely to support EU discrimination against Burma's exports. On the contrary, Burma may Attempts by Brussels to pres- face lower regional trade barri-South East Asian Nations next year, as planned.

indeed, the proposed EU mea sures risk encouraging Asian solidarity with Rangoon, particularly if the US also carries out its threat to impose trade sanctions on Burma. Some Asean members, notably Indonesia and Malaysia, support Burma's admission as a gesture of Asian defiance towards the west.

Such attitudes are deeply irre sponsible. Removal of Burma's odious regime, and its replace ment by a democratic government committed to promoting much-needed economic reform should be a worldwide priority. It calls for close international co-operation and political maiucal change. Too often, they sim- rity on the part of other governply harm the economically most ments. Constructive policy intiatives and skilful diplomacy lation, while stiffening the are needed - not knee-jerk pos-

To Beeb or not

decided to drip feed the BBC for another five years with a grammes. licence fee held constant in real terms, but declining towards the end of the period. This settlement defers yet again the question of what kind of public service broadcasting the UK will need in a few years time when hundreds of digital channels will compete for

The corporation wanted a sigdificant increase in the fee to adapt to the new digital age and to fulfil its mission to deliver distinctive, high quality programming to all". However, the explosion of choice on the airwaves will make the licence fee ever harder to justify and will increasingly challenge the BBC's desire to provide a universal service, funded by a fee which is much like a tax.

A rapidly increasing share of the UK's broadcasting revenues already come from subscription iees, mainly paid by people who want to watch sport or old movies. Partly in response, the cost of television sports rights has risen eightfold in the last 10 years, whereas the BBC's licence fee income has only risen in line with inflation.

If nothing were done, the BBC would move into gradual best decline, too poor to provide some of the most popular viewing and lacking an obviously superior recipe for the daily diet made overdue efforts to improve too many fronts.

The UK government has efficiency and has increased sales from its archives and pro-

> These are palliatives, however. By the year 2005, the BBC's television revenue is expected to have shrunk to less than a sixth of the industry's total compared with about 40 per cent in the early 1980s. If corporation is not to drift into a backward-looking decline, some complex choices must be confronted quite

> First, if it is to attract private sector capital and increase commercial revenues, as seems desirable and inevitable if the licence fee is frozen, careful rules must be established to prevent unfair cross subsidisation from the fee. It will be equally important and even more difficult to ensure that the BBC's public service mission is not damaged by a scramble for international revenues.

In an increasingly commercial environment, preserving the BBC's traditional purpose - and its enviable reputation - will require a significant shift of strategy. It must accept that it cannot continue to do everything for everyone on every kind of channel, but must focus more on what it does

The BBC will inevitably lose viewers to the new competition, so it needs a strategy for retreat which will preserve a visible of game shows and sitcoms. In standard of excellence. The response, the corporation has alternative may be defeats on

In Marco Polo's footsteps

As Russia loosens its imperial grip, a new trade corridor is reaching deep into the mineral-rich countries of central Asia, says Bruce Clark

Picking up the thread: from Silk Road to trade corridor.

o people in the Cauca-sus region with long memories, there is: something familiar lomatic and commercial interest. which their mountainous homeland is attracting.

Last month, the British Navy paid its first courtesy visit to the eastern shores of the Black Seafor 75 years. A battleship anchored at the port of Poti as part of a British week in Georgia which featured ballet, bagpipes, haggis-tasting, rock music and lectures on Thomas Hardy and

Behind these frolics lay harder, realities. UK interest in the region has rekindled following the contract won by John Brown: a British engineering subsidiary of Norway's Kvaerner group
 to rebuild a pipeline linking
 Georgia with the offsbore waters of Azerbaijan. A consortium led by British Petroleum has won an \$8bn (£4.8bn) contract to exploit:

Germany, still remembered locally for the protectorate it. established over Georgia in 1918, has now returned as that country's biggest aid donor, and is helping to repair its half-ruined power industry. Not to be outdone, Mr Hervé de

Charette, the French foreign minister, recently toured Transcaucasia. His apparent aim was to counter the impression that Paris leans towards Armenia where hundreds of thousands of French citizens have ethnic roots - in its conflict with Azerbaijan. He had another message: Elf-

Aquitaine and other French companies want to erode the lead established by US and UK companies in the transport and extraction of oil from the Caspian.

For the second time in a century, a loosening of Russia's imperial grip has given the west a chance to establish direct links with the resource-rich lands which now make up the southern flank of the Commonwealth of Independent States. Last time was 1918, when Tur-

key's defeat and Russia's descent into chaos left a vacuum that Europeans jostled to fill. This time, the US has joined the rush, with its unique mixture of economic and military muscle.

Large, active US embassies have sprung up in capitals such as Baku in Azerbaijan and Tashkent in Uzbekistan which once tions of communism. Their mandate is to keep the region open and stable, protect US investments, and resist the efforts of countries such as Russia and Iran to dominate the region.

But as European diplomats nobit out their continent probably has even more reason to forge ties with the ex-Soviet south. In the next century, the Caspian and the lands around it will be a vital source of oil and gas for Europe.

That is one reason why European Union governments, individually and collectively, are moving away from a "Russia first" policy and are now seeking balanced foreign relations with all the former Soviet republics. A central element in building

such relations is the creation of a trade route linking central Asia with the Black Sea and points west. The EU has been formally committed to this since May 1998,. when ministers from eight ex-So-



viet states signed up in Brussels to the Traceca project.

It will bolster the signatories' independence by stitching together new road, rail and maritime links to provide an alternative to the traditional trade routes through Russia.

This means mobilisi the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development to upgrade bridges, rolling stock, air stan's President Islam Karimov, traffic control and above all port another communist-turned-nafacilities in Georgia and both sides of the Casman. Like several other projects in

the region - from railways across Iran to putative pipelines to Pakistan - the EU plan has tried to reclaim one of history's more evocative brand names: the silk route, trodden 700 years ago by Marro Polo '

Until recently, small wars and large-scale economic dislocation after the collapse of the Soviet Union meant such ambitious cross-border projects were often little better than pipe-dreams. But as the ex-Soviet republics have gradually become more stable and begun to think about their geopolitical positions, the east-west trade route has started

to take shape. "The Eurasian corridor is now nadze, Georgia's president, said in a recent interview Drawing on the skills he learnt

Shevardnadze has played a pivotal role in opening the corridor by consolidating his personal colleague and rival on the Moscow Politburo - and Uzbekitionalist

The Georgian leader has also sold the idea of an east-west trade route to an initially reluctant Turkmenistan, a gas-rich desert republic which has largely oriented its exports towards Iran The four states agreed this

summer to send 1m tonnes of cotton westwards from Hzbekistan to Poti by rail and sea - creating one of the first commodity export routes from central Asia to

Significantly, the four participants agreed to set their own rail tariffs - avoiding the price-fixing system agreed among members of the Commonwealth of Independent States. This agreement has previously made it more attracsia than by a southern route.

region's once flourishing but now battered trains, the main international oil consortium in Azerbaias Soviet foreign minister, Mr jan has agreed to bring \$650m of

equipment by rail from the Black Sea coast to Baku. Georgia's rail system, which Batumi a few days ago. resources of the World Bank and dar Aliyev of Azerbaijan - an old 1986 and might at best carry 5m tinuing caution of Mr Shevardbusiness from the oil company Chevron, which recently began sending train-loads of crude from its giant Tengiz field to the port of Batumi

> For Chevron, which has struggled hard to find an export route for its \$20bn Tengiz project, Georgia provides an useful, if secondary, alternative to the \$1.5bn pipeline it hopes to build to Russia's Black Sea coast

> The idea of an east-west transport axis, running south of Russia, has also gained support recently from two other leading governments in the Commonwealth of Independent States: Ukraine and - more cautiously -Kazakhstan.

Last month, the European Commission moved on from ports and railways to the more sensitive issue of pipelines. At a contive to send freight through Rus- ference in Brussels, it launched a programme known as lnogate -

Europe - to encourage energy flows from the former Soviet republics to the EU.

The most important decision was to study the feasibility of pipelines bringing oil and/or gas across the narrowest part of the Caspian Sea - a manage-able engineering project stretch-ing 160kms through shallow

But any enterprise involving the Caspian risks exacerbating a dispute over the legal status of the sea which bitterly divides the five countries around it.

While the Russian postion has softened, a meeting of the five last month brought no end to the argument pitting Azerbaijan. national sectors, against Russia which prefers joint management

azakhstan inclines to the Azerbaijani view - it favours a division of the seabed. though not surface waters. However, both countries were upset when Turkmenistan recently joined Russia and Iran in forming a joint exploration

But the dispute over the Caspian has given Russia a lever over the region, since it controls the main water route into it: the Volga river and the port of Astrakhan. Moscow can use this control to restrict the flow of transport and drilling equipment to its southern neighbours.

More important, it can also stop larger ships moving into the Caspian - much needed if the new Silk Route is to fulfil its potential.

The railway systems running eastwards and westwards from the Sea could rapidly be expanded to carry 30m-40m tonnes of freight per year, but the ships plying the southern Caspian have limited capacity - barely 1m tonnes. Unless capacity on this part of the link to central Asia can be greatly increased, it will quickly become a bottleneck.

Arguments over the Caspian provide Russia with one lever, and it has others. For example, Moscow still keeps garrisons in all Georgia's ports – despite hints from Mr Shevardnadze that he wants them out. Georgia reacted furiously when Russian troops boarded a Ukrainian ship in

tonnes next year, has also won nadze's comments about Moscow, and the haste with which he stresses his desire to revive trade relations with Russia, which has been ruined by wars on both sides of the Caucasus.

With infinite tact, Mr Shevardnadze Russia has led the way in forging links between the Commonwealth of Independent States and Europe, and little Georgia is

merely following. But Mr Shevardnadze is con-

vinced western interest in his region will be more durable this time than when the region last slipped free of Moscow's rule. Georgia's independence after the first world war lasted barely three years before Russia's Bolsheviks reconquered the Caucasian republics.

Times have changed now," the Georgian president says. "Although there will be obstacles nothing can stop Transcaucasia's engagement with Europe."

OBSERVE

Viennese high roller

Passions are running high over the battle for control of Cheditanstalt, Austria's most Junious hank Chaucallos Franz Yamitaky's Social Democratic perty is nacking Bank Austria condition partner — file People's party — is supporting a rival hid by the EA Generali consortium. The two sides are digging Remiselves in so deeply that the effeir litreatens to undermine

Austria for the last decade: Hence the interest in Karl Wlaschek, 79, former owner of Austria's higgest supermarket chain, whose private foundation popped in a last minute hid for CA. Wischek has offered less then the rest. But at least he has ready cash - he has just sold his Billa supermarket chain for Schiohn - and the added

advantage of being politically

the coulities which has ruled

There is no question of his business acumen. A former plano bar player, Wlaschek started with a small perfume store in Vienna in 1953 and built up one of Europe's most cassful retailers. He also bas a reputation for being an unpredictable sort. Billa executives first beard about his

Wlaschek's relations with his three ex-wives and children sound equally stormy. He had planned to hand control of his Libro discoun book chain to his son Karl. But

it now being sold to the Germans. His finird wife seems to have seeled her fate when a tage of one of her car phone conversations fell into the wrong hands. According to WhtschaftsWorths, Austria's main business weekly. Mri Winschek was overheard to say: What shall I do, the old man is

dying and won't die." The old man, who was seriously ill at the time, sta temarkable receiver on hearing of his wife's worries. He flied for divorce and is reputed to have. given the bearer of the tape a substantial reward

Wolf man M At lest Stephen Wolf is flying solo again. Ever since the

highly regarded US at the executive returned to the front rank of the aviation business in: January to become boss of uncomfertable having British Airways sitting on a quarter of

the company's equity.

BA's subsequent decision to
form an alliance with American Airlines, one of USAti's hierest decision to sell the company on rivals, gave him just the

BA, in his own inimitable style, to take a walk.

Wolf, once reported to be among the highest paid has style. A rather natty dresser he warmed to his role as one-time adviser to Air France by having menus from his ourite Parisian restaurant faxed to him as he headed across the Atlantic.
With BA now taking that

walk, Wolf will be free to go his own way with USAir. If precedent is any guide, this means bashing the airline into Shape as a prelude to a sale just as he did with Republican Airlines, The Flying Tiger Line, and most recently United Arrines, which was sold to its employees in 1994.

Pundits say the first sign that Wolf. 55, is gearing up for a sale is when he changes the colours of his planes. USAir announced a new colour scheme last month and the shares have been rising

Bryan storm

■ The folks at Clyde Petroleum will be dealing with a blunt, tough Texan not a mild-mannered Canadian as they try to fend off yesterday's hostile bid from Gulf Canada Resources.

Gulf chief executive J.P. Bryan

has a sign on his desk that sums

up his approach: "Whenever you find you're on the side of the majority, it's time to reform."

Bryan, 56, moved to Calgary two years ago when his Houston-based investment firm bought control of Gulf. Since then, he has transformed the once struggling company into a lean, aggressive competitor and ruffled a few feathers along the way. Bryan chopped Gulf's workforce by a third and recently decided to move its head office from Calgary to Denver, ostensibly to get closer to US investors.

He also rushed in where angels fear to tread by suggesting that Quebec separatists either start their own country with a bit of land or "If a small, isolated group of you want to go back to France, we'll get you a boat".

U-turn

■ Last year's Mercedes' and BMWs are apparently good enough after all for Thatland's political elite. Prime minister Chavalit Yongchaiyudh yesterday reversed his earlier plan to spend nearly \$1m on luxury cars for members of his office - thus falling into line with Ms finance minister's pledge to cut government spending on inessential imported goods. Sounds like a real economy drive.

100 years ago The Temiscousia Railway We call attention to a circular

emanating from the Bondholders' Committee of the Temiscouata Railway. It calls upon the bondholders to subscribe funds to defend their interest against the contractors of the line, who, under a judgment against the interest, have actually advertised the main line of railway for sale. It is somewhat curious that one of the partners of the contracting firm is also a Director of the Temiscouata Railway. It is also remarkable, as the circular points out, that the line should be seized upon under this judgment just after the trustees of the Debenture Holders have obtained a decision in the Court of Appeal in Quebec which entitles them to take. possession of it themselves.

50 years ago Canada Nickel Outlook

World deliveries of Ganadian nickel in all forms in 1946 will compare favourably with those of 1945 despite reconversion conditions and labour difficulties, states Mr R.C. Stanley, chairman and president of the International Nickel Company of Canada. Mr. Stanley says that demand for nickel has been expanding in the past few months.

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday December 19 1996



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EU may curb Burmese imports in protest over forced labour

By Caroline Southey in Brussels and Ted Bardacke

The European Commission yesterday called for the suspension of Burma's trade privileges on the grounds that Rangoon's military regime sanctions the use of forced

The action set a precedent in the Commission's bilateral trade relations by linking trade and workers' rights for the first time

The Commission proposed that the European Union withdraw the generalised scheme of preferences (GSP), under which it offers developing countries preferential tariffs in Burma's case for industrial

industrial goods worth \$30m to the EU, whose officials estimate the GSP was worth \$365,000.

Mr Manuel Marin, commissioner responsible for Asia. told colleagues the proposal was a "pioneer case" and that action was necessary in the light of evidence on the use of forced labour. EU finance ministers are expected to endorse the action, which requires a qualified majority in favour,

early next year. Ministers at the World Trade Organisation meeting in Singapore last week rejected calls to link the two issues, concluding that labour rights should be dealt with by the International labour standards should not be missions from lawyers, jour-

used for protectionist pur-

EU officials and diplomats in Rangoon said the overall economic impact of the action was likely to be negligible. However some believed Burma's textile industry would be affected.

"Without GSP privileges, we just won't be cost-effective compared to places like Bangladesh or Cambodia, which also sell to the EU," said Mr Joe Pang, director of Hong Kong's Victoria Garment Manufacturing, which has four factories in Rangoon.

The Commission's proposal follows a year-long investigation which drew evidence from written submissions, testimo-Labour Organisation and that nies from Burmese and sub-

nalists and the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions (ICFTU) which launched the complaint.

"We found that there was widespread use of forced labour, particularly since Slorc [the Burnese military junta] took over," an EU official said. Evidence suggested the prac-tice was particularly widespread in the military, where people have been forced to act as porters for troops, and on large infrastructure projects,

The ICFTU believes 800,000 Burmese are forced to work without pay or against their will, contributing around a tenth of the country's economic output.

Editorial Comment, Page 13

Thai workers torch Sanyo sites

By Ted Bardacke in Bangkok

Workers at a Sanyo factory in Thailand have burnt to the ground the Bangkok headquarters of the Japanese electrical goods company and a warehouse in a protest over reduced end-of-year bonuses.

Yesterday the government was forced to intervene to end a separate protest by 1,500 workers at Krung Thai Bank, Thailand's second largest commercial bank, who staged a demonstration after they were offered smaller year-end bonuses. The government offered to make up the difference between last year's bonus and this year's payout.

The protests - at odds with the conventional image of Thai workers as passive - come at a time of economic slowdown which has badly hit the coun-

By Caroline Southey

Union markets.

Second largest bank also hit by protests over reduced bonuses

by Sanyo Universal Electric destroyed the eight-storey refrigerators, televisions and air compressors.

The workers, described by police as drunk during Tuesday's incident, were dissatisfied with a year-end bonus equal to three months' wages, compared with a bonus of 5.75 months' wages last year.

The workers at Krung Thai Bank protested outside the bank's headquarters against a year-end bonus equal to four months' salary, compared to last year's 5.5 months.

Krung Thai shares fell 6 per

Brussels gives go-ahead to

genetically modified maize

About 2,000 workers employed protest spread. The bank had offered an extra month's bonus, but workers held out office building and a four-sto-rey warehouse containing bank's profits had increased by more than 10 per cent, they

were only asking for the same

bonus as last year. In 1995, average monthly salaries in private-sector manufacturing were about Bt5,000 (\$195), according to government figures, up 16.7 per cent on 1994. Inflation is currently 5 per cent. down from 7 per cent at the start of this year.

For most Thai workers, bonuses, overtime and other perks make up a large propor tion of take-home pay, compensating for a low basic salary. try's export-driven economy. cent yesterday as word of the The swift reaction to a cut in

rectype of Thai labour as doc-ile. Analysts said this docility was understandable given ever-increasing real wages and high expectations.

However, workers were unlikely to remain passive when those expectations were scaled back and wages cut, as may become more widespread as Thailand's growth slows. There is still full employ-

ment in this economy and excess labour from the countryside is still being absorbed by the manufacturing sector," said Mr Ammar Siamwalla of the Thailand Development Research Institute, an independent think-tank.

"But my real worry is if people start having to go back to their villages with nothing to do or they can't support them-selves in the city. Then things

BA to sell 24% stake in USAir

Continued from Page 1

ment agreement between the offer its shares to USAir first. The US carrier has 60 days to decide whether to nurchase them. If it does not, BA will be able to sell the shares either by private transactions or through a public offering.

BA said it would not disclose the price at which it was offer ing the shares to USAir. At midday yesterday, USAir's shares were trading at \$22%.

BA has said it had gained \$100m in extra annual revenues from the tie-up over the past few years, but the alliance had been hindered by financial and labour problems at USAir. In 1995, BA wrote down almost half its investment in USAir because of those difficulties.

Steady States

THE LEX COLUMN

Mr Alan Greenspan, chairman of the US Federal Reserve, is in danger of becoming a legend in his own lifetime. His successful delivery of Follows turned transfer trans the fabled Goldilocks economy not too hot, not too cold - is as impressive as it is familiar, the US economy has been growing for nearly six years. This has helped unemployment fall to a 23-year low of around 5 per cent, while core consumer inflation is at a 31-year

Against this backdrop, and with few signs of activity racing ahead, it was little surprise that the fed left interest rates unchanged on Tuesday. But how long can Mr Greenspan's winning streak con-

Judging by consensus economic forecasts, a good while yet. On average, US forecasters are projecting 24 per cent output growth this year and 2.3 per cent next year, with inflation expected to hold at 2.9 per cent. But with share and bond prices perched precariously, there is considerable nervousness that a pick-up in growth might force the Fed to tighten policy, bringing the whole house tumbling down.

In the short term, the growth outlook is certainly positive. The main factor here is the likely strength of consumer spending. This will be fuelled by ongoing strong growth in real incomes and continued recovery in the housing market, boosted by lower mortgage rates. Stock rebuilding and continued robust capital expenditure by companies will bolster growth further. The one drag on this picture will be the trade account: exports will suffer in due course from the effect of the dollar rally over the past 18 months and subdued growth in leading export markets such as Europe and

The critical questions for investors are whether employees will be able to exploit the tightening labour market to extract a higher share of the economic pie and whether rising wages will fuel inflation.

The last time unemployment fell to around 5 per cent, it spilled over into higher inflation. So far, the pattern has not been repeated. While there has been some evidence of wage pressures building, this has been patchy. And there are good reasons for believing earnings growth will stay subdued heightened job insecurity is fostering lower pay claims and encouraging employees to save more. Additionally, consumer resistance to higher prices may force companies to

day's decision by the company's advisers, BZW and Schroders, to buy up chunks of Northern shares from wavering investors. These questionable tactics, which

will have materially lengthened the odds on Northern's remaining independent, are catching on in the UK and should be banned, as they are in the US.

For one thing, the advisers' claim to be acting independently of their client is doubtless strictly true, but their identity of interest still looks pretty clear. Moreover, imagine the advisers are successful; the bid fails and Northern's share price falls. In this case, shareholders not jucky enough to have shared in the advisers' largesse would have every rea-son to feel unfairly treated.

Clyde/Gulf

Gulf Canada Resources' reasoning in bidding for Clyde Petroleum looks pretty transparent. But it also looks far from convincing. Because Clyde shares trade at a lowly cash-flow multiple. Gulf can afford to pay a high price and still deliver a healthy - if essentially cosmetic increase in its own cash-flow per share. This may kid some of its own shareholders. But it does not change the basic fact the acquisition will only stack up if Gulf can add lots of value or it can pick

Clyde up cheap. Neither seems likely. On the first point, although there is talk of bringing better exploration skills and pooling some Indonesian assets, the so-called strategic case for the acquisition is conspicuously long on waffle

As for the price, Gulf is more likely to overpay than snap up a bargain. As it is, Gulf is offering a premium of 40-50 per cent to ana

To reflect the company's ability to add future value some premium is certainly justified, but this is stillpretty racy. Moreover, the stock market reckors Gulf will not even get away with yesterday's offer: Clyde shares yesterday closed 12 per cent above it.

Of course, to expect a higher bid may prove optimistic. But although fighting Gulf off will be an uphill task. Clyde certainly has potential to spring goodies out of the cupboard. And a counter-bid, however unjustified, is always a possibility. This promises to be a lively battle; shareholders should stick on to see how it develops.

FTSE Eurotrack 200:

accept lower profit margins and thus prevent wage inflation creating wider consumer price inflation a scenario which would be worse

for shares than bonds. That said, if unemployment falls below 5 per cent and the stock market froth continues, Mr Greenspan may feel that putting interest rates up is the only safe course. But with markets in their current nervous state, it is quite possible they will do Mr Greenspan's job for him. If the labour market tightens significantly, bond yields are sure to rise,

which may remove the need for

higher short rates. So there could

be a few more bouts of market fit-

ters, even without any increase in

UK electricity

What should investors make of the latest sparks flying in Britain's frazzled power sector? Start with some good news: Entergy's agreed offer for London Electricity shows US bidders are still willing to buy lysts' estimates of Clyde's net asset power companies for significantly value. more than they are worth.

As a multiple of cash flow, Entergy's offer is higher than the price paid by Dominion Resources for East Midlands Electricity and substantially more than CalEnergy's offer for Northern Elec-

In short, fears that Calknergy's bid would set a lower benchmark for the rest of the sector look overblown. Yet it is just as well: yesterday's measly 2 per cent increase in London's share price shows how bullish are the takeover hopes already priced into these stocks.

Just as important for Northern shareholders, however, was yester-

Without us, it wouldn't be such a merry Christmas.

Over 700 French wine growers rely on John Crane's Propac 50 seals to ensure that their fine wines aren't contaminated during three critical production pumping processes.

First, the must - grape juice, skins and crushed pips - is pumped from the grape presses to fermentation vats. Then the wine is pumped from the bottom of the vat to the top to avoid creating a chapcau or crust of skins. Finally the wine is pumped for bording. At each stage, contamination would be disastrous but John Crane seals guarantee purity which satisfies the most demanding palate - taste for yourself this Christmas!

John Crane is one of TI Group's three specialised engineering businesses, the others being Bundy and Dowry. Each one is a technological and market leader in its field. Together, their specialist skills enable Ti Group to get the entical answers right for its customers. Worldwide.



failure to protect consumers against dangerous foods, particularly those contaminated with BSE, or mad cow disease.

yesterday took the controver-

sial decision to approve geneti-

cally modified maize, ending

months of delay and clearing

the way its sale on European

The Commission had

delayed approval because of

mounting criticism of the EU's

The decision was condemned by environmental and consumer groups, which argued that it would result in agricultural pests developing resistance to pesticides, and farmers using more pesticides,

increasing water pollution.

Controversy is likely to be Ciba had promised the Comallowed into the EU without labels distinguishing it from ordinary maize.

Mrs Ritt Bjerregaard, commissioner for the environment, said three EU scientific committees dealing with food, animal nutrition and pesticides had approved the maize, reporting "there was no reason to believe" the maize could harm human or animal health. She said EU rules on labelling the maize were inadequate but pledged to revise the directive governing genetically

deemed to carry risks. In a bid to counter consumer fears, Mrs Bjerregaard said

even greater because the mission it would label bags of maize, developed by Clba, the the modified maize seeds and will be monitor insect res Europe.

The maize contains a toxin which makes it resistant to the European corn borer pest. Critics argue that insects will

Ms Hiltrud Breyer, a Green the environment". It was used in many foods, none of which would have to be labelled. Alison Maitland adds: The UK government, which two weeks ago accused the US of trying to

force the maize on Europe, yesterday played down any risk of antibiotic resistance transferring to animals or humans as

modified foods, which requires special labels only on products

FT WEATHER GUIDE

develop resistance to the toxin. member of the European parliament, said the maize was a "time-bomb for consumers and

Europe today

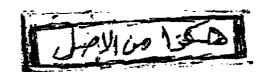
England, the Benefux, France and Germany will be cloudy with outbreaks of rain. Spain and Portugal will be sunny in the east and overcast and wet in the west. South-east Europa will be cloudy with showers. Italy will be mainly dry with sunny spells. The northern Alps will also have some sun, while the southern regions will be cloudier. Russia wil be overcast with snow.

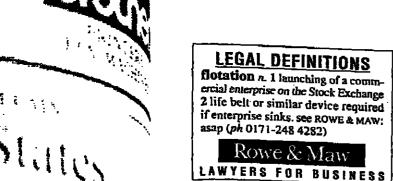
Five-day forecast

Northern and western Europe will turn colder and stay cloudy and unsettled. Spain and Portugal will be changeable. Cloud and rain will slowly move across the Alps towards south-east

Lufthansa

No global airline has a younger fleet.





FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS Mode PULP, PAPER &

OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1996

Thursday December 19 1996

IN BRIEF

Consortium plans high-speed chips

Semiconductor manufacturers in Japan and Europe have formed a consortium to develop advanced microprocessor chips which they say will be twice as fast as current ones and will sell at half the price. The companies involved include Japan's Fujitsu, Toshiba, Matsushita Electric, NEC, Hitachi, Mitsubishi, Sony and Fuji Xerox, US group Texas Instruments' Japanese arm, and SGS Thomson Microelectronics of Italy, Page 16

rate UAP after merger



Axa, the French-based insurance group, confirmed the success of its friendly offer worth almost FFr50hn (\$9.6hn) for UAP, a rival insurer, and in a clear sign that Axa would dominate the merged operation said it was "essential" that it ultimately move to a single worldwide brand name, which would be

Axa. The enlarged company's 16-strong executive committee, of whom 10 are drawn from Axa and six from UAP, will be chaired by Mr Claude Bébéar (above), Axa's chairman. Page 17

Avenor in C\$2.8bn takeover of Repap Avenor, one of North America's biggest newsprint groups, is taking over coated paper producer Repap Enterprises in an agreed deal valned at C\$2.8bn (US\$2.1bn). Avenor will become Canada's largest paper producer, with annual sales of more than C\$5bn. Page 16

Rexam plans to sell 20 businesses Rexam, the UK packaging company, is to sell about 20 businesses as the newly-installed management moves to restore the group's profitability. The units accounted for 12.4 per cent of Rexam's £2.45bn (\$4bn) 1995 sales. Page 18

Banamex finishes \$1.1bn capitalisation Banamex, Mexico's largest bank, completed a \$1.1bn capitalisation programme which will strengthen its capacity to withstand big writeoffs on its mortgage portfolio when stricter accounting practices come into effect next year. Page 20

Nikkei takes 1.6% tumble Japan's Nikkei 225 average shed 320.43 to close at a day's low of 20,093.03 after profit taking in international blue chip shares and selling of non-life insurance stocks forced scores of issues to new lows for the year. Page 32

Swissair to detail reorganisation Swissair is due today to announce "important decisions" on reorganising itself into a holding structure. The airline said it might also announce the replacement of its eight Airbus

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Unsolicited \$3.5bn bid for ADT

Largest shareholder Western Resources offers cash and stock deal electricity

in New York

ADT, the home security company headed by British financier Mr Michael Asbcroft, received an unsolicited \$3.5bn bid from its biggest shareholder yesterday.

Western Resources, the US electricity utility which owns 27 per cent of ADT, would become the biggest security monitoring company in the US and UK if the offer succeeded. For Mr Ashcroft, the offer represents a potential setback in a year that has aiready seen a plan to sell ADT fall apart. The Bermuda-based entre-

preneur agreed in June to sell the company to Mr Wayne Huizenga's Republic Industries, but the all-stock deal was called off in October after Republic's shares had plunged in value. Western's stock and cash

offer yesterday was worth \$221/2 a share, or a premium of 12 per cent to ADT's closing share price the day before of \$20%. Early trading yesterday saw it rise to \$22%. Republic's initial offer was worth \$26 a share, though the

volatility of its shares later undermined the price. ADT issued a statement

no action until its board had reviewed the offer. Relations between the com-

pany and its biggest shareholder have been icy since Mr John Hayes, Western's chairman, suggested to Mr Ashcroft early this year that the two companies should discuss ways of co-operating. Western bought its initial

stake from Laidlaw, a Canadian group, late in 1995 at \$14 The Kansas-based utility,

already the third biggest home security company in the US. said it would call for a special meeting of ADT's shareholders advising shareholders to take and put forward new directors

offer. It would take only a simple majority of those voting to push through the board changes, said Mr Hayes.

The offer price - \$7.50 cash and \$15 in Western stock - is below the value put on the company by many analysts. Mr Jeff Kessler, analyst at Lehman Brothers, this week estimated ADT to be worth \$26-\$29 a share, based on its strong market position and high growth prospects.

In a highly fragmented mar-ket populated by many independent suppliers, ADT has established the only recognised national brand name in

who would not be hostile to its the US security monitoring business. It has 1.2m customers in the US and 500,000 in the UK, and is experiencing revenue growth of more than 10 per cent.

Deregulation of the US's electricity and telephone utilities has prompted a rash of acquisitions in the home security industry in recent months. Companies such as Western and Ameritech, the Chicagobased local telephone company, have seen the business as a way of adding services to sell to existing customers and of developing a new national

De Beers to end \$1.2bn diamond deal with Russia

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

De Beers of South Africa yesterday said it would terminate its \$1.2bn-a-year diamond marketing agreement with Russia at the end of this month, severing a 35-year rela-

The announcement shows De Beers' anger at the Russian government's failure to ratify a replacement contract.

It came as the group revealed that 1996 sales of rough or uncut diamonds by the producers' cartel, organised by its Central Selling Organisation, rose by 7 per cent to a record \$4.834bn.

Mr Nicholas Oppenheimer, chairman of the CSO and deputy chairman of De Beers, said ending the marketing contract would mean "Russia will lose our commitment to purchase its diamonds at a predeter-

He indicated that De Beers still hoped the Russian government eventually would ratify a new trade agreement.

This was hammered out between February and September by De Beers and Almazy Rossii-Sakha, the biggest Russian diamond producer, but has been bouncing between various Russian ministries since then.

of the previous contract that De Beers needs them."

should have expired at the end of last year.

But "leakages" of Russian rough diamonds to the west, in apparent breach of the contract, have been running at \$80m a month according to western traders.

The contract is worth about \$100m a month to Russia. There have been claims that Russia could do better by selling directly to the west. But analysts point out that, without the De Beers contract or something like it, western banks would be reluctant to provide the loans needed by ARS the Russian industry to modernise operations.

ARS is hoping to raise \$62m to replace its vehicle fleet but this depends on a new De Beers contract.

"You can understand De Beers running out of same basis Dominion's bid for patience," said Mr Mark Cockle of Diamond Internahe suggested De Beers' move would be more likely to unite opposition to a new contract and cause Russia to sell its rough diamonds independently of the cartel.

Mr Roger Chaplin, analyst at stockbroker T Hoare & Co. said De Beers would benefit from ending its contract by being able to buy the Russian diamonds it wanted at prices it wanted to pay. He said: "The De Beers has continued to Russians will probably find act for Russia under the terms they need De Beers more than

Entergy to buy UK company for \$2.1bn

Rntergy, the US utility. yesterday gained the agreement of the UK's London Electricity to to a £1.3bn (\$2.13bn) takover offer.

The announcement of the London deal came as Mr Ian Lang, UK trade and industry secretary, cleared a £1.3bn agreed takeover of East Midlands Electricity by Dominion Resources, a US utility.

Another bid – US group Cal-

Energy's £782m hostile offer for Northern Electric - was last night on a knife edge after BZW and Schroders, respectively broker and finan-cial adviser to Northern. bought 2.3 per cent of the company in a show of support for their client. Calknergy's bid closes tomorrow.

Under yesterday's London Electricity deal, Entergy will pay 705p in cash per share and the dividend of 14.3p which London promised when it ,ublished interim results last week. Sir Bob Reid, London's chairman, said the board felt the offer represented "fair value" and directors unanimously recommended it.

Mr Ed Lupberger, chairman of Entergy, said the transaction "puts Entergy into a new orbit" and was an important step in the company's plans to become a global energy group. The company already has investments in Argentina, Australia, Pakistan, and Peru.

According to analysts, the Entergy offer represents a multiple of about 6.8 times cashflow (profit before interest, depreciation and tax) against about 6 times for Cal-Energy's Northern bid. On the East Midlands is at 6.4 times cashflow.

would give it a base for developing its business in the UK and continental

It said it opposed the UK opposition Labour party's proposal for a windfall tax on privatised utilities as "punitive and after the fact".

Entergy was advised by Morgan Stanley and UBS. while London was advised by Schroders and SBC Warburg.

> Big jump, Page 17 London stocks, Page 28



Gulf Canada Resources, the international oil and gas group headed by JP Bryan (pictured) yesterday launched a £432m (\$708.5m) hostile bid for Clyde Petroleum, the UK-based independent oil company. Clyde, which would be Gulf's biggest takeover so far, offers it a toebold in the UK's North Sea as well as production in Australia and Indonésia. Report, Page 18

Nomura to merge asset management operations

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

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16

attempt to improve competithe Tokyo financial markets.

The merger of Nomura Securities Investment Trust Management, which services retail investors, with Nomura Investment Management, Japan's largest investment advisory company, which handles pension funds, will create a group with Y15,400bn (\$135bn) of funds under its control.

That will make the combined group Japan's largest their share of pension fund asset management company though only a third the size of the world leader. Fidelity Investments of the US.

The merger, to be completed in October next year, is expected to prompt other Japanese stockbrokers to consolidate

their asset management units,

held apart until recently by nies such as NIM now manage government regulation. Mr Tadasbi Takubo, presi-

subsidiaries of Nomura Securi- dent of NIM, said the merger ties, Japan's leading stock- would boost both partners' broker, are to merge in an research departments and the speed at which they could tiveness in the deregulation of introduce products. The group would seek to expand its research department through hiring or acquisition. He predicted the Japanese pension fund market would grow from Y220,000bn, of which NIM has a 0.7 per cent share, to Y300,000bn by the end of the decade and Y500,000bn by

Investment advisory companies have started to increase assets since the finance ministry decreed, nearly two years ago, that pension funds could place more of their money with independent advisers rather than the trust banks and life assurers that have dominated the industry.

Investment advisory compa-

7 per cent of Japan's pension funds with the remaining 93 per cent held by trust banks and life assurers. Mr Takubo said that further deregulation of asset allocation rules next year would increase pension funds' scope to invest in domestic and foreign equities. The new group would aim to take advantage of that.

NIM has Y3.600bn of foreign and domestic institutional investors' assets under man agement and 160 employees NSITM, with 425 staff, manages Y11,800bn of individual and institutional assets. Both have subsidiaries in New York. London and Luxembourg.

The partners started discuss ing a merger two years ago when NSTTM was permitted by a change in regulation to obtain an investment advisory licence. That put it on the same business footing as NIM and removed the main reason

Hector quits SAP board over dispute with chairman

By Wolfgang Münchau in Frankfurt

Mr Hans-Werner Hector, co-founder of SAP, the German software company, has resigned from its supervisory board after a long-standing dispute with Mr Dietmar Hopp, chairman.

In an angry statement he accused Mr Hopp of not tolerating dissenting opinions, saying the chairman, "who apparently saw his interest threatened, reacted by engaging in negative public state-Mr Hector s resignation had been expected since he left the

management board earlier this year and decided to sell his 11.2 per cent stake in SAP one of the world's top five software firms - to a trust fund. Mr Hopp had publicly critic-The company's shares ended

50 pfennigs lower yesterday at DM206.50, after recovering almost all the initial losses prompted by Mr Hector's departure In a letter to Mr Bernd This-

Share price relative to the Dax Index

legal duty to supervise the management because of the dominant position of Mr Hopp. "I am disappointed, but not surprised, that Mr Hopp has tried to stiffe and deflect differing views of company business through personal attacks," he

claimed it could not fulfil its

Until last year Mr Hector responsible for worldwide training of employees, consul-tants and clients. He was also mann, chairman of the super- chief executive of the compavisory board, Mr Hector ny's North and South Ameri- growth potential.

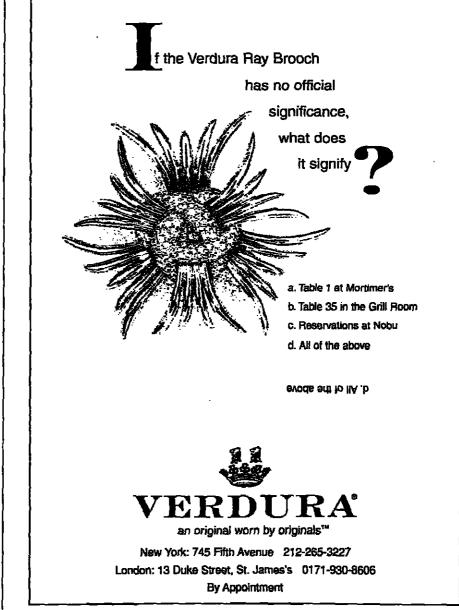
can operations. Shareholders expected a showdown between Mr Hector and Mr Hopp at the annual general meeting in June, but Mr Hector decided not to "in the interests of a calm meeting".

A spokesman for Mr Thie mann, who is also chairman of DG Bank, said Mr Hector's decision caused little surprise. He also rejected Mr Hector's criticisms of the supervisors board.

The resignation ends a turbulent year for SAP, until recently one of the top performers in the German stock market. The shares suffered a temporary setback in the spring when a report by a US consultancy questioned the future market potential of R/3, a client/server business software package for commercial use. R/3 is the company's main product group, and a world market leader in its field.

In October, SAP shares slumped by almost a quarter was SAP's top executive after it warned about future profits growth.

The announcement triggered a general market reass



INTERNATIONAL NEWS DIGEST

was starting proceedings against Endesa, the

state controlled electricity company, for allegedly giving

misleading information about the takeover of two other generators. The move, which could result in large fines

being imposed on the company, Mr Feliciano Fuster, chairman, and Mr José Luis Palomo Alvarez, financial

director, follows an initial investigation by the CNMV

Endesa 75 per cent control of the regional generators

Sevillana de Electricidad and Fecsa, in which it already beld 40 per cent and 49 per cent, respectively. Endesa

initially told the commission, after newspaper reports

about its move, that it had no plans or intentions to bid for control of the two companies. However, within a week

The government holding company Sepi, which controls the 67 per cent state share in Endesa, also issued a similar

denial. Endesa's move to increase its stakes was backed

by the government, which is anxious to strengthen the

group ahead of further privatisation planned next year.

Control of the regional companies is seen as improving the group's position in electricity distribution and

China offer leaves out Salomon

first Chinese listing on the London Stock Exchange. The

after a dispute over pricing. Salomon had been the global

\$300m and involves a simultaneous listing on the London

Salomon said that following extensive due diligence and

conjunction with the other joint lead managers, Kleinwort

Benson and Wheelock NatWest Securities. According to

Salomon, the three lead-managers had agreed on a price

range. Datang rejected this pricing, apparently having pushed for a higher value. John Ridding, Hong Kong

LVMH gets DFS go-ahead

chain, after receiving approval from an arbitrator

assigned to resolve a dispute with the minority

LVHM Moët Hennessy Louis Vuitton, the French luxury

goods group, is to go ahead with acquisition of a majority

stake in DFS, the San Francisco-based duty free shopping

shareholders. It is buying 58.75 per cent of the company

from Mr Charles Feeney and Mr Alan Parker, two of the

private company's four shareholders, for \$2.47bn in cash.

Coopers & Lybrand advances

September of \$6.8bn, against \$6.2bn a year ago, up 9 per

cent. The results are broadly in line with the rest of the

Big Six, which ranged between 17 per cent growth for Andersen Worldwide to 8 per cent for KPMG. The worldwide accounting networks of the big firms do not

Coopers & Lybrand, the global accounting network,

yesterday announced fee income for the year to

disclose profit figures or other detailed financial

growth, ahead of traditional accounting and audit

information. Advisory services showed the strongest

services. Management consultancy grew 14 per cent,

compared with audit at 7 per cent. Geographically, growth

Jim Kelly, Accountancy Correspondent

cent in Europe. Partner numbers dropped from 5,280 to

Fujitsu, ICL to integrate units

5,250 while total personnel rose from 71,150 to 74,000.

Richard Tomkins, New York

move follows the postponement of the issue last month

co-ordinator for the issue, which is worth an estimated

structuring work over the past two-and-a-half years, it

had undertaken pre-marketing in November in

Salomon Brothers, the US investment bank, has been

excluded from a management role in a share offer by Beijing Datang Power Generation, which is set to be the

offsetting the impact of changes in the regulatory

framework for the industry.

and Hong Kong stock markets.

pushed for a higher value.

it announced the takeover agreements. The commission

said yesterday it had concluded Endesa was already

planning the takeovers at the time of the denial.

commission about the circumstances of the October bids.

The agreed bids, worth about Pta200bn (\$1.54bn), gave

Consortium plans advanced chips

By Louise Kehoe in San Francisco

Semiconductor chip manufacturers in Japan and Europe have formed a consortium to develop advanced microprocessor chips, which they say will be twice as fast as today's computer "brain" chips and will sell for half of current prices.

The companies include Electric, NEC. Hitachi, Mit-media and networking, the potential application of the rather than general purpose nology investor in Italy,

Xerox, all of Japan; Texas range from devices that development of digital signal "If this is the case then their Instruments Japan, the Japa- speed the processing of processor devices. DSPs are work may be complementary nese subsidiary of the US chip maker, and SGS Thomson Microelectronics of Italy.

led by Professor Murakami chip technology that comfunctions on a single device. The target applications for

subishi. Sony and Fuji group said. These might new chip technology to the microprocessors," Intel said. after IBM.

graphics and sound, to chips used in Internet equipment.

The consortium members The consortium is to be plan to collaborate on developing and manufacturing those built by Intel of the Avezzano, Italy and to of Kiushu University, who the chips. The specifications US, the world microproceshas developed a new type of will be set within 12 months, sor market leader. and the roles of the various bines memory and logic companies determined, did not see the group as a Texas Instruments said.

Intel said, however, that it TI said it had joined the that they plan to develop

The consortium aims to

applications.

widely used in multimedia to Intel's efforts."

 Texas Instruments announced that it planned to develop chips that outpace build a second chip plant in upgrade its existing plant there. Ti has signed a four year agreement with the Italian government worth direct threat. "It appears \$1.2bn, the company said. This will make TI the sec-Fujitsu, Toshiba, Matsushita these chips will be multi- consortium to explore the chips for specific functions, and-largest information tech-

C\$2.8bn takeover of Repap

By Robert Gibbens

Avenor, one of North (US\$2.1bm).

The new Avenor will have

The merger moves Gagne, Avenor president.

Avenor will exchange one new share for every 4.25 C\$617m.

medium term.

Avenor also assumes about C\$2.2bn of Repap debt, and has arranged C\$942m in new credit lines with five Canadian banks to support the debt. Two of the banks will take up C\$215m of Avenor convertible

Mr Gagne said Avenor's

Mr David Common, of 70 per cent of replacement

coated paper mills in New tant client for us because it represented continuity and Brunswick and Wisconsin are global low-cost produc-ers and fine assets," he said. the future of offshore," Mr Mr John Duncanson, an John Simkins independent Toronto-based analyst, said Repap had been caught in the collapse of pulp and paper prices, but that prices would firm next

> Mr George Petty, chairman of Repan, is tendering his 23 per cent stake in the company he founded. He

There is also the burden of the

deal - Sweden's largest cash offer

- on Handelsbanken's balance

sheet. The acquisition will lower

its Tier One capital from 8.7 per

cent of total assets to 4.8 per cent,

although it predicts its strongly

cash-generative record will lift the

Tier One ratio to 6.2 per cent by

Mr Arne Martensson, Handels-banken chief executive, has previ-

ously cast doubt on the efficacy of

big banking mergers. He now has

to integrate Stadshypotek's net-

work of 500 branches and 1,200

employees with Handelsbanken's

existing mortgage lending

Handelsbanken will also be

watching its rivals keenly. Few

believe the Stadshypotek takeover

will be the last act in the consolida-

tion of Sweden's financial sector.

Greg McIvor

the end of 1998.

operations.

Avenor in **Endesa faces** action on takeover Spain's stock market commission announced yesterday it

America's biggest newsprint groups, is taking over coated-paper producer Repap Enterprises in a deal valued at C\$2.8bn

annual sales of more than CS5bn and become Canada's largest paper producer.

Avenor into higher-value products," said Mr Paul

Repap shares, valuing each Repap share at C35, based on Tuesday's close for Avenor of C\$21.20. This represents a total value of Mr Gagne said the merger would be favourable for

Avenor shareholders in the "This is a strategic consol-

idation within the North American pulp and paper capacity," he said.

debt-to-equity ratio would rise to 59 per cent, "but we will work aggressively to reduce that. Also, we will have access to significant. tax advantages."

J.P. Morgan in New York, estimated that the deal priced Repap assets at about "It's crown jewels. The

will become a director of

The new Avenor will have annual capacity of 1.5m tonnes of newsprint, 1.3m tonnes of market pulp, 1.2m tonnes of coated papers and uncoated freesheet, and

ecision day for Belleli's bankers

enato Cassaro, brought in to rescue Reliefi, the Italian engineering contractor, advises anvone summoned to salvage a family-run company: "Ask for the keys of the house the moment the new management enters". Invited in by Belleli's cred-

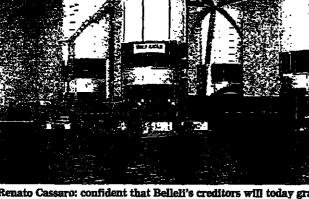
itor banks a year ago, Mr Cassaro says one of the biggest handicaps was the Belleli family's reluctance to leave the management. The family "thought it [the crisis) was only temporary".

Recently, however, the company's founder, Mr Rodolfo Belleli, and his sons Riccardo and Stefano were voted off the board by the shareholders, which are the

Mr Cassaro, former mancivil engineering company in the Iri holding group, took over as chief executive when Belleli entered court administration with L1,300bn

Belleli is now on the point of overcoming the last obstacles to its restructuring and investment will be higher eventual sell-off. The credithan L50bn," he says. tor banks have been asked to decide by today if they will inject L50bn of fresh capital into the group, to make it more attractive to potential

banks to become involved in running a family-owned business. But four representatives of the creditor banks





Renato Cassaro: confident that Belleli's creditors will today grant fresh capital to prepare the company for self-off

board of Impianti, the new Mr Cassaro commissioned Belleli owes them L350bn, of aging director of Fintecna, a holding company which an industrial plan which which they have written off big orders in the first balf of groups Belleli with sister identified the strength of L40bn. Under a repayment this year when the crisis was companies Nuova Cimimontubi and De Cardenas.

Mr Cassaro has "a good feeling" about the banks' forthcoming decision. "I believe the banks understand the return on this

The capital injection would make it easier to sell first De Cardenas, the environmental engineering com-pany, for which negotiations are nearly complete; then It is unusual in Italy for Nuova Cimimontubi, an energy and petrochemical plants maker; and finally Belleli by the beginning of

Belleli's heavy engineering know-how, for example in constructing power stations and deep-sea oil platforms. Some 85 per cent of Belleli's orders come from outside

act on the L1,300bn debt, of saro hopes this will encourwhich L500bn was in the form of guarantees. The banks agreed to write off or expects losses of about convert into equity about half the remaining L800bn. The banks now control all

the equity. also have grounds for hope. dised lay-off scheme.

funds until Belleli comes out of court administration, expected by the end of March. The banks have provided Impianti with L31bn as By last summer, most of Belleli's creditor banks had agreed to the repayment plan Mr Casage others to sign up.
The Belleli subsidiary

tors will not receive any

plan to which 60 per cent of at its height, it has won

suppliers have agreed, credi- L700bn of orders since June.

L80bn this year, but aims to break even next year. About 800 of the group's 6,000 employees are in cassa Belleli's 1,300 suppliers integrazione, the state-subsi-

Last TV set maker in US to cut staff by 25% LG took control a little high-speed modems capable a further \$%, to \$11%.

> Since then, though, its of \$879m the year before. stock has declined as it has The job cuts would lead to a

with a loss of \$76m on sales

Its foray into a mature market,

where it admits its market share

will be under pressure from the

outset, surprised many observers.

tially a defensive response to

restructuring in the Swedish finan-

cial services industry. It did not

want Stadshypotek consumed by

Skandia, which would have leap-

Sweden's largest financial services

Nor did Handelsbanken want to

be left behind in size terms by its

banking rivals. Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken is widely believed

to be interested in some form of

Nordic mega-merger, while Swed-

bank is considered a potential can-

didate to bid for Föreningsbanken,

the smallest and weakest of Swe-

den's top five commercial banks.

Nordbanken, the partly state-

owned bank, is also keen to partici-

Handelsbanken's move is essen-

In the first nine months of

These include a L250bn

contract from Shell Oil, the

US arm of the Anglo-Dutch

petroleum group, for a dril-

Belleli set up a new com-

pany to handle the project,

to reassure Shell that it

would not use income from

the contract to finance the

"Shell was a very impor-

rest of the group.

about \$20m next year, the 155,000 tonnes of kraft

expected to amend some of about trying to stem Zenith's other services to television this year, Zenith suffered an the terms of its lending losses. However, the com- sets. That news propelled its after-tax loss of \$109m on The news, which will through red ink, and has of \$26. of television sets, yesterday

By Richard Waters

unveiled plans to cut a quardwindling cash position.

tronics, the Korean group, tronics industry.

hypotek, the mortgage bank.

inwardly, however, he must have

hoped for a more propitious run-in

strategy loom large, both for Skan-

whose SKr22.9bn (\$3.36bn) cash

offer has been accepted by Stadshy-

potek's largest shareholder, the

Swedish government, and its

Mr Petersson, who led Skandia's

Under his stewardship, the group

will focus on developing its core

Nordic life and non-life insurance

to his new job.

result in 1,175 job losses, fol- been through a changeover ter of its US workforce as it lows an eventful period for in its senior management.

sions with its lenders and over a year ago and set of delivering Internet and

Mr Lars-Eric Petersson, Skandia linked (AFS) operations. Skandia's resources.

AFS is Skandia's most dynamic

business. It has grown from 30 per

cent of operating profits in 1995 to

42 per cent so far this year. Sales

But expansion requires capital.

need SKr5bn in fresh funds over

the next five years. The plan was to meet this need from Stadshypo-

tek's surplus capital; now the cash

will have to come from elsewhere.

not ruled out the idea but says it

will only be considered in a few

years. Until then, AFS's ambitions

Analysts suggest a demerger of

chief executive-designate, showed no overt disappointment this week at the Swedish insurance group's developing "niche bank" operation, SkandiaBanken, will seek to grab market share from Handelsbanken

As the dust settles on Sweden's are expanding at 20 per cent annu-

most intriguing takeover battle for ally and the company envisages

dia and Svenska Handelsbanken. Mr Petersson estimates AFS will

merger attempt, succeeds Mr Björn
Wolrath at the turn of the year. AFS as a way of freeing funds for
continued expansion. Skandia has

business and its fast-growing unit may be curbed by lack of

failure to merge with Stads- and Stadshypotek.

several years, questions of future AFS as a global force.

struggles to conserve a the company, which had Earlier this year, Zenith become clear that the com- restructuring charge of \$25m once been written off as a enjoyed an unlikely return pany has yet to solve the in the fourth quarter and The company, which is 55 casualty of competition from to stock market favour when problems of its core televi- result in cost savings of per cent-owned by LG Elec- the Asian consumer elec- it announced an agreement sion-making operation.

with Microsoft to make Yesterday, the shares fell company said.

Rubinstein, insurance analyst at BZW in London. He says the know-

Indeed, Mr Wolrath says Skandia

will be unable to enter as many

new AFS markets as planned, and

those it does enter will require geo-

graphic proximity to keep costs in

in front of the market and appeared exposed," says Mr Marc

ledge that Skandia needs capital is

partly to blame for the 10 per cent

fall in its shares since the Stads-

stein, is that the market will be

asked to contribute new capital in

two or three years. Meanwhile,

Skandia may raise extra funds by

divesting some non-life operations

Handelsbanken, having emerged

outside its core Nordic area.

The likelihood, says Mr Rubin-

hypotek offer.

"Skandia has basically stood up

Pujitsu, the Japanese computer and electronics group, Winner and loser count cost of Stadshypotek result

and its subsidiary ICL, the UK-based computer systems and services company, are to integrate their operations in Asia to raise efficiency in one of the fastest-growing markets. The two will merge their operations in Singapore, Hong Kong and Malaysia, with Fujitsu holding an 80 per cent stake in each of the new companies and ICL the balance of 20 per cent. The move follows the gradual integration of operations since Fujitsu took a majority stake in ICL in 1990. Michiyo Nakamoto, Tokyo

First Pacific, Unicom link

First Pacific, the Hong Kong-based conglomerate controlled by the Salim group of Indonesia, has teamed up with China United Telecommunications (Unicom), China's second telecoms network, in a mobile phone venture.

Through a joint venture vehicle with China Merchants, in which the conglomerate has a 60 per cent stake. First Pacific will support Unicom in the construction of a mobile telephone network in Shenzhen, Dongguan and Huizhou municipalities in the southern coastal region of Louise Lucas, Hong Kong

Placer, Highlands end dispute

Placer Dome, the world's fifth-biggest gold producer, is going ahead with its US\$340m bid for all the shares of Highlands Gold, owner of 25 per cent of the big Porgera gold mine in Papua New Guinea. The two companies have settled a dispute over the mine's reserves and the bid price of 61 US cents per Highlands share. Placer supplied information demanded by Highlands, which then withdrew a threat of legal action.

Robert Gibbens, Montreal

SA telecoms bidders combine

Redemption Date.

Rival bidders for a stake in Telkom, the state-owned South African telephone company, have joined forces ahead of the partial privatisation due next year. SBC Communications, the US-based telecoms company, and Telekom Malaysia confirmed they would bid jointly for a 20-30 per cent stake in Telkom. Mark Ashurst, Cape Town

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Brussels to investigate **Boeing-McDonnell deal** By Emma Tucker in Brussels

as victor, now faces a stern chal-lenge in making its purchase work. pate in the restructuring.

The European Commission said yesterday it would scru- European Union. tinise the proposed merger between Boeing and McDonnell Douglas of the US, the world airliner market, than Ecu250m inside the EU. which is set to create the almost double the share of world's largest aerospace its only rival, Airbus Indusand defence company.

sioner, said the case was and Spain. likely to be "complex and problematic" and that the expected to hear from Airinvestigation could last five months.

"It is pretty clear this concentration will have to be notified to our department," he said. "It looks as if there are certain questions to be centration reinforces a domiasked about a dominant nant position, either geo-

involves two US companies,

to the deal or even to block merger if the combined it, if it judges that it will global turnover of the comharm competition inside the panies is more than Ecu5bn

would have 65 per cent of a combined turnover of more trie, which is made up of air-Mr Karel Van Miert, the craft manufacturers from EU competition commis- France, Germany, the UK

bus once the merger of Boeing and McDonnell Douglas

had been formally notified. The Commission's merger task force will then have to establish whether the congraphically or in certain Although the merger product markets.

(\$4.01bn) and at least two of The merged company the merging companies have This case is complicated

for Brussels, not only because it involves companies outside the EU, but also because under competition law the Commission cannot Mr Van Miert said he interfere in the military aspects of the deal.

Boeing and McDonnell Douglas announced the merger on Sunday. The new group, which will carry the Boeing name and employ 200,000 people, projects revenues next year of \$480n.

After a preliminary month-long investigation, the Commission will have to Under EU competition decide whether to open a full the Commission has the rules, the Commission is inquiry, which it will have power to demand alterations required to examine a four months to complete.

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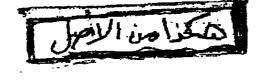
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COMPANIES AND FINANCE: INTERNATIONAL

Axa signals dominant role in UAP merger Boland Bank,

By Andrew Jack in Paris

Axa, the French-based insurance group, yesterday confirmed the success of its friendly offer for rival insurer UAP, and gave a clear indication that it would be the domi- of the offer closed, and several nant partner after the combination of the two groups.

Axa said that the detailed results of the takeover bid would be published on January 13 "but it is widely acknowledged to have been very successful".

The group's board made a sur-November after an intense few

ments. This brought the price of

the deal to nearly FFr50bn (\$9.6bn). Aza's statement yesterday came on the day that formal acceptance days after the deadline under French stock market rules for an alternative bidder to make an approach for UAP.

in a clear indication that Axa would dominate, the group said it. was "essential" that it ultimately use a single brand name around prise announcement in mid- the world - and this would be Axa. However, it said that, at least in

its shares for every 10 UAP shares, the holding company would be with additional financial instru- Axa-UAP. The Axa brand name chairman, will head a new supervi- ary 22 to issue the new Axa shares would be used for its insurance sory board, which will have Mr generated by the takeover and the activities, while its asset manage-

The group also unveiled yester-Axa and six from UAP. The committee will be chaired by Mr Claude Bebear, Axa chairman.

Mr Bebéar will also be chairman of the combined group's executive board, which will comprise only two other members: Mr Gérard de La Martinière, of Axa, and Mr

Jean-Pierre Ruault, UAP group corment activities would continue to porate secretary, as its secretary. A which are designed to compensate operate under their own names. maximum of 23 other members will UAP shareholders if Axa's share be drawn from representatives of price is less than FFr392.50 in June day its 16-person executive commit-the combined group's shareholders 1999. Shareholders in the two

committee would meet every six companies on May 12. weeks to define and oversee "the group's strategic and financial orientations". Mr Friedmann will head a strategic committee with external and executive committee to discuss long-term strategy three

Mr Jacques Friedmann, UAP A decision will be taken on Janu-"certificates of guaranteed value". tee, of whom 10 are drawn from and other outside representatives. groups will vote formally on the Axa said the 16-person executive proposed merger of the two holding

> The executive committee of the combined group includes Mr Dominique Bazy, of UAP, Mr Michael Hart, head of UAP's UK subsidiary, Sun Life and Provincial; and Mr Henri de Castries and Mr Claude Tendil, both from Ava.

NBS in reverse takeover deal

By Mark Ashurst in Cape Town

Boland, a small Afrikaans retail bank, has created South Africa's fifth-largest banking group with the reverse takeover of NBS, a Natal-based niche bank. The new group will have assets of about R26.5bn (\$5.63bn).

The deal will allow NBS to install outlets in about 3.000 supermarkets owned by the Pepkor retail group, whose chairman, Mr Christo Wiese, is also chairman of Boland

Mr Alan McConnochie, analyst at BoE NatWest, said previous forays into supermarkets and shopping centres, by Nedcor bank, had demonstrated the potential of the unbanked middle market.

This "crossover" market includes lower-income whites and high-income black and coloured popula-

Mr McConnochie expected NBS to launch a chequeclearing operation to complement its core home-loan business and corporate lending activities. NBS, which does not have a clearing licence, could trade under the Boland licence, he said. The deal valued NBS at R6.25bn and Boland Bank, whose subsidiaries include

cent of Samgro, will own about 40 per cent of shares in the new group. Further details of the deal, which takes effect from April 1, have not been finalised. Earlier this month, Mr

Boland Financial Services

and SMK Securities, the

NBS will acquire the

entire banking and financial

services interests of Boland

Bank in exchange for new

NBS shares. The new paper

will be held through

Boland's holding company,

Mr Wiese, who owns 92 per

stockbroker, at RL84bn.

Wiese bought a 20 per cent stake in NBS from Rand Merchant Bank, plus a further 5.5 per cent from an undisclosed shareholder, for a total of R1.5bn. The latest deal, which

hands control to Mr Wiese, will involve at least a further 15 per cent of NBS equity.

unchanged in a sluggish market, with NBS at R65 and Boland at R45. Analysts said the forward

price-earnings ratio of 18 on Boland shares was well ahead of the sector, and reflected widespread expectations that Mr Wlese's interest in Boland was "a

days of negotiation, offering four of the short term, the official name of Michel Pinault, of UAP. Entergy plans big jump after stride into UK

US utility expects to reap two-way benefits from its latest acquisition, writes Simon Holberton

ntergy has moved fuel), transmission and distribution assets in Louisnew rank among iana, Mississippi, Arkansas according to Mr Ed Lupberger, president, chief executive and chairman at the New Orleans-based utility,

He was speaking of the significance for Entergy of its latest foray into foreign acquisitions: its £1.3bn (\$2.17bn) bid for London Electricity, the company which supplies and distributes electricity to the

capital. Happily for Mr Lupberger, the deal is agreed, and was announced on the day the government raised no objection to Dominion Resources, the Virginia-based utility, buying East Midlands Electricity.

have pitched its offer at a as I push my own." high enough level - 6.8 est, depreciation and tax not to incur the wrath of the UK's big investment institutions. They have been dissatisfied with the price Cal-Energy, another US bidder, is offering for Northern Electric, and may well be powerful enough to deny the Nebraska-based independent the Newcastle-based electricity company.

Entergy is one of the dominant utilities in the American south, serving 2,4m customers. It has generation

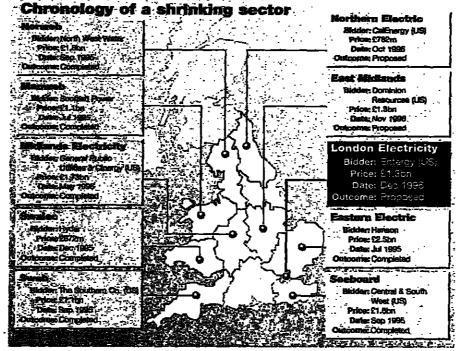
iana, Mississippi, Arkansas, global energy companies", and Texas. In the year to the end of 1995 it had a turnover of \$6.3bn, consolidated net rocome of \$535m, and assets of \$24bn_

In common with utility managements in the UK, Entergy has sought greater efficiencies through aggressively managing its payroll. Since 1990, employment in its core business in the US has fallen from 18,100 to 12,600 in 1995.

Mr Lupberger likes to quote Dr Henry Kissinger, former US secretary of state, who observed: "People have to push organisations beyond where they think they can go." He says: "I'm a pusher and I'll be pushing Entergy also appears to this organisation [London]

Mr Lupberger says that times earnings before inter- his strategy is to enhance Entergy's status in the global energy market. The acquisition of London Electricity was a giant step in that direction, he adds.

ntergy has not, however, been backward in coming forward. A Nebraska-based independent year ago it paid \$1.2bn for power producer control of City Power, an electricity distribution and supply company in Melbourne. It has invested nearly as much again in sizeable investments in Argentina and Peru; and it owns 10 per cent (both nuclear and fossil of the Hub River power sta- form for future expansion on regulators to deregulate



tion in Pakistan, which is managed and largely controlled by National Power, the UK generator.

The company's growth plans do not stop there. It is planning to invest about £400m in a 1,000MW combined cycle gas-fired power station in partnership with British Petroleum at Saltend, near Rull.

Entergy also says it wants

the continent. "A strong presence in the UK gives us a competitive advantage when we pursue privatisations or greenfield developments in Europe," says Mr Terry Ogletree, president of

Entergy Power Group. Mr Ogletree, who has spearheaded Entergy's international expansion, also says that the acquisition could have benefits for Entergy. to use the UK as the plat- which is facing moves by

power markets in the US. "The UK has led the deregulation of the power industry. It is several years ahead of Australia and Argentina and many years

ahead of the US. Owning London Electricity will enable us to prepare better for deregulation in the US." But Entergy also hopes to bring something to its UK business. Although Mr Lupberger likes to stress that in , don's gearing to 100 per cent

its expansion, Entergy has

involved in the US in telecoms as well as security services. Both in time could be brought to London's

"stuck to its knitting", it is

The company is currently involved in an international henchmarking exercise to find the best-managed electricity distribution company in the world. Those lessons will be applied throughout the Entergy empire.

Entergy's bid is structured similarly to other US bids for English electricity companies and will give Entergy a return on its investment of 12 per cent to 15 per cent. A UK company consisting of \$400m of equity and \$1.7bn of debt will own London Electricity.

From Entergy's point of view the whole \$2.1bn will be new debt on its balance sheet. At last balance date it had \$6.6bn of long-term debt. There is, however, plenty of room to use London's balance sheet to raise cash and defray the cost. London currently has net debt of £249m.

and gearing of 47 per cent. "The wires business is a stable business that can support gearing at a higher rate," Mr Lupberger says. Entergy met Professor Stephen Littlechild, directorgeneral of Offer, the UK

without offending Offer.

industry regulator, on Tuesday and came away believadvanced 12 per cent from ing they could raise Lon-DKr839m to DKr939m, in spite of slow growth in profits by the sugar and packag- on the day.

Danisco ahead 8% at DKr851m midway ing divisions. Growth in pre-

By Hillary Barnes in Copenhagen

First-half pre-tax profits at Danisco, the Danish distillers, sugar, food ingredients and packaging group, rose 8 per cent from DKr785m to DKr851m (\$143.9m), on sales ahead 6 per cent from DKr7.82bn to DKr8.32bn.

start of the accounting year. The group said that it expected its full-year results to meet earlier forecasts of Operating profits an increase of between 10-12 per cent.

tax profits was held back by

a DKr34m rise in net finan-

cial costs to DKr88m.

reflecting, the interim state-

ment said, a higher level of

interest-bearing debt at the

The shares closed at DKr336, an advance of DKr5

Focused on Innovation in Cross-Border Mergers & Acquisitions and Global Capital Raising



Fresenius Medical Care AG

A \$7.7 Billion Combination of Fresenius AG's Dialysis Division

National Medical Care, Inc. W. R. Grace & Co.'s Health Care Subsidiary

Exclusive Financial Advisor to Fresenius AG



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North America LLC



Fresenius AG

Exchange of Minority Shares in

Fresenius USA, Inc. for Shares in

Fresenius Medical Care AG \$261,000,000

We acted as Exclusive Financial Advisor to Fresenius AG



Dresdner Kleinwort Benson North America LLC





DM625,000,000

Non-Voting Preference Shares and American Depositary Shares Listed on the Frankfurt and New York Stock Exchanges

Fresenius Medical Care AG

as Joint Global Coordinator and Joint Bookrunner

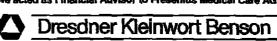
Dresdner Kleinwort Benson



\$360,000,000 9% Trust Preferred Securities

Fresenius Medical Care Capital Trust a Subsidiary of

Fresenius Medical Care AG



North America LLC



Dresdner Kleinwort Benson

Gulf Canada launches £432m bid for Clyde | Rexam plans

By Jane Martinson and Bernard Simon

Gulf Canada Resources, the international oil and gas group, yesterday launched a £432m (\$708.5m) hostile bid for Clyde Petroleum, the UKbased independent oil com- so far, offers Gulf a toehold pany. The bid brings to in the UK's North Sea as seven the number of hostile takeovers currently being lia and Indonesia. Gulf has waged in the UK market.

105p a share cash offer, sug- London office if successful.

gesting expectations of a better offer.

Mr JP Bryan, Gulf president and chief executive, described the offer as a "full

Clyde, which would be the company's biggest takeover well as production in Austrainterests in western Canada. Clyde shares rose 34p to Indonesia and the US. The 118%p yesterday, above the company would set up a

unacceptable". Mr Malcolm Gourley, chairman, said: "It doesn't reflect what the company has achieved, what it has got in its locker and what is likely to be the story of the future." Mr Gourlay first heard of the bid via a Gulf call at 7am yesterday.

advised by Robert Fleming, told shareholders to wait for further information. Five institutions own mor

Clyde, which is being

unsolicited and wholly PDFM and Schroders owning almost 40 per cent between them. One investor said yesterday that he was happy to wait for Clyde's letter.

Analysts were divided about the bid's value. Gulf said it was prepared to pay a 69.4 per cent premium to the 62p net asset value as it believed it could add value. chiefly because of a better exploration record.

NatWest Markets estimated that the deal offered a

1997 cash flow which was been possible until now "pretty generous for the UK sector'

The strength of the UK oil sector this year, buoyed by timing of the bid. Clyde's shares have risen from a low of 56p in January.

But Mr Bryan said that Clyde's acquisitions this year – it has bought fields in Australia and Indonesia - 25 cents at C\$9.35 in Toronto had made it more attractive.

Clyde attacked the bid as than half of Clyde with multiple of six times' Clyde's The bid would also not have because of a turnround in Gulf itself, he said.

It aims to raise C\$1bn debt to pay for the acquisition, high oil prices, also bringing its total to C\$2.2bn prompted some to query the and making the group "overly leveraged", according to Mr Bryan. To redress this the group will sell a number of "non-core assets" and issue shares.

Gulf's shares were down

to sell off businesses

Rexam, the packaging company, is to sell about 20 businesses as the newlyinstalled management moves to restore the group's flagging profitability.

The businesses for sale have a combined turnover of £303m. (\$497m) representing 12.4 per cent of Rexam's 52.45bn 1995 sales. Together they reported an annual operating loss of 12m.

The disposals, foreshad-owed in September as the company published its interim results, are part of an effort to restructure Rexam's broad-based packaging businesses and focus on areas of more profitable growth. Interim pre-tax profits at the group fell from £111m to £83m on unchanged sales of £1.15bn.

Mr Rolf Börjesson, a Swede who took over as Rexam's chief executive in July. declined to identify the businesses which are for sale. However, the company said that the disposals would not affect its health care and the building and engineering

Mr Borjesson said the

there are companies out there where they would be better looked after".

He said he hoped to sell the companies "as soon as possible", but the priority was to find "a better par-

Rexam's shares, which reached a high of 410p earlier this year, edged up 41 ap to close at 341p on the announcement, reflecting investors' relief that the company was pressing ahead with the planned sell-offs. Analysts estimated the dis-

posals could raise between £30m and £150m. However. they suggested it was not an ideal time for Rexam to be selling the businesses, because of difficult trading conditions in the packaging industry... Management buy-outs may

be a possibility, they said. Failing that, Rexam may close the businesses which together employ about 4,000 of Rexam's 27,400-strong workforce.

Rexam has already sold activities this year with com-

Mr Börjesson has said Rexam would keep building and engineering and packagbusinesses for sale were ing because they are profit-"basically sound". However, able and cash-generative.

Electra invests record sums in unquoteds

Electra Investment Trust, which specialises in private equity, invested record sums in unquoted companies in the past year and increased its net asset value by 18.5 per cent to 522.13p.

It also realised larger amounts from its unlisted portfolio - which accounts for 73 per cent of the total than in previous years.

one factor behind the promaking a total of 8.4p, up 11.3 per cent.

than in 1994, the previous most active year. "It is very unpredictable, we never know which deals we are going to get," said Mr Hugh Mumford, managing director of Electra Fleming, which manages the trust's portfo-

While Mr Mumford acknowledged that competition between venture capitalists with large sums to This strong performance invest is driving up prices in the year to September is paid for businesses, he said: "There is no evidence [Elecposed final dividend of 4.5p, tra has) overpaid. The deals are almost universally per-

forming in accordance with New unlisted investments or above our expectations."

almost 90 per cent higher from its unlisted portfolio, thanks largely to an active

> tionally concentrated its efforts in the UK and the US. it is - like its peers starting to diversify into completed four transactions for a total of £23m. It also completed five small deals in the Asia Pacific region.

formance. The unlisted portfolio appreciated more than 30 per cent in UK, but just 16 per cent in the US, so that the overall capital appreciation of the unlisted portion



Michael Stoddart, chairman of EIT, which has comfortably outperformed the All-Share

25% share buy-back

By Leyla Boulton.

Wessex Water yesterday proposed the repurchase of 25 per cent of its shares to enhance earnings per share and eliminate US-owned Waste Management International as a 19.5 per cent shareholder in the company.

It would leave Wessex with "enough firepower" to pursue acquisitions in the waste business through TIK Waste - its joint venture with WMI that would be unaffected by the Wessex stake sale - and in the water sector abroad.

buy back 10 per cent of the ordinary shares not held by WMI, as well as all the shares of small investors owning 200 shares or fewer. at 380p. It hopes to complete

this by February 1. WMI plans to sell its outstanding 3.3 per cent stake in Wessex, or 6.5m ordinary shares, on the open market in the course of next

the overseas WMI. operations subsidiary of WMX Technologies, the US waste group which has sought to divest non-core assets, said it would use the proceeds to reduce its £750m

Wessex in | Northern's advisers buy shares

Advisers to Northern Electric bought 2.3 per cent of its shares yesterday, supporting its client's attempts to beat off a £782m (\$1.28bn) hostile bid from CalEnergy of the US.

BZW, Northern's broker, bought 1.59m shares representing 1.56 per cent of the company. It paid 645p a share - a discount of 5p to CalEnergy's offer price. Schroders, Northern's financial adviser, bought a further 770,000 shares.

BZW said: "We are supporting our client which has delivered for its shareholders in the face of a bid which

RESULTS

First Choice

Rotte & Notan

CalEnergy complained to the Takeover Panel and the company said yesterday: "This is clearly designed to frustrate the bid."

lysts have said is too close to

The move could shift the acceptances for 34 per cent of Northern's cap-

Yr to Sept 30 4.72
6 mits to Sept 30 95.6
6 mits to Sept 30 7.22
Yr to Sept 30 62.9

... 6 mths to Oct 31 4.67

Hectra _______ Yr to Sept 30 ★ 522.13 (440.49) 18.5 (17.6.)
Murray Smaller ___ 6 mits to Nov 30 ★ 496 (452.2.) 2.09 (1.74.)

8.63

MAY (p)

..... 6 miles in Aug 31

4½ miths to Sept 30 6 miths to Sept 30

Yr to Oct 31 1.06 _____ 8 mits to Oct 31 ♦ 1.26

BZW and Schroders was

balance in a bid that closes tomorrow and which anacall. CalEnergy owns or has Northern has produced a

spirited defence and believes it can count on up to 40 per cent of outstanding shares. including the 17 per cent of small shareholders in Of the remaining share-

(-) 0.042L (5.2) 1.39L∳ (0.042) 0.042L

(1.64) 10.1L (104.7) 2.1L (8.21) 2.7\$

(1.57

(0.11) (0.014L)

(0.479L)

8PS (p)

(10.19)

4.5

Feb 17

10.68

Earnings shown basic. Dividends shown not, Figures in brackets are for corresponding period. After exceptional charge. Wafter exceptional credit, 10n increased capital.

Attrinstable Earnings (Em)

(8.21) 2.7\(\psi\)
(64.8) 2.37\(\phi\)
(7.86) 1.11
(1.24) 0.092
(1.62) 0.03

(5.99) 0.497 4 (4.01) 0.237

0.092 0.03 0.34

holders, many are invest- and helped it to thwart a bid ment funds and arbitra- from Westminster Health geurs. Yesterday's raid by Care Holdings. Northern, which has main-

designed to pick up stock tained that Calknergy's offer from arbitrageurs who would be expected to accept CalEnergy's hostile offer. Known as "getting stocks in the box" in the UK, it is controversial because Northern itself is not allowed to buy shares without going through the cumbersome process of getting sharehold-

One precedent came in July this year when SBC Warburg, acting as merchant bank for Goldsborits Newcastle homeland, ough Healthcare, bought 4.1 translated to only 700p a per cent of its client's shares share for Northern.

undervalues the company, welcomed BZW's action. The company also took heart from yesterday's bid by Entergy for London Electricity. It claimed the Entergyoffer put Northern on a valuation of 780p a share in

were sceptical about this calculation. Mr Adam Forsyth of NatWest Securities argued that the offer for London

SGA SOCIETE GENERALE
ACCEPTANCE N.V.
FRF 300 006 000 REVERSE
FLOATING BATE NOTES
DUE DECEMBER 1999
ISIN CODE: XS0040631805

For the period December 17, 1996 to March 17, 1997 the new rate has been fixed at 16,1172 % P.A. Next payment date:

lext payment date March 17, 1997 Coupon nr : 16 Amount :

Amount:
FRF 4 029-30 for the
denomination of FRF 100 000
FRF 40 293.00 for the
lenomination of FRF 1 000 000

Pearson rises on trading statement

The shares of Pearson, the media and entertainment group, rose 22p yesterday to 711%p after the company ssued a trading statemen confirming that performance was in line with

Analysts expressed relief that the statement said trading conditions in the second half of the year were in line with the first half, and group plans were "as previously announced". Mr John Makinson,

whose interests include the Financial Times, said "No surprises at all. A yawnmaking trading statement." In entertainment, Pearson said Penguin's results would

be in line with expectations although Pearson Television had made a strong advance in operating profits. Mindscape, the lossmaking consumer software and CD-Rom publisher, was trading in line with the strategy outlined at Pear-

losses, including restructuring costs, were expected to reach £46m. Pearson confirmed that the cost of retuning millions of video recorders prior to the launch of Channel 5 could be £150m of which it will pay 25 per cent. In information les Rehos

son's annual meeting when

in France would turn in "a resilient performance". There were two small negative elements. One involved Recoletos, the Spanish newspaper group which had continued to invest in printing centres involved the strengthening

of the pound. James Capel is looking for pre-tax profits of £250m for 1996 and £387m in 1997. USD 500,000,000 BANCA DI ROMA

Floating Rate

Depositary Receipts due 2003 5.60547% Interest Period December 18, 1996 March 18, 1997 interest Amount due on March 18, 1997 per

Bell offer for rest of Videotron By Christopher Price

Bell Cablemedia yesterday embarked on the latest stage of the merger which will create the UK's largest cable operator when it announced an offer for the minority holding in Videotron. The offer follows the

agreement in October between Cable and Wireless, Bell Cablemedia and Nynex CableComms to merge their UK telecoms and cable inter-£5bn (\$8,2bn).

56 per cent stake in the coms service Canadian-controlled company to add to its own 26 per the \$338m provided by C&W. cent holding.

panies, are quoted on Nas-daq in the US. The recommended cash

offer of \$19.75 per Videotron ADS, or \$3.95 a share, is for the 18 per cent of the shares offered by Bell for the 56 per cent stake in October, which was completed on Tuesday and precipitated yesterday's offer. The offer values Video tron at more than \$1bn.

Videotron has 11 franchise ests in a deal valuing the areas covering more than constituent parts at about 126m homes in the UK. of which approximately half Videotron was also are able to receive cable, and included in the merger deal. about a quarter subscribing with Bell Cablemedia buying for either television or tele-

Bell Cablemedia is using which took a 32.5 per cent The shares in Bell and stake in it as part of the Videotron, the UK's third merger agreement, to help and sixth biggest cable com- pay for the purchase.

Dominion wins DTI bid approval

Mr Ian Lang, the trade and industry secretary, yester- higher at 661½p, although day cleared the second bid in less than a week by a US utility for a UK regional electricity company.

(\$2.13bn) agreed takeover of East Midlands Electricity to ther acceptances today. the Monopolies and Mergers Mr Lang said there were Commission echoes that no reasons to refer the bids Northern Electric.

marily because of lingering grounds".

uncertainty about the refer-

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CONTRACTS & TEMPER

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price. Analysts said the timevalue of money was causing the discrepancy as few The decision not to refer doubted that the deal would Dominion Resources' £1.3bn not now succeed. Dominion was expected to receive fur-

taken last Friday over CalE-nergy's hostile £782m bid for tion or because they were against the public interest. The Virginia-based utility He described the decisions had already announced that as a continuation of "my poiit had won acceptances for icy to consider each merger 32.8 per cent of East Mid- on its individual merits, and lands. It was understood that to take decisions on whether this relatively low figure for to refer mergers to the MMC a recommended deal was pri- primarily on competition

STET - Società Finanziaria Telefonica - per Azioni stered office in Turin - Corporate Headquarters in Rome Capital Stock L. 5,281,212,121,000 fully paid-in Entered under No. 286/33 in the Ordinary Section of the Company Register of Turin - Tax I.D. No. 00471850016

Listing on the automated screen trading system of

the Italian Stock Exchanges of ordinary and savings shares to be issued by SEAT s.p.a.

The Italian Stock Exchange Commission (CONSOB), with Resolution No. 10334 dated November 28, 1996, approved the listing on the automaled screen trading system of the Italian Stock Exchanges of:

3,834,312,121 ordinary shares (par value 50 lire)

to be issued by SEAT s.p.a., a new company with registered office at 18 Via A. Saffi, Turin, subject to the actual establishment of SEAT s.p.a. as the beneficiary company of the partial demerger of STET - Società Finanziaria Telefonica - per Azioni.

The instrument of demerger, which also constitutes the Articles of Incorporation of SEAT s.p.a. was executed on December 17, 1996. Pursuant to Article 2504-decies of the Civil Code, the demerger will be effective as of the date of the final registration of the abovementioned instrument in the Company Register of Turin, which is expected to take place on December 31, 1996, with the consequent trading of the STET ordinary and savings shares ex-demerger as of January 2, 1997. Upon this registration, the listing of the ordinary and savings shares of SEAT s.p.a. will also become effective, thus enabling the CONSOB to adopt a resolution that will allow trading to start on January 2, 1997. Notice of this resolution will be given in the press.

Notice is hereby given that the required Prospectus has been filed with the CONSOB on December 10, 1996 under No. 3836.

The abovementioned prospectus is available free of charge to all interested parties at STET's registered office (34 Via Bertola, Turin) and corporate headquarters (41 Corso d'Italia, Rome), as well as at the office of the SEAT Division (18 Via A. Saffi, Turin), which is also the future registered office of the new company, and at the offices of the Italian Stock Exchange Council.

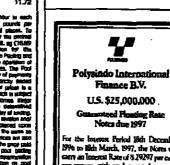
This notice has been published in the following newspapers: Il Sole 24 Ore, La Repubblica, Corriere della Sera, Il Messaggero, MF, Italia Oggi, La Stampa, Financial Times, The Well

Street Journal. Rome, December 19, 1996

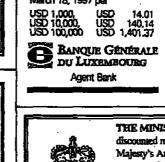
Board of Directors

Post purchase process of the post of the p With bounces I Colopitals. Province by the children before the price is press in the Popular and California depression with price in the Popular and California depression with person the operation of the depression provides the children and the california depression in the case of the reports of personal region to generate in suspect of electricity instead to generate provides the product of existing instead though the post the coloration of provides in the coloration of the california depression of the coloration of the coloration of the coloration of the coloration of the california depression of the california depr

THE PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT SGA SOCIETE GENERALE ACCEPTANCE N.V. FRF 1 000 000 000 REVERSE FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE DECEMBER 17, 1997 ISIN CODE: XS0039906721 For the period December 18, 1996 the new rate has been fixed at 22.1758 % P.A. Next payment dain March 19, 1997 Coupon nr : 16 FRF 56 05.55 for the monitation of FRF 100 000 FRF 56 055,49 for the communication of FRF 1 000 000 THE PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT SOCIETE GENERALE BANK & TRUST LINEMBOURG



Listed on the Lawrence Stock England



U.S. \$150,000,000 **(B)** 中国人民建设银行 The People's Construction Bank of China

Floating Rate Notes due 1997

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from December 19, 1996 to June 19, 1997 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 6.2375% per annum. The interest payelile on the relovant interest payment date, June 19, 1997 will be U.S. \$31.53 per U.S. \$1,000 Note and U.S. \$7,883.51 per U.S. \$250,000 Note.

By The Chase Manhatan Bank London, Agent Bank

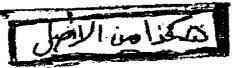
CHASE



THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE invites interested parties to tender for the provision of discounsed mortgage advance facilities which may be offered to full-time members of Her Majesty's Armed Forces, Currently, Service personnel can join the Services' Preferential Mortgage Scheme which provides a range of discounted mortgage options with associated benefits. This scheme is due to end in 1997 and the MOD seeks to appoint a Service Provider(s) with rational coverage who can provide a preferential mortgage package. Expressions of Interest are invited from potential Service Providers. On receipt of a written request, a pre-qualification questionnaire will be issued. This questionnaire must be completed and returned by 1200 hours on Wed 15 January 1997. Only companies who are

Expressions of Interest should be addressed to Stephen Phillips, CP21b(2), Room 103, Wellesley House, 103-109 Waterloo Street, Glasgow, G2 7BN. Telephone 0141 224 8336.

successful with the pre-qualification scrutiny will be issued with a tender.



TECHNOLOGY

Sell off businesse

T he search for genes that affect mood and personality took an important step forward this month, with the first identification of a genetic mutation that makes people more susceptible to anxiety

and depression. Of course mood disorders result from an immensely complex interaction between genetic and environmental factors. But scientists believe that fewer than a dozen genes will turn out to be responsible for most susceptibil. ity to depression. Discovering them will help pharmaceutical researchers to develop more effective antidepressant drugs.

The first one to be identified is the gene for "serotonin transporter protein", a molecule that controls the level of serotonin in the brain. Serotonin is a chemical messenger or neurotransmitter whose balance is known to affect mood; indeed the present generation of antidepressants, known as selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitors, or SSRIs, act by increasing the activity of seroto

The promoter region of the serotonin transporter gene, which regulates its activity. comes in two alternative forms, known as alleles. Both occur commonly in the general popula-

The DNA is shorter by 44 chemical "letters" in one allele than in the other. And the short form is less efficient than the long one at producing serotonin

transporter protein. In two separate international collaborations, Klaus-Peter Lesch and colleagues at Würzburg University. Germany, studied the association of the two serotonin transporter alleles with personality traits in more than 1,000 volunteers. They found that people with the short form were more likely to have an anxious or neurotic personality and to suffer from clinical depression.

The study concentrating on anxiety, published in Science, was carried out with scientists at the US National Institutes of Health. The one on depression, published in Molecular Psychiatry, was a collaboration with the Institute of Psychiatry in London and SmithKline Beecham, the UK pharmaceutical group.

Having the short allele will not by itself make you an overanxious person, let alone give you depressive illness - which is just as well, since it is present in almost 70 per cent of the population. The researchers calculate that the serotonin transporter gene is responsible for 8 per cent of inherited variations in anxietyrelated personality traits and 30 per cent of the risk of suffering on the contrary, that reduced



Upbeat on depression

Clive Cookson on recent progress in the search for the genes which control our moods

depression serious enough to require hospital treatment.

The results may seem paradoxical to pharmacologists, says Gareth Roberts, director of molecular neuropathology research at SmithKline Beecham. They contradict the simple model of how SSRI depressants such as Eli Lilly's Prozac and SmithKline Beecham's Seroxat work.

According to this simple view, people with depression have abnormally low levels of serotonin available in the synapses the narrow gaps between brain cells - to transmit signals from one cell to the next. An SSRI raises the level by inhibiting the "re-uptake" process, in which serotonin is absorbed back into

the cells for use again. Pharmacologists had thought that the drugs worked by immobilising the transporter protein, which helps to carry serotonin molecules back into the cells. But the new genetic studies suggest,

activity by the transporter pro- and receptor sites on the cells. If tein is associated with depres-

"I think this is going to blow apart pharmacological thinking," Roberts says. "The genetics and pharmacology are giving us opposite hypotheses. Resolving the contradiction will give us new insight about the biology of depression - and clues for developing better therapy."

Two Smithkline Beecham researchers. Carol Routledge and Derek Middlemiss, have already come up with a provisional resolution of the contradiction. Their explanation involves variations in serotonin transporter in different regions of the brain and complex feedback mechanisms that come into play when their levels

A patient starting a course of antidepressants typically takes two or three weeks to respond, as the whole brain establishes a new equilibrium between neurotransmitters, transporter proteins

the simple SSRI picture were correct, the drugs would act much more quickly.

Although the list of candidate genes for behavioural traits and psychiatric diseases is still short, it will expand very quickly, predicts David Goldman, head of neurogenetics at the US National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, in a commentary on the Science paper.

More than 200 genes for neurotransmitters and associated molecules have already been cloned, he says, and "many of these will ss functional variants that contribute differently to behaviour - after all, alleles are why behaviours are heritable." Detailed knowledge of the way

different genes contribute to depression will not only lead eventually to improved drugs. It will also enable psychiatrists to tailor treatments better to patients, as genetic tests indicate the type of depression from

which they are suffering "At present there are no clear guidelines as to which antidepressant a patient will respond to," says Francis Mondimore, a clinical psychiatrist at the University of North Carolina and author of the book Depression, the Mood Disease. "It's a matter of chance which one you start with, and you may have to try

several drogs before you find the one that suits a particular individual.' Mondimore believes the discovery of depression genes will help patients in another way too. "It will help people to see depression

as a real illness that can be

treated by medication," he says. The overall contribution to depression of genes, as opposed to environmental factors, is still uncertain. "The data varies so much between studies that it's hard to put a finger on it," says John Kelsoe, professor of psychiatry at the University of California. San Diego.

Relsoe is collaborating with Novartis, the Swiss pharmaceutical group, on a programme to discover the genes for bipolar disorder - the disease formally known as manic depression, in which the mood swings between overactivity and depression. "We have focused on it because it has a stronger genetic component than unipolar [normal] depres-

sion," he says.
One candidate gene for which Kelsoe and colleagues have evidence of a linkage with bipolar disorder is the transporter for another important neurotransmitter, dopamine.

The total genetic contribution to bipolar disorder is probably in the region of 60 per cent to 70 per cent. For unipolar depression, the corresponding figure is perhaps 30 per cent to 40 per cent.

However, a recent international survey by Myrna Weissman and colleagues at Columbia University, New York, suggests that social and cultural factors make a big difference. The lifetime risk of suffering serious depression ranges from only 1.5 per cent in Taiwan and 2.9 per cent in Korea to 16.4 per cent in France and 19 per cent in Leba-

Some people seem to fated by their genes to suffer serious depression, whatever happens in their lives. Others are liable to be depressed in adverse social or emotional circumstances but not if things go well. And a fortunate few retain a psychological resilience in face of terrible personal

Have a Happy Christmas. The series on human genes con-

Worth Watching · Vanessa Houlder



Paving the way to less pollution

A stretch of Osaka pavement is being used to test a new design of paving stones that can cleanse the air of one of the main pollutants from traffic exhaust

The surface of the concrete paving blocks contains titanium oxide which, in the presence of sunlight, undergoes a catalytic reaction that removes nitrogen oxides from the surrounding air. The process creates nitric acid. which is washed away by rainwater.

The material, which was developed by Mitsubishi Materials Corporation, a Japanese metals and cemen manufacturer, will be sold in Japan next year at a price of Y1,2000 (£65) per sq m.

Laboratory experiments showed that the treated concrete blocks removed as much as 80 per cent of nitrogen oxides from the air.

Mitsubishi Materials: UK, tel (0)171 236 0130; fax (0)171 489

Pay for fuel from the driving seat

A new payment system could end petrol station queues. Drivers using 50 Mobil stations in St Louis, Missouri will be able to pay for fuel using electronic tagging technology instead of cash or credit cards.

Customers are issued with transponders, each of which has an identification code that allows the service station's computer to charge their credit cards for the fuel.

The transponder, which can be attached to the windscreen, a keyring or carried as a credit card, emits a signal which is read by a device on the fuel

The Pegasus Speedpass

ayment system is based on Tiris. Texas Instruments Registration and Identification System, which uses radio frequency technology to detect and track objects and people. Texas Instruments: US, tel 214

Complexity clues to medical matters

9171451; fax 214 9171440.

Research in non-linear dynamics, a branch of mathematics concerned with complex phenomena, is finding applications that range from finance to engineering. Now medical researchers are trying to apply it to the analysis of signals such as blood pressure and electrocardiograms.

Knoll, a subsidiary of BASF based in Ludwigshafen, Germany, is exploring this pproach using research by the Max Planck Institute for Extraterrestrial Physics in Garching, near Munich.

The company plans to use the new technology in its cardiovascular research, which involves complex feedback echanisms. It believes that the technique, which helps it understand how the system works as a whole, could speed up selection and clinical development of drugs and improve the monitoring of the patients' response to therapy.

Knoll: Germany, tel 8215891536; fax 6215891562.

Insect research takes wing

Scientists at Cambridge University believe they have cracked one of the mysteries of serodynamics: how insects fly. The problem that has

perplexed researchers is that the lift achieved when insects flap their wings does not comply with the known laws of aerodynamics.

Researchers photographed streaks of smoke passing over the wings of tethered hawkmoths - and a scaled-up mechanical model - flapping in a stream of moving air. They concluded that the extra lift is generated by a spiral vortex that travels along the leading edge of the wing, from base to tip. according to a report in today's Nature magazine.

University of Cambridge: UK, tel (0)1223 336668; fax (0)1223

Dominion wins) II hid approvi

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FIDELITY FUNDS Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Kansallis House - Place de l'Etoile B.P. 2174 - L-1021 Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg B 34036

To the holders of Shares of class FIDELITY FUNDS - YEN BOND FUND

Shareholders are hereby advised that pursuant to the powers conferred by Article 21 of the Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors of Fidelity Funds has resolved to proceed to the redemption of all the shares of class

FIDELITY FUNDS - YEN BOND FUND on 20th January 1997.

Shareholders will receive payment of the proceeds (consti-tuting the net asset value of their holding of shares of class Fidelity Funds - Yen Bond Fund as at 20th January 1997) after the date of redemption within the usual set period of seven business days in accordance with the Pro-

Amounts which for any reason cannot be paid pro Amounts which for any reason cannot be plat plothery as shareholders may be claimed at the offices of Brown Brothers Harriman (Luxembourg) S.A. at 31-33 boulevard Prince Henri, L-1724 Luxembourg antil the 20th July 1997 and thereafter at the Caisse des Consignations of Luxembourg at 1-3, avenue Guillaume, L-1651 Luxembourg.

Following this compulsory redemption, this class of shares will cease to exist and until further notice no shares of such

Shareholders are also offered the option to switch without charge into any of the other classes of share of Fidelity Funds which are available for distribution in their jurisdiction. Further information may be requested at the registered office FIDELITY FUNDS



CONTRACTS & TENDERS

CONSTRUCTION DE L'HEMICYCLE DU PARLEMENT EUROPEEN A STRASBOURG APPEL D'OFFRES DE FINANCEMENT (NOTICE OF INVITATION TO TENDER - FINANCING)

La Société d'Aménagement et d'Equipement de la Région de Strasbourg (S.E.R.S)

lance une consultation publique en vue d'obtenir

un prêt de 395 millions de FF ou sa contre-valeur en Ecus

nn prêt libellé en Ecus pour la contre-valeur de 210 millions de FF

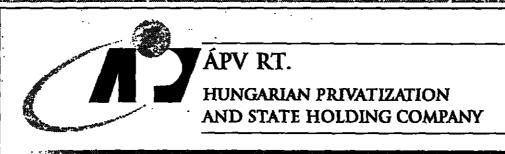
• une ouverture de crédit libellée en Ecus pour la contrevaleur de 140 millions de FF. Ce financement complémentaire est destiné à couvrir les dépenses de construction jusqu'à la date d'achèvement

durée de 20 ans. La publication de cet appel d'offres ouvert a été envoyée au JOCE en date du 6 décembre 1996. Les modalités de

prévue dans un an et, le cas échéant, la consolidation sur une

participation à l'appel d'offres y sont indiquées. Date limite de réception des offres: Lundi 27 janvier 1997 à

S.E.R.S. - 10 rue Oberlin - 67080 STRASBOURG CEDEX -Tel: 33.03.88.37.88.88 - Telécopie: 33.03.88.37.88.77



NOTICE OF TENDERS

for shares of three companies within the Hungarian electricity industry

The Hungarian Privatisation and State Holding Company (APV Rt.), H-1133 Budapest, Újpesti rakpart 31-33, Hungary issued tenders for the sale of certain shares of Bakonyi Erőmű Rt. (Bakony Power Plant Limited), Pécsi Erőmű Rt. (Pécs Power Plant Limited) and Vértesi Erômů Rt. (Vértesi Power Plant Limited) on or about 31st July 1996. The bid submission date for these tenders was originally 30th October 1996. The APV Rt. determined to change the bid submission date of the tenders for these three companies to January 31, 1997 in order to provide investors expressing an interest in these companies additional time to prepare bids. To implement this change, for technical reasons, the APV Rt. is treating the tenders issued in July 1996 as being withdrawn or, as applicable, as having expired and as unsuccessful and is issuing new tenders for the three companies on substantially the same terms. Accordingly, the APV Rt. hereby gives notice of one round open tenders for the following:

L Bakonyi Erőmű Rt. (Bakony Power Plant Limited), H-8401 Ajka, Gyártelep Pf. 134, Hungary - 61,18% of the Ordinary Shares, with a nominal value of HUF 9,927,290,000, together with an obligation to purchase such additional number of shares (to a maximum of 15% of the Ordinary Shares) as are not taken up by employees pursuant to specific rights of the employ-

Tenderers are required to have consolidated shareholder funds of a book value equivalent to at least HUF 5,516,580,000 and are required to have adequate experience in operating coal-fired power plant and to own power plants with an aggregate installed electrical capacity of at least 183 MW.

IL Pécsi Erőmű Rt. (Pécs Power Plant Limited), H-7630 Pécs, Edison u. 1., Hungary - 61,98% of the Ordinary Shares, with nominal value of HUF 9,177,620,000, together with an obligation to purchase such additional number of shares (to a maximum of 15% of the Ordinary Shares) as are not taken up by employees pursuant to specific rights of the employees

Tenderers are required to have consolidated shareholder funds of a book value equivalent to at least HUF 6,008,680,000 and are required to have adequate experience in operating coal-fired power plant and to own power plants with an aggregate installed electrical capacity of at least 226 MW.

III. Vertesi Erőmű Rt. (Vértes Power Plant Limited) H-2841 Oroszlány. Külterület Pf. 23., Hungary - 76,01% of the Ordinary Shares, with a nominal value of HUF 18,978,550,000, together with an obligation to purchase such additional number of shares (to a maximum of 15% of the Ordinary Shares) as are not taken up by employees pursuant to specific rights of the employees to do so.

Tenderers are required to have consolidated shareholder funds of a book value equivalent to at least HUF 14,425,600,000 and are required to have adequate experience in operating coal-fired power plant and to own power plants with an aggregate installed electrical capacity of at least 382 MW.

Key conditions of the tender include the following:

- settlement of the purchase price shall be in a single lump sum in US dollars; · tenderers will be obligated to accept various existing employment policies of the companies:
- tenderers will be obliged to submit tender security with the bids in the form and amount specified in the tender rules (letter of credit or cash deposit) which will be included in the information memoranda; tenderers will be obliged to submit, and undertake obligations in respect of

bids must be valid for a period of 120 days from the bid submission date;

- their brief business and employment policy plans and the purchase and sale agreement will contain sanctions for the breach thereof; tenderers will be required to undertake obligations in connection with
- development projects and maintenance of social welfare assets and the purchase and sale agreement will contain sanctions for the breach thereof; tenderers will be obliged to submit in person five copies of their signed bids
- in both Roglish and Hungarian (as specified in more detail in the tender rules) in a sealed unmarked envelope at the time and place as specified in the tender rules and anticipated to be as set out below:

31st January 1997 between 14.00 hours and 16.00 hours ÁPV Rt. H-1133 Budapest, Újpesti rakpart 31-33, 3rd Floor, Room 392. bids will be submitted in the presence of the notary public and a receipt will be issued as proof of delivery:

the issuer reserves the right to declare one or more tenders unsuccessful and not to enter into a contract with any tenderer.

Revised tender rules for each of the tenders will be issued to interested investors as part of a short Supplementary Information Memorandum. All other tender documentation (including, inter alia, the information memoranda dated 24th July 1996) generally will remain in the form used for the tenders issued on or about 31st July 1996. Parties which have not previously expressed an interest in participating in the tenders issued on or about 31 July 1996, should request by fax from Mr. Tamás Gampel, Manager, APV Rt. (Fax: +36 1 266 1934) the form of the agreement to confidentiality which they must submit prior to becoming engible to collect the information memoranda. Interested parties should write providing the name of their organization, the name, fax nighter and telephone number of the individual responsible at that organization. There signed versions of such agreement should be sent or delivered to Mr. Campel at the APY Re. at the above address. Parties which have confident submitted are agreement to confidentiality will be notified by the that they will be eligible to collect, without charge, the information memorated for the companies in which they are interested, incluting the revised tender rules, from the Customer Services Office at the APV Ri, at the above addition thating with ing days between 0900 and 1500 hours. Procedures in the inflormed in uniter to gain access to data rooms and to access endaminant inflormation will be set out in the information memoranda.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Spread widening fuels Emu fears

GOVERNMENT BONDS By Samer Iskandar in London and Lisa Bransten in New York

The 10-year yield spread of Spanish government bonds over German bunds yesterday widened slightly, reinforcing some analysts' view that the convergence process was coming to an end.

Analysts at BZW in Lonexpectations of a further 100 to 150 basis point cut in Spanish interest rates look unjustified".

BZW is sticking to its current forecast that the 10-year spread of bonos over bunds should reach 175 basis points. It stood at 118 basis points yesterday, up from

Guilder issue

pick of quiet

day's trading

"The market has gone a long way in discounting Spain's participation in Emu from the first round," said Mr Mark Capleton, international bond strategist at

He said this was mainly reflected in the swans market which predicts that the vield spread between Spanish and German bonds will tighten to 30 basis points in coming years. "We are not don warned that "market convinced that Spain will be in Emu from the outset." Mr Capleton said.

As a result, BZW has downgraded both Italian and Spanish bond markets to "aggressively underweight". Since the recommendation on bunds is still "underweight", BZW's stance translates into a recommendation to reverse existing

convergence trades.

The March future on 10year bonos closed at 111.02. up 0.10. It underperformed

which rose 0.20 to 100.02. release of weaker than expected monetary growth data, showing that the M3 aggregate had risen by 8 per cent in November, against market expectations of 8.4

UK gilts weakened in the morning, after the release of strong employment and retail sales data. Liffe's March long gilt future fell to a low of 10814, before recovering to close at 10816, unchanged from Tuesday. Short-term rates also suffered, but failed to recover. As a result, the sterling yield

points between three months and 10 years.

The 95,800 fall in the number of unemployed, the larg-Liffe's March bund future, est decrease since the government started tracking Bunds were buoyed by the unemployment, reignited fears that future rises in the base rate might have to be larger than the chancellor is anticipating.

US Treasury prices were mostly flat in early trading as Wall Street awaited the results of the afternoon sale of two-year notes. Near midday in New York,

the benchmark 30-year Treasury had added 🔒 at 971 to yield 6.652 per cent, while at the short end of the maturity spectrum existing two-year notes were unchanged at 99%, vielding 5.847 per cent. The March

traded in Chicago, lost & at

Traders were hopeful that decent demand would be shown at the auction, especially in the wake of sharp losses that have driven yields higher since the start of the month.

By midday yesterday, the yield of the two-year note had added about 24 basis points since the end of November, and the long bond's yield had risen 32 basis points in the same period.

Later in the afternoon the Treasury was to announce the results of its auction of \$18.25bn of two-year notes. and sell \$12.5bn of five-year notes. This new supply has been one of the factors putting pressure on the market

New international bond issues

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INTERNATIONAL BONDS By Conner Middelmann

The eurobond market saw another sprinkling of deals in quiet trading, with a Dutch guilder bond for Batavia Credit Card Corp, a special purpose vehicle, featuring most prominently.

The issue was for F1600m - increased from F1500m after strong demand - of triple-A rated, 10-year bonds priced to yield 35 basis points over Dutch government bonds.

The bonds are collateralised by Batavia's holdings of Citicorp Master Trust floating-rate notes, which are themselves backed by credit

WARLS BANK BRICE

According to an official at bookrunner Morgan Stanley, the bonds were placed mainly with Dutch institutions as well as some continental European and UK funds keen on long-dated guilder bonds with a triple-A rating and offering an attrac-

tive yield spread. He said most of the deal was placed yesterday, and the bonds closed at a spread of 35 basis points on the bid

In the sterling sector, Swedish Export Credit launched a £110m issue of three-vear unlisted bonds targeted at Japanese retail investors. According to an official at bookrunner IBJ International, Japanese

7.01

7.31 5.99 6.06 6.24 6.87 4.86 5.90 5.92

keen to diversify their currency exposure away from US. Australian and New Zealand dollars, and have been attracted by the high yields offered by ster-

Elsewhere in the sterling sector, Hanson, the UK conglomerate, announced it was redeeming its 2500m issue of 10 per cent bonds due April 18 2006 following approval by a special bondholders'

ling bonds.

The bonds are being repurchased at a price of 110.61, which represents a spread over gilts of 45 basis points. They traded recently at a spread of about 60 basis points, but the spread had

demerger plans. The Italian domestic bond

market saw the launch of the longest-dated corporate said. bond yet: L200bn of 10-year bonds for Parmalat, the world's largest dairy com-The bonds, which are

being privately placed by lead manager Union Bank of Switzerland, carry a coupon of 7.25 per cent, which the issuer has the option to convert into a floating rate of 35 basis points over Italian treasury bills after five

The recent sharp decline in Italian interest rates has been as wide as 95 basis made it possible for Italian

points early in the year after corporates to issue such Hanson announced its long-dated bonds, as investors are keen to lock in long-term yields around current levels, a UBS official

> In the French domestic market, Bouygues, the construction and telecommunications company, announced the terms of its forthcoming bond issue - its first in over 12 years which is expected to be launched today.

It plans to issue FFr1.5bn of seven-year domestic bonds at a yield spread of 46 to 48 basis points over French government bonds. Banque Nationale de Paris and Crédit Lyonnais are joint lead managers.

FTSE Actuaries Govt. Securities

Poland

By Christopher Bobinski

The Polish government has completed plans for the privatisation of Telekomunikacja Polska SA (TP SA), the telecoms operator. Mr Andrzei Zielinski, tele-

communications minister, told parliament yesterday that details of the sell-off were ready, and the plan could be approved by the government early next year. The plan, prepared with investment banks Schroders

and CS First Boston, is believed to support the sale of a 15-20 per cent stake in TP SA, mainly through Global Depositary Receipts on foreign exchanges, begin-

An adviser for the privati-sation of TP SA, which predicts sales of 6.3bn zlotys (\$2.2bn) this year, is expected to be appointed next

Meanwhile, Ameritech, the Chicago-based telecoms operator, has sold its 24.5 per cent stake in Centertel, Poland's first NMT analogue technology mobile telephone company, to TPSA and France Télécom, the other partners, for about \$50m. The sale follows disputes over investment and man-

agement policy. Ameritech and France Télécom have also promised to withdraw a breach of contract case from international arbitration. This arose from the Polish government's failure earlier this year to grant Centertel a more modern GSM mobile telephone licence, promised when the venture was established in 1992.

Mr Zielinski said he expected Poland to have 1.5m-2m mobile telephone users

Banamex meets launch sale capitalisation of telecoms target of \$1.1bn

in Mexico City

Banamex, Mexico's largest bank, yesterday completed a \$1.1bn capitalisation which will strengthen its capacity to withstand considerable write-offs on its mortgage portfolio when stricter accounting practices come into effect next year.

Banamex undertook to raise 8.54bn pesos (\$1.1bn) of fresh capital at the height of Mexico's financial crisis last year, as a condition for being allowed to sell 15bn pesos of bad loans - 12 per cent of its total loan portfolic - to the government. Few believed Banamex would be able to meet its target without a sig-nificant dilution of shareholder control.

However, a combination of ance and telecome groups, the merger of affiliated financial companies with the bank, extra contributions from existing shareholders, and the issue of \$350m of subordinated exchangeable capital debentures in July. allowed Banamex to raise almost all the new capital without affecting its owner-

ship structure. The final \$57.5m was cov-

Banacci, the financial group which owns Banamer, in connection with the public offering of FDC's Money-Gram Payment Systems.

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Banamex handles the Mexican side of MoneyGram's electronic money transfer business, which has grown rapidly since its launch in 1990. Mexicans working in the US send home between \$5bn and \$7bn a year. MoneyGram captured \$600m of this in 1996.

"Banamex was not a shareholder of FDC, but it greatly contributed to the development of the consumer money wire transfer business between the US and Mexico," Mr Manuel Medina-Mora, president and chief executive officer of Banacci,

said yesterday. He said completion of the Illiances with foreign insur- capitalisation had raised shareholder equity from 12.6bn pesos at the end of the 1995 third quarter to 20bn pesos today. Including subordinated debt, total capital was 24bn pesos, or 16 per cent of risk-weighted assets. Mr Medina-Mora said Banamex would continue to set aside provisions against mortgage defaults, as new accounting rules will force banks to reclassify as pastered by a payment from due many home loans now First Data Corp (FDC) to considered current.

Ghana Telecom result

Volta Communications, a government-owned utility. company controlled by Telekom Malaysia, yesterday tor licence (SNO) designed to won the bid for a 30 per cent end Ghana Telecom's strategic stake in Ghana l'elecom, Joel Kibazo writes The group is paying \$38m for the holding and will also assume manage-

ment control of the

A Second National Operamonopoly, and advertised at the same time as the strategic stake, was awarded to ACG Telesystems, a company controlled by Western Wireless of the US.

UK Indices

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Belglum	7.000	05/06	107.2000	+0.200						
Canada "	7.000	12/06	102,8000	+0.600						
Denmark	8,000	03/06	109,0200	+0.300						
Frence BTAN	5.500	10/01	103.3995	+0.040						
OAT	6.500	10/08	104,9600	+0.220						
Germany Bund	8.250	04/06	102,5700	+0.260						
tretand	8.000	30/30	108.2700	-0.010						
Italy	9,500	02/06	113,1300	-0.310						
Japan No 143	6,300	09/01	121,7607	-0.120						
No 182	3.000	09/05	104,1498	-0.230						
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8.000 8.000 7.500 9.000 6.500 7.000 08/07 12/00 12/06 10/08 10/06 11/26 04/06 111.5700 108.5948 102-14 98-27 109-19 100-23 98-04 105.6300 +0.160 +0.540 -10/32 -1/32 +1/32 +9/32 +15/32 +0.260 7.05 6.83 7.28 7.67 7.75 6.40 6.64 6.18

Treasury Bills and Bond Yleids

BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS

	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. voi.	Open Int.
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Sep	125.20	125.20	+0.12	125.20	125.20	2	_
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127	1,48	1,8	3 2	.05	0.02	0.34	0.60
128	0.61	1.1	1 1	.40	0.15	0.85	0.94
129	0.13	0.5	3 0	LB7	0.67	1.12	1.40
130	0.02	0.2	_	.50	1.56	1.79	2.03

III NOTIONAL GERMAN BUND FUTURIES (LIFFE) DM250,000 100ths of 100%

■ BUND PUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) DM250,000 points of 100% Italy M NOTIONAL ITALIAN GOVT, BOND (BTP) FUTURES Open Sett price Change 128.60 128.50 127.15 128.03 128,73 128,15 +0.21 TALIAN GOVT. BOND (BTP) FUTURES OPTIONS (LIFFE) Lin200m 100ths of 100%

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 Mar	ONAL SPA	Sett price	Change	High	Low		
Mar Jun	ONAL SPA	Sett price 111.00	Change	High	Low		
Mar Jun UK	Open 111.20	Sett price 111.00	Change +0.10	High 111,44	Low 110.93	53,986	
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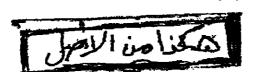
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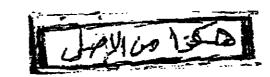
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UK Gilts	Dec 18	change %	Dec 17	interest	ytd							Yr. ago			
1 Up to 5 years (21)	120.64	-0.09	120.76	2.40	9.44	5 yrs	7.36	7.32	6.93	7.41	7,38	6.94	7.47	7.42	7.01
2 5-15 years (19)	147,77	0.02	147.74	2.13	11.68	15 yrs	7.80	7.82	7.68	7.79	7.80	7.73	7.73	7.77	7.80
3 Over 15 years (7)	167.23	0.14	167.00	3.48	11.85	20 yrs	7.85	7.86	7.77	7.83	7,84	7.79	7,74	7.78	7.85
4 irrectesmables (6)	191.63	-0.12	191.86	1.95	13.47	Irrect.†	7.88	7.87	7.86						
5 All stocks (53)	142,99	0.00	142,99	2.52	10.97	1									
- ' ' .						! .		nfietion	5%		H	flation 10	% —		
Index-linised					!		Dec 1	18 Dec 1	17 Yr. ag	0	Dec 1	8 Dec 17	Yr. ago		
6 Up to 5 years (2)	202.63	-0.07	202.77	1.27	5.28	Up to 5 v	rs 3.2	4 32	1 2.51		2.52	2.49	1.26		
7 Over 5 years (10)	193.52	-0.28	194.07	1.63	4.71	Over 5 vi	3.6	1 3.5	9 3.52	!	3.40		3.31		
8 All stocks (12)	193.43	-0.26	193.93	1.59	4.89	•	-	_			_				
Average gross redemption	ylekis are s	hown above.	Coupon Ban	de: Low; 0%-	74%; Ma	dur: 8%-10	44%; High;	11% and	over. † Fi	et ylekt. ;	ytel Year to	date.			
FT Fixed Interes	t Indice	s				GI	lt Edge	ed Act	ivity In	dices					
Dec	18 Dec 17	7 Dec 16 De	13 Dec 1	2 Yrago i	iligh" Lo	w*			Dec	17	Dec 16	Dec 13	Dec	12	Dec 11
Govt. Secs. (UIQ 83.	81 94.06	94.04 93	71 93.73	95.65 9	6.34 91	.58 GER	Edged t	argeku.	77	2.9	73.1	84.5	71	.6	78.7
		116.30 115					ay averag	20	7	12	78.2	82.1	83	و	89.2
O FTSE international Ltd 1 high since completion: 133	1996. All ngh 187 (21/01/94	ts reserved. " 9, low 90.53 (f	for 1996, G 18/01/75), Ba	overtainent Se ses 100: Gove	cunties his	gh since com Curities 15/10	pageon: 12 126 and Fb	7.4 (09/0) ad hearts	/35), low 4 t 1928, SE	8.18 (03 activity	701/75). Fi	xed Interes used 1974.		_	

Listed are the latest international bo	nds for	włach t	here i	s an ac	lequate secondary merket. Latest pri	oes at 7	7:00 pm	on E	Эворні	ber 18				
	Bid	Offer	Chg	Y	İstrad		Offer	Chg	Yiek	latined .	Bid	Offer	Chg	Yiel
U.S. DOLLAR STRAIGHTS Abbey Med Treesury 6½ 03 1000	100	emi.	ıl.	5.49	Spain 714 03 4000	108%	109		5.62	Abbey Nati Treesury 8 03 2 1000	100 ¹ 2	100%	4	7,8
ARN Arms Bank 75 / 75 1000		1024				1005	106 ¹ 2 1023	-1	5.82 5.41	British Land 87, 23 £ 150 Demmark 63, 98 £ 800	95%	95³4 99³4	7	9.5 7.0
ABN Amro Bank 7 ¹ 4 05	100%	1014		7.31	World Bank 5% 03 3000 World Bank 6% 02 3000	1045	1043		5.17	Depts Finance 74 (3 £ 500	95%	369-4L		7.5
Alberta Province 75 98 1000	1027 ₈	1024		6.00	World Bank 7 ¹ 8 (5	1075 ₈	1074		5.93	EB 8 03 £ 1000	1017	1017	3	7.6
Asian Day Bank 64, 05 750	81.5	97%								1000 Glasso Wellcome 67, 05 2 500	1035		يّد	8.1
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Sank Ned Gymeanten 7 99 1000	1024	1023	•	6.10	Austrie 4½ 00 1000 Council Europe 4¾ 98 250 Denmark 4¾ 99 1000 EB 3¾ 99 1000	1021	103	•	232	Baly 10 ¹ 2 14 £ 400 Japan Dev Bk 7 00 £ 200	667	99%		7.
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Pritich Cas n 21 1900	167.	16 ¹ 4	78	7.68	Finland 7 ² s 99 500 toeland 7 ² s 00 100 Inter Amer Day 4 ³ s 03 600	1117	11212		272	Powerper 8/6 US E	103%	103%		8.
Canada 63 ₈ 05 1500	9614	983	ᄲ	6.75	toeland 75g 00 100	11412	116%		3.30	Tolgo Sec Power 11 01 £ 150	1116	109 1113		7.5 7.5
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CURRENCIES AND MONEY

Sterling returns to heights as economy surges

By Simon Kuper

Sterling rose yesterday to near the peak from which it nosedived early this month. It was boosted by the rising dollar, the sharpest fall in UK unemployment on record, and strong retail

The pound closed at 94.4 tary meeting between Mr per cent of its 1990 value on a trade weighted basis, compared with 94.5 per cent on December 2, the day before profit taking sent it plummeting. Despite that sharp fall, sterling has now appreclated almost 9 per cent

sínce October 8. It rose 1.4 pfennigs against the D-Mark yesterday, taking its gains for the week to 3.5 pfennigs, and closed in London at DM2.599. Against the dollar, sterling was unchanged at \$1,673.

The UK economic data particularly the unemployment total, which fell by 95,800 to below 2m - sent

POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAINST

traders' expectations of rate rises soaring. Short sterling futures contracts for March 1997 fell 14 basis points, to price in base rates of more than 6.50 per cent, compared with rates of 6 per cent at present. December 1996 contracts fell just 4 basis points, as the money markets had already priced in a base rate hike at the January 15 mone-

Kenneth Clarke, the chancel-

ior, and Mr Eddie George,

governor of the Bank of

England.

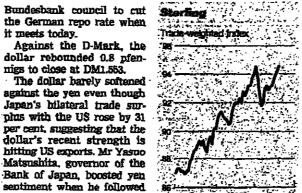
The D-Mark surrendered Tuesday's gains against the dollar as German November M3 money supply data came in slightly weaker than expected, and the Bundes-bank added liquidity to the market. However, few currency strategists expect the

B Pour	d in New Yo	xrk .
Dec 18	-Latest-	- Prev. close -
£ apot	1,8730	1.6705
1 1000	1.6722	1.6696
3 mth	1.6695	1.6835
135	1.6560	1.6548

Bundesbank council to cut the German repo rate when it meets today. Against the D-Mark, the

migs to close at DM1.553. The dollar barely softened against the yen even though Japan's bilateral trade surplus with the US rose by 31 per cent, suggesting that the dollar's recent strength is hitting US exports. Mr Yasuo Matsushita, governor of the Bank of Japan, boosted yen sentiment when he followed other Japanese officials in saying the country's eco-

nomic recovery was "starting to increase". The dollar closed just Y0.1 off against the yen at Y113.6. The Bank of Portugal cut its repo rate by 20 basis points to 6.70 per cent. It also cut its rate for draining funds and its emergency lending rate by 20 basis points each, to 6.20 per cent and 8.30 per cent respectively. But the escudo softened only a touch against



■ Sterling yesterday briefly crossed the key psy-chological barrier of DM2.60 before falling back again. DM2.60 was the point from which it fell at the start of this month. Now it has retraced those losses. Can it go higher this time?

Most currency strategists believe so. The pound fell last time chiefly because many traders wanted to take their profits on its autumn

rise before the end of the year, and because many investors were holding far more of their assets in sterling than their own guidelines said they should. Also, few were convinced that Mr Clarke would raise rates after the December 11 monetary meeting. Nor, in the

This time the picture is brighter for sterling. Almost all strategists expect a rate hike next month. Most of the traders and investors who wanted to sell pounds have done so. The UK economy has continued to look strong while most of its rivals have continued to falter. Yet inflation, although above Mr Clarke's target, hardly seems

event, did he do so.

Dec 18 \$ \$ \$ Couch Rp 45.7075 - 45.7683 27.3370 - 27.3570 https://doi.org/10.1087/10.1

Yesterday's wage data were

■ The Swiss franc, which has been sinking for most of the year, hit its lowest point against the D-Mark yester day since May 1994. It closed in London at SFr0.857, down from SFr0.854, and fell to near its worst level against the dollar since January

1995, closing at SFr1.331. Earlier this week Goldman Sachs had said that selling the Swiss currency was "our favourite trade still". Other than the New Zealand dollar which was also overpriced. the Swiss franc was "still the most misaligned currency",

the bank said. Goldman has noted "the alarming weakness of the Swiss economy, and the 'obviousness' that the franc needs to decline further to help restore some growth".

 For the latest market update, ring FT Cityline on +44 990 209909

MONEY RATES 4.75 3.00 8.25 7.38 3.30 7.50 3.00 1,00 5.00 0.50 # \$ LIBOR FT London 53 5.07 4<u>4</u> 32 53 5.16 43 3% 5% 4.95 4<u>4</u> 3<u>2</u> interbesk Fishing US Dollar (De ECU Linked Ds SDR Linked Da

3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 3½ - 3½ 6 - 5½ 5½ - 5∯ 6½ - 6½ Dutch Guilde

68,899 36,782 27,511 MONTH SUROMARK FUTURES (LIFFE)' DM1m points of 100% -0.01 -0.02 -0.01 -0.02 High Low Est vol Open int. 9580 8883 2239 96,91 96,92 96,92 22 106.6 -62 68.3 02 -15 77.6 MONTH BUROLINA PUTURES (LIFFE) L1000m points of 100% 2.3 104.9 2.7 104.8 0.5 99.2 -0.8 95.5 93.62 93.98 94.11 94.10 93.63 93.63 94,02 94.00 94,14 94.12 94,15 94.12 93.63 +0.01 +0.01 +0.01 +0.01 -0.3 79.2 0.9 87.4 3.3 105.1 1.0 93.8 98.16 98.08 97.95 97.73 98.12 98.06 97.92 97.72 98.14 98.08 97.94 97.73 +0.02 +0.04 +0.05 +0.05 98.12 98.05 97.91 97.70 4472 MONTH EUROYER FUTURES (LIFFE) Y100m points of 100% Open Sett price Change High Est. vol. Open int. LOW -0.01 -0.01 -0.01 99.46 99.37 99.25 99.46 99.37 99.46 99.37 III, THEREE MICHTH ECU FUTURES (LIFFE) Equim points of 100% Open Sett price Change High Low

95.95 95.97 95.93 95.80 95.95 95.97 95.92 95.79 res also traded on APT LIRA OPTIONS (LIFFE) L1000m points of 100%

General Motors Corporation

Further to the DIVIDEND DECLARATION

given that the following distribution will become payable on or after 16th

December 1996 against presents the Depositary (as below) of Claim Forms listing Bearer Depositary Receipts.

Great Ostribution
Per Unit 200 CENTS
Less 18%
US Withholding Tex. 0.38 CENTS

Barclays Bank PLC

BGSS Depository Serv London BCCR 3HP

2.00 CTENTS

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Fertiliser use threatened by cereals price weakness

By Deborah Hargreaves

Buoyancy in the world fertiliser market is looking vulnerable for next year as falling grain prices 1997-98. push farmers to trim their planting of cereals, according to a reduced the amount of land it

recent report by the World Bank.* per cent in the past five months. year's firm wheat prices led to a 2.8 per cent increase in the total duction, reaching the highest

World grain production is

expected to rise 7.5 per cent this year, but with prices sliding so quickly, farmers could be discouraged from raising their output in

The European Commission has requires farmers to leave idle, Grain prices have dropped 30 from 10 per cent to 5 per cent for next year, in response to the tight since their highs in May. This cereals market earlier in the year.

Meanwhile, the European Fertiliser Manufacturers' Association amount of land used for grain pro- says world fertiliser use was up 5 per cent in 1995-96 to 128m tonnes, although still below the peak of

the use of fertilisers in western Europe will be stable next year, with the drop in set-aside land possibly leading to a 1-2 per cent increase in demand.

Demand from western Europe accounts for 14 per cent - 17.7m tonnes - of world fertiliser consumption and has been stable in

Environmental concerns, however, could affect demand. "The environmental movement has had an effect on the intensity of use and the precision of use. There is

Mr Ole Eilertsen, director- every reason for European farm- a high point last December of \$233 Brazil remains strong. general of the association, says ers to use fertilisers sparingly," he a tonne, to below \$200 a tonne.

> vulnerable to increasing supply \$117 a tonne for most of the year. from new plants around the world. China is soon to begin operating two new urea plants with over-capacity in Canada and with production capacity of 1m tonnes a year. This will reduce China's demand for fertiliser on the world market, where it has been an important force.

Materials used to create fertilisers have been affected by the supply and demand situation. Urea prices have slipped since reaching

The World Bank says prices for although some producers have been trying to raise prices. But countries from the former Soviet Union, the chances of an improvement in the market look slim.

Phosphate-based fertilisers are, however, stronger at some \$180 a tonne for triple-super-phosphate. The Indian government has raised subsidies for phosphatebased fertilisers and demand from PA 19170-7956, \$150

Mr Eilertsen said ammonia prices had been pushed up World fertiliser prices are also potassium chloride have stalled at recently by some restrictions in supply from Russia, the largest producer. Prices for delivery through the Black Sea and Baltic have risen from \$180 a tonne to

Ammonia is used in the producwhich are the most commonly *Commodity Markets and the

\$210 a tonne in recent months.

tion of nitrogen-based fertilisers. used in western Europe. Developing Countries, the World Bank, Box 7247-7956, Philadelphia.

with France. Italy and the

UK performing well.

De Beers said the retail

diamond jewellery market

was growing at an average 5

per cent a year, and that the

long and medium-term pros-

pects "remain positive in

showing promise were the

Gulf states, an area in which

De Beers was prevented

from promoting diamonds

until two years ago because

the group was on the Arab black list for trading with

Israel. De Beers said sales of

diamond jewellery in the

Gulf last year reached about

\$1bn, which made the area

the world's fourth or fifth-

largest market. The total

also excluded, because of

local custom, purchases by

Among the new markets

most parts of the world".

Weather fears push up wheat **futures**

MARKETS REPORT

By Laurie Morse in Chicago and Deborah Hargreaves

Wheat futures prices at the Chicago Board of Trade rose yesterday as traders began to be concerned that cold weather and winter storms in the western plains wheat growing areas might damage over-wintering wheat. Commercial buying to anticipation of slow year-end grain movement also supported prices.

Wheat futures for March delivery in Chicago traded above US\$4 per bushel yesterday for the first time since October. The March contract traded as high as US\$4.095 by midday. However, traders said that large wheat harvests anticipated in Australia and in other southern-hemisphere growing regions were likely to limit the advance.

May soyabean prices were elso up modestly at midday. Late in the session wheat futures for March delivery had risen 13% cents per bushel at US\$4.08.

North Sea Brent crude oil futures on the International Petroleum Exchange retraced some of Tuesday's loss as traders focused on bullish stock figures from the US Energy Information Administration.

Distillate inventories which include heating oil showed a fall of 400,000 barrels. February futures were up 20 cents a barrel at one stage, but trading was thin and the market slipped a little in later trading.

Blizzards in the US Midwest continued with freezing weather forecast until Christmas, but natural gas futures - which rose this week on the New York Mercantile Exchange - fell yesterday on profit-taking.

336

Tallounist.

The state of the s

End to Australia Diamond sales at record despite upheaval sugar tariff urged By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

By Nikki Tait in Sydney

Australia should drop its tariff on sugar imports from the start of the 1997 financial year, a governmentappointed review recommended yesterday. The move would cost the raw sugar industry almost A\$228m (US\$181m) a year.

But the industry should be allowed to retain its "single desk" marketing arrangements, the Sugar Industry Review working party concluded in its final report.

The group said removal of the tariff would give domestic refiners and industrial customers access to sugar at world market prices. Although it would result in lost revenues for the raw be corresponding benefits to other sectors of the economy", the report said.

More controversially, the working party recommended that the Queensland Sugar markets all the state's raw accounts for 95 per cent of sugar, and is funded by cane- all sugar produced in Ausgrowers out of these sales. should continue in this role. However, it suggests the QSC's regulatory activities be hived off to a separate, introduced in the early

were generally welcomed by canegrowers, most of whom were resigned to the removal of the tariff but fearful that the single desk marketing

are widely expected to be implemented by both the federal government, which has responsibility for tariff policy, and the Queensland state government, which covers other aspects of the

The sugar industry review had been set up jointly by the two governments, and was partly spurred by Australia's "national competition" policy. This has called for a re-examination of marketing arrangements in all sugar industry, "there will rural sectors, and specified that agricultural sector legislation should not be allowed to restrict competition unless the benefits are shown to outweigh the costs. The A\$2bn-a-year Queens Corporation, which buys and land sugar industry - which

arrangements could also go. The review's conclusions industry.

tralia – has traditionally

been seen as one of most

heavily-protected, although

significant liberalisation was

All the turbulence in the diamond market in 1996 did not prevent sales by the international producers' cartel organised by De Beers of South Africa reaching a

record \$4.83bn. This was 7 per cent above the previous record, set last year. In spite of the disruption caused by the withdrawal from the cartel of the Argyle diamond mine of Australia in June, sales of rough or uncut stones in the second half were also a record, up 5 per cent at

Analysts estimate that the loss of Argyle cost De Beers' London-based Central Selling Organisation about minimal so they did not \$150m of revenue in the sec-expect another price

By Kenneth Gooding,

Mining Correspondent

Great Central Mines, which

lia's fourth-largest gold pro-

Joe Gutnick and resources

director Mr Ed Eshuys, is to

be included in the Financial

from January 2.

Times Gold Mines Index a year.

ond half. During the six months, the market also had to cope with the uncertainty caused by the protracted negotiations between the CSO and Russia for a new contract.

De Beers said rough diamond sales this year had reflected continuing strength in world retail demand for diamond jewellery, particularly in the US. Mr Nicholas Oppenheimer, chairman of the CSO, said: "Retail sales speak volumes about the strength of the market at the However.

suggested that, even though retail sales of big cut diamonds are doing well now, traders were complaining that profit margins were

by his mentor, the late Rebbe Menachem Schneer-

son, that he would find gold

ern Australian desert, Mr

one of the most aggressive

explorers in the country.

spending A\$50m (US\$39.7m)

These efforts were first

Source: De Bisers CSO

increase in the near future. increase of 8 per cent to According to De Beers, global retail diamond jewel- sales, showing signs of lery sales rose an estimated recovery in a difficult eco-5 per cent to about \$52.6bn nomic environment, were at last year. The US contrib- a similar level. European

Spurred on by a prediction rewarded in 1991 with the Bronzewing mine area and

Bronzewing deposit in

Belt. Great Central was

by Mr Mark Creasy, a

Central paid A\$117m for his

3 6,756

about \$16.8bn, and Japanese uted strongly, with an sales, at \$7.3bn, were mixed,

Great Central Mines joins FT gold index

Western Australia's Yandal in 1992. Last financial year, Great originally wooed to the area Central produced 362,000 troy ounces of gold from British-born prospector. He Bronzewing and Jundee, became one of Australia's which it now wholly owns. It richest men when Great has forecast output at 550,000 ounces in the current 30 per cent stake in the financial year.

Jundee mine, discovered

Mr Gutnick has said Great spectacular discovery of the his 49 per cent holding in the Central would continue its aggressive exploration, and this should provide it with strong growth for at least

another five years.
Mr Joe Walsh, RBC
Dominion Securities analyst, recently forecast that Great Central's gold production would grow by 80 per cent to at least 650,000 ounces.

JOTTER PAD

COMMODITIES PRICES BASE METALS

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE (Prices from Amalgamented Metal Trading) ALUMINIUM, 98.7 PURITY (\$ per tonne) S onthe 1500-01 1532-33 1531.5-32 243,416 50,333 Open int. Total daily turnover E ALUMINIUM ALLOY (\$ per tonne

Kerb close 5,325 1,425 Open Int. E LEAD (S per tonne) 692-3 889-70 694-5 703/698 698.5-9 Kerb clase 38.335 NICKEL (\$ per tonne) 6525-30 6620-25

Close Previous High/fow AM Official 6450-60 6470/6465 Kerb close Open int. Total daily tumover TIN (\$ per tonne) 5746-55

Close Previous High/low AM Official 5710-20 Kerb close 15.748 ZINC, special high grade (\$ per tonne)

1051-2 Kerb close 21.811 EL COPPER, grade A (\$ per tonne)

67,B30

III LIME AM Official S/S rate: 1.6739 LME Closing E/S rate: 1.5727 Spot: 1.6727 3 miles: 1.6695 6 annes: 1.6661 9 miles: 1.6611 III HIGH GRADE COPPER (COMEX)

101.05 +225 102.50 99.20 1,271 3,217 100.60 +2.75 101.20 98.60 336 6,311 99.40 +220 88.50 97.70 24 1,455 98.50 +2.20 99.40 96.50 7.23 20.485 97.30 +2.10 97.30 97.30 10 926 96.10 +2.20 96.90 94.90 291 4.561

PRECIOUS METALS III LONDON BULLION MARKET

Gold(Troy oz) \$ price £ equity SFr equity 369.20-369.50 Morning for 369.00 220.54 489.48 Afternoon for 368.70 220.38 490.07 Apr May Jan Total 389.30-360.RT

Day's Low nus close 369.00-369.40 Loco Ldn Mean Gold Lending Rates (Vs US\$) 485.00 480.80 293,60

496.90 509.25 artinom 8 307.30 Gold Coins \$ price £ equiv. 220-221

Precious Metals continued M GOLD COMEX (100 Troy az.; \$/troy az.)

971.0 +0.8 370.5 370.0 129 823
370.5 +0.8 770.5 370.0 129 823
370.5 +0.8 71.6 370.4 32.295 91.192
373.5 +0.8 373.6 372.7 2.202 22.392
373.9 +0.8 376.2 376.3 173 15,766
378.4 +0.9 378.5 378.5 10 5,307 374.9 +3.1 375.0 372.5 4,198 13,063 +3.1 376.9 374.5 2,193 13,313 +3.1 379.5 378.5 35 2,040 +3.1 - - 89 1,985 E PALLADIUM NYMEX (100 Troy oz.; \$/troy oz.) SILVER COMEX (5,000 Troy oz.; Cents/troy oz.)

- 492.0 485.5 22,606 55,459 - 494.5 490.0 443 9,810 - 500.0 486.0 89 8,381 23,282 83,189 **ENERGY** ■ CRUDE OIL NYMEX (1,000 barrels. S/barrel) 25.30 -0.41 26.05 25.03 34.305 34,165 24.62 -0.38 25.25 24.37 33.253 90.079 34.08 -0.32 24.60 23.60 8.053 33.948 24.65 -0.37 22.95 23.40 5.584 27.319 22.90 -0.34 23.28 22.30 3.579 17.701 22.35 -0.34 22.78 22.30 2.708 28.336

22.14 -0.25 22.57 22.05 2,151 15,101 21.50 -0.29 21.96 21.45 1,286 10,860 M HEATING OIL MYNEX (42,000 US galle; c/US galle.)

Dec Jan Har Hay Jol Ang Total 72.80 -0.74 74.85 72.15 20.309 28.102 71.60 -0.70 73.20 71.05 11,781 31,472 68.65 -0.45 69.80 68.25 3,012 13,408 84,40 -0,45 65,40 64,25 61,00 -0,60 61,70 61,00 59,20 -0,40 59,90 58,05 655 8,129 396 4,793 713 5,215

219.25 -2.75 222.75 217.50 4.807 28.228 213.75 -2.25 216.75 212.25 2,764 12.930 265.50 -2.50 207.50 205.00 531 6,074 196.50 -2.50 198.25 196.25 261 190.75 -2.50 - - -190.75 -2.50 - - - 2.900 186.25 -2.50 188.00 185.75 480 7,387 BE NATURAL GAS INNEX (10,000 mm8ks; S/mm8ks) 3.940 -0.230 4.315 3.900 26,427 34,112 3.500 -0.113 3.760 3.475 9,002 31,057 3,000 -0.084 3,170 2,980 4,491 16,805 2.465 -0.040 2.570 2.450 2.163 10,014 2.280 -0.040 2.340 2.270 611 7,678

2.200 -0.025 2.230 2.200 553 6,929 III UNLEADED GASOLINE 69.00 -0.77 70.80 68.70 18,432 20,798 68.00 -0.77 69.50 67.85 10,440 21,572 89.10 -0.97 89.80 89.80 400 4,737 86.50 -0.52 69.60 87.90 185 3,216 86.70 -1.02 68.20 88.70 15 2,643

GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS IN WHEAT LIFFE IS per toppet

has been built into Austra- and diamonds in the West-

ducer by entrepreneur Mr Gutnick made Great Central

95.50 -0.40 95.50 95.50 97.60 -0.60 97.70 97.50 99.60 -0.40 99.60 99.25 100.85 -0.45 - -93.40 -0.40 - -95.40 -0.40 - -402.00 -2.50 416.00 401.00 258 380 351.00 +3.00 359.00 347.00 3.092 19.507 354.00 +3.00 364.00 352.00 368.00 +7.00 372.00 361.00 12.414 57.820 271.25 +0.50 276.75 271.00 4,944 4,502 264.75 -0.75 270.00 263.50 34,394149,519 285.75 -1.75 272.00 285.00 6,559 52,775 268.25 -1.25 774.00 268.00 1.922 55.216 263.25 -1.00 267.50 263.00 225 5.847 261.75 -0.75 265.50 261.50 2.262 36.255

52,472 307,121 # BARLEY LIFFE (2 per tonne) M SCYABEANS CST (5,000hs mic canta/90th busing

Jan 704.00 -2.50 716.25 703.00 24.956 46.397 699.50 -2.00 712.50 698.75 13.545 44,942 695.75 -2.75 708.00 695.00 2,827 25,556 696.50 -2.50 708.00 696.00 2,836 24,418 895.50 -1.75 705.50 685.00 273 2,971 880.00 -0.50 986.50 679.00 45 522 45,251 155,712 SOYABEAN OIL CBT (50,00000s; cents/fb) 23,288 \$4,659 SOYABEAN MEAL COT (100 tons; \$/ton)

23.24 +0.08 23.35 23.18 1,353 1,161 23.40 +0.04 23.59 23.38 11,217 25,980 23.81 +0.01 24.05 23.77 8,817 28,973 24.12 — 24.30 24.09 914 13,484 24.41 +0.04 24.50 24.35 791 9,933 24.42 +0.02 24.80 24.42 16 1,855 FOTATOES LIFFE (2/tonne)

360 831 429 100 Clace Prev

PUTURES DATA

European Free Market, from Metal Bulletin, \$ per lb in warehouse, unless otherwise stated (Last week's in brackets, where changed Antimony, 99.55% 5 per tonne 2100-2175 (2075-2175) Bismuth min 99.95% cts a pourd 65-70 Cobat MB free mid: min 99.9% 21.25-22.25 (21.50-22.50) bis 99.94 (21.25-22.25 (21.50-22.51) bis 99.94 (21.25-22.25 (21.50-22.51) bis 99.94 (21.25-22.25 (21.50-22.51) mkt min 99,9% 21,25-22,25 (21,50-22,50) min 99,39% 20,25-20,75 (20,25-21,00) Mer-cury min 99,99% 8 per 78lb fissik 162-172 Molybdenum Drummed molybdie oxide 4,30-4,60 Selenium min 99,5% 2,60-3,60 Tungsten ore 8td min 65% 8 per tonne unit (10kg) WO, clf 43-63 Vanedium min 93% clf 3,25-3,35 Uranium nuesco unves-tricted exchange value 14,40 ■ COCOA LIFFE (E/tonne

855 912 920 1,016 17,124 939 378 12,266 958 855 8,544 +18 1377 1356 4.928 33.960 +17 +16 +15 7,057 80,784 MAIZE CET (5,000 by min; cents/55b bushel) COCOA (ICCO) (SDR's/tonne)

1307 1260 1223 -7 1314 1299 1,214 12,454 +2 1262 1246 2,033 21,176 +2 1225 1211 945 6,474 1223 +15 1228 1203 1223 +15 1228 1200 1223 +15 1215 1215 M. COFFEE 'C' CSCE (37.500lbs; cents/lbs) 111.50 +2.00 112.15 108.50 4.152 15,946 108.00 +1.86 108.20 107.25 535 6,377 107.30 +1.25 107.50 108.10 100 1,878 105.60 +1.80 106.00 104.30 55 1,461 103.50 +2.00 104.00 102.25 45 1,083 101.30 +1.80 101.50 101.40 9 143 5.034 27,001

Dec 17 Comst. daily 90.04 91.00 WHITE SUGAR LIFFE (\$/tonne) 307.6 +2.8 307.5 303.8 1,534 14,680 307.1 +2.7 306.8 303.5 178 5,532 307.5 +2.3 307.9 305.4 30 2,617 302.9 +1.9 302.9 302.9 2 1,771 303.4 +1.9 303.4 303.4 2 554 246.0 +4.9 246.0 241.0 3,022 3,129
228.1 -0.8 232.5 228.0 10,514 24,135
220.7 -1.2 224.9 220.5 4,413 24,375
216.0 -0.8 220.0 215.9 236.9 15,488
215.1 -0.6 219.0 215.0 854 10,447
214.0 -0.7 217.5 214.0 46 2,080
21,611 33,104

TYATTYLES | ISEE (Strange)

33,306 152,718 10.78 -0.05 E COTTON NYCE (50,000lbs; cents/fbe) 75.53 -0.01 75.74 74.92 3.555 25.074 76.66 +0.10 76.75 76.11 1,194 10,952 77.45 +0.09 77.50 77.00 159 7,818 77.13 +0.13 76.80 76.96 21 1,241 - 78.85 78.35 163 9.643 - - 15 480 5,107 35,522 ■ ORANGE JUICE NYCE (15,000808; cents/lbs) 88.85 --1.55 90.90 88.80 1,414 9,100 92.35 --1.50 94.50 92.25 2,073 12,334 92.35 -1.50 94.50 92.25 2.073 16.007 95.60 -1.20 97.50 95.80 238 3.218 98.75 -1.00 100.50 98.75 30 725 101.90 -0.95 102.50 102.00 6 353

3,781 25,782

VOLUME DATA Open interest and Volume data shown for contracts traded on COMEX, NYMEX, CET, NYCE, CME, CSCE and IPE Crude Oil are one day in arrears. Volume & Open interes **INDICES**

Reuters (Base: 18/9/31 = 100) Dec 18 Dec 17 month ago year ago 1863.1 1860.5 1830.4 2103.4 E CRB Putures (Bese: 1967 = 100) Dec 17 Dec 16 month ago year ago 244.54 245.58 **E QSCI Spot** (Base: 1970 = 100)

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK III LIVE CATTLE CME 40.000/bit cents/lbs)

■ LEAN HOGS CME (40,000fbs; cents/fbs)

60.250 +0.125 60.450 59.900 1,614 3,573 75.450 - 75.575 75.200 3,490 14,375 71,525 +0.100 71.575 71,200 766 5,762 74.575 +0.100 74.700 74.325

78.000 +0.550 78.400 76.500 77.975 +0.575 77.975 76.500

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Strike price \$ tonne — Calls — — Pats —

EL COPPER (Grade A) LME 2100 10 119 43 176 109 245 90 61 40 1200 COCOA LIFFE

EL CRUDE OIL FOS (per barrel) \$23.65-3.71 \$23.30-3.32 \$24.58-4.59M

Gas Oil Heavy Fuel Oil Naphtha Jet fuel \$221-222 \$119-115 5231-233 18.50-19.00 -0.20 on (0771) 359 8792

Gold (per troy cz) Silver (per troy cz) Platinum (per troy cz.) \$370.00 Palladium (per troy cz.) Copper Lead (US prod.) 45.00c

Cattle (live weight) Sheep (live weight) Pigs (live weight)† 90.34p Lon, day sugar (raw) Lon, day sugar (wea) Barley (Eng. feed) Maize (US No3 Yellow) Wheat (US Dark North) 5266.60 Ung Rubber (Jen)♥ Rubber (Feb)♥ Rubber (KL RSS Not)

2 per torce unless observée source. p percenig, a c r ringsiring, m léditenem centering, s Jan w Feb y Dr London Physical, 5 CE Pacterdara, 3 Sallon market Change on west, 19eased on rer held of pigs sold. morain of January.

66,550 -0.175 66,675 66,425 2,854 5,020 63,425 +0.175 63,450 63,100 6,020 33,949 83.453 +11.73 83.450 85.100 81.23 33.949 64.250 - 64.550 64.250 2.448 22.533 62.350 +10.050 82.450 62.250 1.481 9.817 62.100 - 62.175 62.025 769 8.457 64.775 +0.100 64.900 64.900 225 5.985

E PORK βELLIES CME (40,000lbs; cents/fbs)

78.050 +0.675 78.200 76.650 1,360 4,501 77.200 +0.625 77.300 76.175 89 882

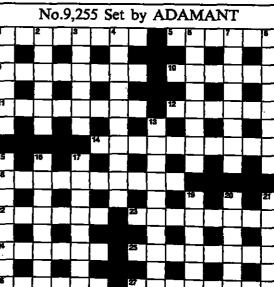
LONDON SPOT MARKETS \$21.36-1.43w -0.456 M OIL PRODUCTS HWE prompt della

I NATURAL GAS (Perce/therm)

Tin (Kuala Lumpur) Tin (New York) 14,317

Coconut Oil (Philis Pelm Oil (Malay.)§ Copra (Philis Soyabeans (US) -5.0 +2.5 502.5

CROSSWORD



ACROSS Produces germs of civilisain the middle of the day the

German was up to date (6)

9 Take in French cathedral's 10 Ability to dissemble when caught in giant error (6) Following orders, but having no inclination to give up life inside (8)

12 Coming victory has a hol-14 Refusal to vote for temper-18 Warships sorted out the outdated extreme Royalists

22 Pass away, asleep (6) 23 Symbols of authority for doctors, the press, etc (8) 24 Order new study in information technology (6) 25 Woman priest as governor

26 Runs round, restricted by the queen's mistakes (6)
27 Felt the chickens do not produce enough eggs? (8) 1 Mad bird (6)

Cuts could eat initially into auto carelessly (6) Messengers can make mis-takes and shed tears, hold-

ing last delivery up (6,4)

6 Having no money around,

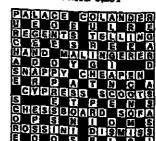
7 Outbreak affecting good fifty per cent in the City (8) 8 Denying Newton was anti egg transplants (8)
13 The pull of beauty (10) 15 He's in a low nightclub -and sticking there! (8)

16 A man's man, say (8) 17 Rip out issue on queen as captive (8) 19 Round here the bet comes first (6)

20 Depression in a graduate led initially to being cruel 21 A second attempt to include the article went off

the rails (6)

Solution 9,254



OFFSHORE

BERMUDA

BERMUDA REGULATED)(**)

AND OVERSEAS

ISB RECOGNISED) -

46. デザ製料 かえ意

CROSSWORD

(REGULATED)(**)

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 873 4378 for more details Rollinschild Annet Management (C3) List C Ro. 240, 9 Paler Part, Generary 17499 7:197-272 Septemblycale Dec. 5 519.00 18.00 -0.021 0 (REGULATED)("") 802 -0.07 10.07 71.25 (0.55) 10.08 12.09 40.14 10.209 40.24 10.209 40.25 10.209 4 **IRELAND** (SIB RECOGNISED) Barok of Cypenes Graup 1 Harbournaster Plaza, IFSC Donlin 1. Joseph Profesto II F. 5
Coudita A. Co. Front I Manus
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Garger Cany, Credita 2, Irals
Garger Manus
Garger Cany
Garger
Ga Corten Prover Fund Telegraph EasyConference 544.84 238,29 040,00.20 55747.60 'Can't make it Monday. Matrix Fund Company Pic Sering Linkship A. 210 Fonce Franc Linkship A. First & Bohr Linkship A. 510 Tuesday I'm in Scotland. Wednesday's out...' Why don't we have the

meeting right now?

The six of the six of Prime Webber Offschore Francis Pic (a) (c) (d) secure Cape A 28.89 9.29 ed.01 High become Cape C 28.89 9.29 ed.01 High become Cape C 28.89 9.29 ed.01 Tracked Allestein A 512.42 4.00 Tracked Allestein B 512.43 4.00 Tracked B 512.43 5.00 6.00 Tracked B 512.43 5.00 F 512.40 5.00 Tracked B 512.43 5.00 Tracked B 512.43 5.00 Tracked B 512.43 5.00 Tracked B

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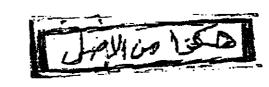
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Escapia Liang Terra-DML, pilotis 65 118.811 -0.1542
* Other Pota polyaga 57/8 initial Chappe

Plannings Franci Massagers (Jersey) Ltd symbol System Server Profes 19.5221 to 1922 to Secondate Treat List (ED 30 30 30 50 18.0000 JERSEY (SIB RECOGNISED) Japan Tyndral (Japany) Lipi cm Foi 100.2 114.7 -0.2 8.72 Petroly Simols 100.2 114.7 -0.2 8.72 Petroly Simols 100.2 114.7 0.5 8.72 International 100.2 424.01 -0.87 8.58

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FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE Offshore Funds and Insurances FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 873 4378 for more details. · H LUXEMBOURG \$10.83 A\$16.49 \$8.060 DM14.54 FF67.17 00022.11 \$52.89 **LUXEMBOURG** 110 +0.03 0.35 +0.01 2.63 -0.02 0.00 -0.01 4.53 -0.01 5.12 -0.01 5.55 +0.02 5.93 -1 2.01 370 27 525 91 製品 OW1100 8**1.**74 19.49 1931. LBB A518.77 Sch66.26 8-4790.67 D840.84 FF1.15.89 D8118.26 L12878 V1224 Pb11243 C10.41 S11 07 \$16.43 \$15.50 -0.03 -0.03 +8.001 2.57 +0.885 2.65 +4.000 6.86 +0.001 6.55 +0.002 6.17 \$12.85 \$12.38 \$7.89 \$7.40 40.24 40.24 40.12 40.13 Charles Franchiscope Informational Equity F., 5 CE 90 455 19 98022 -~0.05 ~0.05 \$13.88 \$13.54 Foreign & Colottial Portfolios Fd Sicav(n) 33 Bouleans Patron Marri, L-1724 Lax 00 352 2284 \$35.97 1979.00 East 5.64 \$21.36 \$28.69 0171 734 3700 -0 12 +0.02 \$10.50 \$10.50 +3.41 21172 21191 SIZ49 SIZ42 06,000,000 orung SA (bd) - प्रस्ति । 09 352 467 47) - S0.20 | 0.21 | -- -Fonditalia Mgmst Company SA (Umbrella Fond) L1028 L3821 L3004 L7444 L12483 L1048 L1048 L1048 L1048 L1048 L10513 L1267 L880 L47023 ST: 4798 2939 Ξ 55.35 6AC -0.02 \$15.06 15.21 -0.01 -\$2.17 22 ... 8.34 \$66.93 1.56 ... 8.27 \$1.56 1.59 ... 8.27 \$21.56 23.39 +0.04 8.40 \$21.51 12.38 +0.01 ... \$1274 13.41 +0.03 -55.04 5.31 -0.01 -\$10.08 10.61 -0.01 2.06 \$8.38 6.52 -- -11.42 +0.14 +0.14 18.24 +0.09 13.00 +4.10 7.76 10.87 115.3 -0.01 115.4 -0.07 115.4 -0.07 115.4 -0.07 115.4 -0.07 115.4 -0.07 115.7 -0.07 11.38 11.38 11.38 -\$17.43 -0.05 \$270.40 +0.11 04190.13 +0.05 04100.14 +0.63 516.45 -0.07 \$2.66 +0.07 \$12.87 -0.02



FINANCIAL TIMES THURSDAY DECEMBER 19 1996 25 FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE Offshore insurances and Other Funds ● FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Deck on (+44 171) 873 4378 for more details. Salling Berling our Told *** | General | Content | Cont Saulin Barney Foxes Copact Asset Management Corporation See Entered Normal U. \$15580.21 Cons. Architege for \$2590.64 Cons. Normal See Entered Cons. C ادلا عندا، مومِلا Options Found Memorgoment Term Header Service 23 - 511.79 Commerce for Memory 23 - 511.79 Commerce for Memory 23 - 511.79 Commerce for Memory 24 - 511.79 Commerce for Memory 15 - 511.60 Commerce for Memory 1611.61 Commerce for Society Generals 1 \$361,730 detendants of others. \$14 \$30 Society Generals Group Butte Sepublics Nov 29. \$154.92 10W Dec 11 _____ 25/357.06 ___ The leafer Magazan Fauch Link Jam Copyright State 10 | State 10 Liggl Sparge Management LE retnem fol us the 13. \$17.72 [An Landy State 12. \$19.207 [An Landy State 12. \$19.207 [An Landy State 13. \$17.52 [An Landy State 13. \$17.52 [An Landy State 13. \$17.52 [An Landy State 13. \$7.68 | Section | Sect ites front Ltd Linguis Bank Sourcement Books Horizon Strikes 1902 Strikes Horizon Strikes Horizon Performance Story 2 1172,5 Connection French of French Ltd - Le Alda Alland to per 19. \$1,200548 - Ser 9 to Englis and that 25 \$1,445773 - Le Chimal Language Text 3. \$1,250272 Game, Miningerment Ltd Com Programs REI D. 991800.90 Sinn Programs (42.1 D. 92755.65 South Programs (42.1 D. 91255.65 South Programs (41.0 G A 91255.65 Transport Internal Management (1.57) Half Clark Transport (1.57) Half Clark Transport (1.57) 157 Paris, State (1.57) \$1.00 Unity (minim) Primit Lim Stro Dec 33 Services 33 Services 33 Services 34 Servi For the MC Grants Real LP year Commit Ford LP | Section | Sect McGentes tooms 100 fem 20 52572-4s Allegement Frenche Integram John Boch Nov 26 5371 59 132-15 Integram John Boch Nov 26 5371 59 132-15 Integram John Boch Nov 26 5710-75 Integram John Boch Son 27 572-15 142-76 Integram John Boch Son 27 572-15 152-76 Integram John Boch Son 27 572-15 152-76 Integram John Boch Son 27 572-15 152-76 Integram John Boch Son 27 572-50 Integram John Boch Son 27 587-50 Integram John Boch Son 377-50 Integram John Boc Contractors to R.V. SSP 32 Section 1 Protessional Investment Consultants Protesticis Investigati Congestigats On the Action Houses, 50,472 e. 422 ... Do the Action Houses S. 52,442 0 675 ... Poster Las 5 ... From Las 6 ... ST A1 1,489 ... From Las 6 ... ST A1 1,489 ... ST A2 1,485 ... ST A3 1,485 ... ST A4 Restan Growth ... ST 1,949 1,120 -0.911 Malaysia Capital Fued Ltd NOT USE 14. E D. & F. Billon (Investment Products) BART Limited-Cert. SSR. 53. SSR. 53. SSR. 54. SSR Interpretation of the control of the | The content of the The Thelland Fund site Departs (6 Bart 1903270 56 GR exha Royal Standin Life Assurance Ltd (2) (1200)F Standa Has, First Rd, Daugha, Isla 91824 611611 FUNDS Soling Bushs of Time State 1180 bit 180 bit 5 51.055 bit 5 51.0

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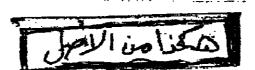
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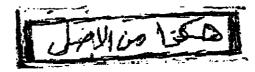
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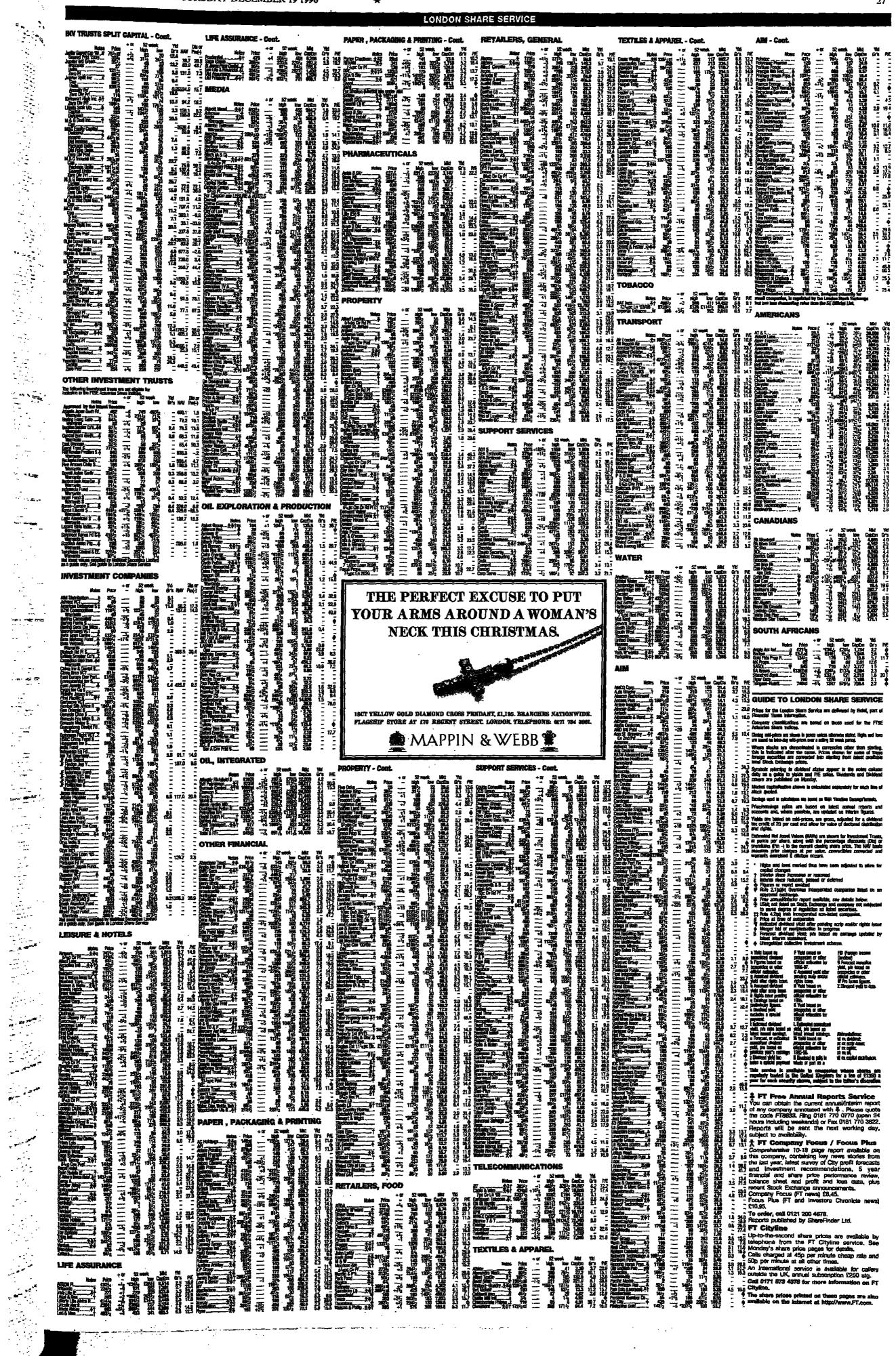
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Bid action sees Footsie sail through 4,000

MARKETS REPORT

By Steve Thompson, UK Stock Market Editor

The appearance of two more bids was exactly what the London market needed yesterday to offset the impact of economic news, regarded as increasing the chances of a rise in UK interest rates next month.

The two new cash bids, coming hard on the heels of offers for Newman Tonks and Burnfield, rekindled the market's enthusiover candidates and drove all the main indices sharply higher.

asm in hunting for the next take- London Electricity came as no The FTSE 100 index left 4,000

behind, spiralling upwards and from Gulf Canada Resources eventually closing 38.6 higher at came out of the blue, and trig-4,018.2. The FTSE 250 gained 16.5 to 4,380.5 and the FTSE SmallCap 8.9 to 2,140.6.

International news was also positive. The US Federal Reserve's Open Market Committee left interest rates unchanged, giving a fillip to Wall Street on Tuesday. The Dow Jones Industrial Average gave another powerful performance yesterday, pushing up a further 35 points well after London closed.

Entergy's £1.3bn agreed bid for real surprise, having being widely predicted in the press. But the £432m offer for Clyde

gered a general scramble for the exploration stocks. The hostile sector already undergoing something of a re-rating after the "topbig North Sea operator, some

With Clyde shares moving well above the 105p a share hid, the market anticipates a battle developing for what is regarded as one of the few remaining quality stocks in the sector. Enterprise Oil is viewed as a likely counterbidder, while British Borneo is seen as the sector's next poten-

Helping fuel the market's in receipt of a buy recommendamorning rise was at least two tion from Cazenove. trading programmes. One, said to be valued at £60m, was weighted bid heightened expectations in a equally between purchases and unemployment and strong retail sales but the other, estimated to have been around £150m, was dollar" purchase of Sante Fe, a said to have been heavily biased on the buy side.

Dealers were increasingly convinced that at least one sizeable financial sector bid or merger would shortly hit the market. Abbey National was being aggressively bought, despite the ing system which enjoyed its best company's recent insistence that it is not involved in any form of merger/acquisition talks. The including \$20m worth of Lloyds composite insurers were again in Abbey Life shares via what was demand, with General Accident seen as an arbitrage deal.

mal announcements from

the group have been cau-

for the single.

ning ahead of itself.

rivals, rallied 5 to 226p. The

low end of the range of ana-

lysts' forecasts is £4.3m of

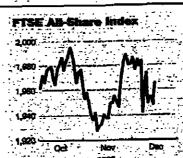
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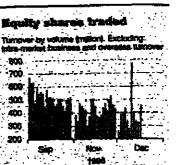
could be argued as a minus

All this meant that the market was able to ignore a sharp fall in Turnover was boosted by the

trading programmes to reach 980.6m shares at the 6pm reading, the heaviest business for many weeks. Customer business on Tuesday was valued at £1.16bn.

The big upturn in business was also seen on the Tradepoint dealever trading day, turning over in excess of £32m worth of shares,





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E 100 E 250 E 350 E All-Share yield	4018.2 4380.5 1994.0 1965.31 3.84	+38.5 +16.5 +16.7 +15.86 3.87	FT 30 FTSE Non-Fins p/e FTSE 100 Fut Dec 10 yr Gilt yield Long gilt/equity yid n	2762.6 17.76 4016.0 7.70 atio 2.02	+22.0 17.63 +40.0 7.70 2.01
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TRADING VOLUME

FUTURES AND OPTIONS

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■ FTSE 100 INDEX PUTURIES (LIFFE) \$25 per tuli index point

Open Sett price Charge

inspires oils

By Peter John, Joel Kibazo

Clyde Petroleum was the principal surprise yesterday. Just when analysts thought it was safe to start going out for Christmas drinks, Gulf Canada came in with a 105p a share bid.

Gulf's move gives further impetus to a sector that has outperformed the broad market by some 25 per cent and has already encouraged some chunky offers.

It raises the prospect of at least £432m - the opening value of Gulf Canada's offer pouring back into the sector. And it refocuses the market's attention on further bids within the indus-

Consequently, Lasmo and Enterprise were the best performing stocks within the Footsie, while Premier, Monument Oil & Gas and Cairn Energy topped the FTSE 250

Attitudes about valuation varied wildly. One of the more cautious sector analysts argued that an offer of been widely flagged in the between 60p and 70p a share was more realistic, particularly as oil prices were set to dive as the cold winter weather dies away.

However, the bull argument is that the Gulf Canada offer should have started at

names such as PanCanadian. Anadarko and Apache were cited.

Yesterday, Clyde jumped 34 to 118/2p, Lasmo 7/2 to 227p, Enterprise 24 to 595½p, Premier 2¼ to 32½p, Monument 4 to 65p and Cairn 21/2

Northern Electricity slipped as a surprise move by one of its brokers, combined with the latest bid elsewhere in the sector. raised the possibility that CalEnergy's offer might fail.

Cal's £782m hostile takeover bid is one of the most closely fought the sector has seen. And although the US utility effectively has about 34 per cent of Northern under its belt, the remaining 16 per cent could be a strug-

Yesterday BZW. North-

ern's broker, and Schroders, Northern's merchant bank, rang around the arbitrageurs and offered to take the stock off their hands at 645p a share. Compared with Cal's offer of 650p a share it looked niggardly. But the iam-today move would enable the arbs to take their profits and switch into rivals that offer more value.

Also, Northern claimed that Entergy's bid for London Electricity, which had weekend press, would translate at 780p a share if it had been made for Northern. Northern made a last ditch plea to shareholders to reject the US attack and Northern fell 51/2 to 630p.

Several analysts were less around 125p. There is also a convinced about Northern's

other interested parties, with Adam Forsyth argued that the London move translated to only 700p a share and shareholders were unlikely to receive a much better offer. Meanwhile, London Electricity gained 13 to 696%p after Entergy's 705p a share offer.

Pearson improves

Pearson, owner of The Financial Times, was the third best performer in the FTSE 100, climbing 22 to 711%p after a trading statement which said that the second half of the year was in line with the first. The statement confirmed the group's previous plans.

One analyst said the market had given a big sigh of relief - after the stock had slipped to a two month low earlier this week. "There was nothing new in the

	Dec 18	Dec 17	Dec 16	Dec 13	Dec 12	Yr ago	"High	Low
FT 39	2762.6	2740.6	2752.0	2738.3	2765.7	2633.0	2885.2	2068.8
Ord. div. yield	4.17	4.20	4.15	4,17	4.14	4.11	4.22	3.76
P/E matto net	17,07	16.84	16.64	16.55	16.66	15.64	17.46	15.80
P/E nation il	16,90	16.78	16.48	16.39	16.50	15.44	17.30	15.71
FT 30 since compli								<i>-</i>
FT 30 hoesty o	changes							

Open 9.00 10.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 16.00 High Low 2747.2 2751.1 2750.6 2757.A 2760.A 2759.0 2757.7 2757.A 2762.7 2763.A 2747.0 32,705 969,4 18,685 453,6 30,541 30,990 26,956 895,6 945,3 2661,3 15,827 15,883 32,159 Equity turnover (Em)† Equity bargains† Shares traded (mil)† 325.5

Dec 18 Dec 17 Dec 16 Dec 13 Dec 12 Yr ago "High "Low 1021.20 1015.90 1015.90 1018.50 1017.90 - 1140.40 965.70

Rises and falls*		52 Week highs ar		LIFFE Equity opti	0518			
Total Fises	655	Total Highs	54	Total contracts	48,372			
Total Falls	541	Total Lows	130		25,833			
Same	1,406	Total Highs Total Lows		Calls Puts	17,539			
Dec 18 "Data based on Equity shares listed on the London Share Service,								

Bid move feeling that there may be independence however, Mr statement," said the analyst. figure if estimated losses on make BA much profit but "But the market had been the sale of fixed assets are allows it to concentrate on nervous because recent for- included. Analysts may be its proposed strategic allire-examining forecasts in the wake of Sherwood's and Coats Viyella's warnings.

KMI Group hardened 15% But they are expected to to 1321%p with the market wait until the company's buoyed by the betting on the trading statement on Janu-Spice Girls' latest single 2 Becomes 1, which is on EMI's ary 10. Sherwood fell a further 11/2 to 40p but Coats Virgin label, reaching the added 11/4 at 1281/sp. Guinness hardened 41/2 to number one slot at Christ-443%p in the wake of the

mas. Record shops are said announcement earlier this to have placed large orders week that Japan is proposing to halve the tax on Rank rose 12 to 442p ahead of today's trading update. scotch whisky. Analysts said the market had not got too excited by the move, with One analyst said however that the market may be run-Guinness probably unable to Courtaulds Textiles, which increase its prices substanfell sharply on Tuesday foltially in Japan so as to lowing profits warnings from improve margins.

Sears slipped one penny to 91p following a couple of downgrades, including one from Merrill Lynch, which reduced its full year forecast from £115m to £100m. This was because of concern about a deterioration in the footwear and agency mail order businesses

In engineering stocks, Siebe was a feature, after the company announced new orders for its industrial control systems worth over £150m. Siebe said the orders were taken from customers across the chemical, oil, gas, power and semiconductor industries. The shares raced 161/2 ahead to 1008p. Components group T&N

surrendered some of its recent gains, closing 21/2 lighter at 172%p, with Merrill Lynch said to have advised clients to switch out of the stock and into GKN, which eased to 1045p.

by the news that British Airways is to sell its 25 per cent stake in US carrier USAir. The shares appreciated 9% to 601p in trade of 4m, with one market specialist saying: ance with American Air-

British Telecom hardened a penny to 393½p, in trade of 12m, after it announced increased retail prices for calls to services operated by mobile phone companies One2One and Orange.

Shares in electronic security services provider ADT moved sharply ahead after group Western Resources, which already holds a 23 per cent stake. armounced a bid for the rest of the group. The shares rose 1621/2 to 1375p.

+44.0 +42.5 +42.0 4028,5 4050.0 4039LD E FTSE 250 INDEX PUTURES (LIFFE) 210 per tuli kralex point 4373.0 4426.0 # FTSE 100 INDEX OPTION (LIFFE) (14015) \$10 per tull index point E BURO STYLE FISE 100 BIDEX OPTION (LIFFE) 210 per full index point

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The market was cheered 2091.20 -2.2 : 2137.62 2432.10 3.75 30.20 3553.86 2091.20 -1.0 2992.73 2398.32 +0.4 1728.02 1685.70 2.72 0.75 The sale is unlikely to FTSE Actuaries Share Indices +1.0 3978.5 3999.8 3972.4 3613.7 3.96 2.03 +0.4 4364.0 4371.2 4358.3 3950.1 3.82 1.51 +0.4 4405.8 4412.3 4399.0 3974.2 3.71 1.53 +0.8 1977.3 1983.5 1973.9 1795.2 3.89 1.92 +0.7 1884.8 1800.8 1895.1 1799.6 5.17 1.79 15.56 169.76 1679.41 22.91 174.58 1792.57 21.97 183.37 1814.36 FTSE 250 FTSE 250 ex IT FTSE 350 +0.8 1977.3 1983.5 1973.5 1789.2 3.08 +0.7 1894.8 1900.8 1895.1 1799.6 5.17 1.79 13.49 105.17 1374.14 +0.9 2067.0 2073.6 2060.1 1795.2 2.74 2.15 21.26 61.97 1465.00 -0.4 204.8 2132.00 2128.39 1934.62 3.22 1.57 24.71 68.96 1786.91 FTSE 350 Higher Yield FTSE 350 Lower Yield FISE SmallCap FISE SmallCap ax IT FISE All-Share FTSE Actuaries Day's Year Div. Net Dec 18 chgs% Dec 17 Dec 16 Dec 13 ago yield% cover 10 MINERAL EXTRACTION(23)
12 Extractive Industries(9) +1.4 3777.16 3808.70 3787.26 3211.01 3.72 1.71 19.64 142.81 1678.30 +1.5 3933.62 4043.08 3975.64 4194.47 4.07 2.66 11.56 162.00 1188.69 +0.9 3912.01 3937.87 3922.75 3249.70 3.91 1.55 20.60 154.36 1777.25 +5.6 2917.57 2916.80 2881.03 2102.93 1.71 16 Oil Exploration & Prod(14) +0.6 1949.00 1951.50 1945.94 1919.30 4.38 1.64 17.35 84.28 1036.51 +0.4 1169.69 1164.86 1161.32 1025.31 3.59 1.56 22.36 40.70 1001.97 +1.0 1757.34 1758.29 1745.51 1762.29 4.37 1.40 20.42 77.74 917.16 -0.2 2308.66 2316.52 2320.86 2313.80 4.7 1.43 19.57 102.04 1118.25 +1.4 1432.28 1434.18 1411.95 1784.06 7.00 1.54 11.52 94.10 840.26 +0.7 2208.79 2215.10 2221.24 2131.30 3.55 1.34 28.17 78.28 1180.60 +0.3 2538.74 2540.19 2538.42 2107.39 3.23 2.29 16.85 81.87 1576.25 +0.3 3048.42 3082.53 3067.71 2440.45 3.53 1.71 20.86 103.02 1614.88 +0.9 2481.015 2469.3 474.97 24.40.45 3.59 1.71 20.86 103.02 1614.88 20 GEN INDUSTRIALS(275) +1.4 1432.28 1434.18 1411.95 1734.06 7.07 +0.7 2208.79 2215.10 2221.24 2131.80 3.55 +0.3 2538.74 2540.19 2538.42 2107.39 3.23 +0.3 3048.42 3042.53 3067.71 2440.45 3.45 +0.9 2440.05 2445.34 2448.94 2477.27 4.22 25 Electronic & Elect Equip(36) 25 Electronic & Liter: Equipped 28 Engineering(71) 27 Engineering, Vehicles(14) 28 Paper, Pckg & Printing(28) 29 Textiles & Apparel(15) +0.6 1024.10 1025.25 1033.90 1414.37 8.93 +0.8 3673.54 3702.39 3703.29 3639.25 3.83 1.95 16.27 146.20 1399.57 +1.1 2617.64 2617.88 2585.97 2811.94 4.88 1.85 13.87 126.10 979.59 +0.3 2614.63 2610.02 2582.91 2530.79 4.17 1.77 16,95 105.92 1212.73 +1.2 5252.78 2507.82 2498.07 2082.24 4.01 2.28 13.97 191.87 1030.88 +0.1 1992.94 1998.81 1995.57 1915.67 2.99 1.93 27.68 56.96 1231.54 +1.1 5613.50 5686.92 5699.81 4932.27 3.01 2.01 20.83 172.19 1981.13 30 CONSUMER GOODSIR Alcoholic Beverage Food Producera(25 34 Household Goods(15) 36 Health Care(18) 37 Pharmaceuticals(14) -0.2 3928.41 4002.19 4092.58 4688.63 6.61 +0.8 2570.13 2570.26 2552.94 2167.30 2.93 1.98 21.52 83.16 1370.57 -0.1 2856.77 2870.20 2867.67 2523.15 3.03 2.01 20.54 81.07 1072.50 +1.0 3235.47 3231.38 3212.28 2590.51 2.74 2.00 22.77 173.45 1777.73 +1.0 4133.21 4109.94 4061.17 3430.38 2.22 2.12 26.55 93.71 1528.67 +1.1 2100.81 2097.46 2084.24 1912.21 3.72 2.28 14.78 77.71 1382.25 41 Distributors(30)
42 Leisure & Hotels(25)
43 Media(41)
44 Retailers, Food(14)
45 Retailers, General(45)
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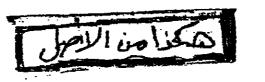
■ Hourly movements

FTSE 35	F7SE 350 Industry baskets											
	Open	9.00	10.00	11,00	12.00	19.00	14.00	15.00	16.10	Close	Previous	Change
Bidg & Chetren Phermaceuticls Water Banks, Retail	5553.9 2253.8 4893.4	5562.0 2249.5 4907.6	1144.3 5567.1 2252.1 4919.9	1144,3 5588,2 2257,3 4926,1	1144,5 5586,1 2255,3 4934,3	1144.5 5596.6 2257.8 4930.3	.1144.3 5686.8 2258.4 4925.2	1144.2 6685.4 2253.2 4921.9	1143.6 5602.7 2252.9 4939.9	1145.6 5606.4 2252.9 4854.2	1139,6 5544,2 2249,2 4881,0	+8.0 +82.2
Banks, Retail 4893.4 4807.6 4819.9 4928.1 4934.3 4930.3 4925.2 4921.9 4939.9 4854.2 4861.0 +73.2 For further information on the FISE Actuaries Shape indices please contact FISE international on 0171 448 1810.												

International in conjunction with the Paculty of Actualists in accordance with a standard sinternational in conjunction with the Paculty of Actualists and the Institute of Actualists reserved. "FT-SE" and "Footsie" are trade marks of the London Stock Exchange and The Financial Times and are used by FTSE international under licence. † Sector P/E ratios greater than 80 and not covers greater than 80 and not arrown. ‡ Values are negative. Deletion 17/12/96: APTA Healthcare 6*TSE

THEONLY THING BOSNIAN LANDMINES HAVEN'T S,TOPPED RUNNING IS ADS LIKE THIS. War in Bosnia, with all its fear, injury and death has now been replaced by peace in Bosnia, with all its fear, injury and death. The reason for this, is the 4 million mexplosind land — to any barm. But to medertake this deputing task, we et now litter the former Yayoslavia. Correctly

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as techs rebound

US shares were stronger at midsession as technology shares continued to rebound from the weakness seen through most of this month. writes Lisa Bransten in New

46.51 at 6.354.84 and the Stanat 732.70. NYSE volume came to 281m shares.

The technology-rich Nasdaq composite was the strongest performer of the major indices with a gain of 15.83 or 1.2 per cent at 1,282.15. The Pacific Stock Exchange technology index advanced

Bonds offered some support to shares, holding flat ahead of an afternoon auction of two-year notes.

were especially strong. The Dow was led higher by a tump of \$4% or 2.7 per cent at \$155% in IBM, which is one of the few technology issues on the 30-company index. Elsewhere, Compag Computer iumped \$5% or 7.3 2000 climbed \$4 or 7.3 per and Drug Administration at 69,011.

cent at \$55%.

Merger and acquisition news affected a number of shares. ADT, a home security company, added \$2% or 13 per cent at \$22%, after Western Resources made a At 1 pm the Dow Jones bid to buy the company for Industrial Average was up \$22.50 per share in stock and cash. Western Resources dard & Poor's 500 added 6.66 shares were unchanged at 331%. The market welcomed

> news that American Home Products had agreed to buy the 40 per cent of Genetics Institute that it did not already own for more than \$1.2bn or \$85 a share. AHP's shares added \$1% at \$60% and Genetics Institute soared \$22誓 or 37 per cent to \$84黑.

Zenith Electronics, which is 55 per cent owned by Computer manufacturers Korea's Lucky Goldstar. shed \$1% or 13 per cent at \$10% on news that it aleaned to cut its US workforce by about 25 per cent and take a \$25m restructuring charge in the fourth quarter.

Warner-Lambert added \$2% or 3.4 per cent at \$76% per cent to \$77%, Gateway on news that the US Food

De Beers ended down R3

at R129 but South African

EMERGING MARKETS: IFC WEEKLY INVESTABLE PRICE INDICES

+26.8 -13.8

+12.2

+109.5

+4.2 +69.7

-20.7

+5.9

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ec 13 % Change % Change 1996 over week on Dec '95

-3.3 -2.6 -0.6 -0.6 +1.5

-0.6 +1.5

Fragile S Africa sees buyers return

returned to on Tuesday, had added 30.9

Johannesburg, partly revers- to 6,414.9 following a rise of

ing Tuesday's heavy shake 66.2 to 7,635.1 for the indus-

At the close the overall Breweries recovered R1.50 to

1,209.10

489,49

940.78

77.57

238.64

764.73

220.33

349.05

(1225)

declines to more than 30 per cent since the peaks of early May, writes Jeffrey

The composite index, which came off

1.96 to 661.39 yesterday, is now at its

lowest level for 45 months after what

many commentators describe as a prolonged bout of heavy and persistent

Essentially, South Korea's mounting economic woes have scared off inves-

tors. The trade gap is widening and

corporate earnings are visibly sluggish.

Attempts by the government to open

up business to outside competition have coincided with a clear downswing

for the mainstay of the economy, elec-

tronics, which account for 40 per cent of national output according to some

out. But turnover was sea- trial index.

sonally low and sentiment

Latin America

Colombia³

Venezuela

South Korea⁵

Talwan, China India?

Philippines

China⁴

Poland[®]

Brown.

NATIONAL AND

Pactfic Basin (874)

a Ex. UK (507).

203.64

South Africa®

index, off almost 100 points R110.

cent to \$59, and Dell Com- had given it approval to marputer added \$2% or 4.2 per ket its cholesterol-lowering drug in the US.

TORONTO, supported by early gains on Wall Street. moved ahead in a morning session of light trading. At noon, the TSE 300 composite

index was up 8.19 at 5,728.39. Conglomerates were the most positive component sector, driving ahead by 1.5 per cent helped by a 70 cents improvement to C\$34.25 at Canadian Pacific.

LIMA dropped 1.5 per cent on news that leftist armed guerrillas were holding senior foreign diplomats among hostages at the Japanese ambassador's residence in the Peruvian capital. The general index fell 20.5 to 1,376.7 at midsession on worries about the effect of the tense stand-off on foreign investors' perceptions of the

SAO PAULO was 1.7 per cent higher at noon, led higher by a rally in telecommunications stocks after Tuesday's successful auction of a strategic stake in state controlled CRT telecommunications company. The Bovespa index stood 1,165 higher

Beers.

announced record rough dia-

mond sales, suffered from

the ending of a Russian dia

mond marketing agreement.

Dec 13 % Change % Chang

1996 over week on Dec '95

-0.6

+96.3

+29

+148.2

Golds had a better day.

De

11.0 to 1,488.7.

1,902.38 1,590.87

1.966.24

8.694.27

59.38

356.80

1.373.86

215.35

given foreign investors a further incen-

tive to reduce their portfolio weight-

look like ending 1996 at less than

There have been a number of official

attempts to bolster stock market senti-ment, notably through easing the cost of margin trading loans, and there

have been occasional glimmerings of bargain-hunting in recent sessions.

But most analysts take a pessimistic

line. "We don't expect any real recov-ery until the second half of next year",

US Dollar Index

Gross Div. Yleid

said one leading trader.

The FT/SEP Actuaries World Indices are owned by FTSE International Limited, Goldman, Sectis & Co. and Standard & Poor's. The Indices are compiled by FTSE International and Standard & Poor's in conjunction, with the Recur

Dow gains ground Bid fever engulfs Paris, Stockholm

Bowled along by a fresh outbreak of takeover fever, PARIS staged one of the day's stronger performances with the CAC 40 closing 25.19 or 1.15 per cent higher at 2.218.89.

LVMH surged more than 8 per cent following an upbeat assessment of the DFS acquisition, and there was speculative buying of Credit National which ended more than 7 per cent ahead. LVMH, which is paying

\$2.47bn for 59 per cent of DFS, expected the takeover of the US duty free goods group to boost operating profits by around 30 per cent and lift sales by close to 50 per cent. Its shares shot ahead in thin seasonal volume, closing just short of their day's high at FFr1,347, up FFT104.

Credit National was almost 10 per cent higher at one stage following a press report of a bid in the offing. The shares ended up FFr21.20 or 7.5 per cent at FFr303.80 after the bank said it had no knowledge of plans by long term shareholders to

Usinor Sacilor came off 60 centimes to FFr75.40 after a broker earnings downgrade on steel price worries. Cheuvreux de Virieux cut its 1997 earnings estimate to FFr9 a

hotbed of merger rumours Ericsson, linked airily with Nokia of Finland, benefited doubly from this and the techs rebound in New York, the B shares climbing SKr9.50 to SKr206.

The Affarsvärlden General index led Europe with a gain of 38.3 or 1.7 per cent at 2,328.3. Apart from Ericsson. there was bid talk linking S-E-Banken and Nordbanken, which put on another SKr9 at SKr219, while the successful Handelsbanken acquisition of Stadshypotek left the bidder SKr8.50 higher at SKr198.50.

HELSINKI, meanwhile, saw Nokia A FM7 higher at FM255. With forestries firmer, the Hex index rose 32.55 or 1.4 per cent to 2.414.91. Domestic brokers dismissed the Ericsson rumours which, they said, came from London. FRANKFURT's blue chips

performance nondescript. Both the dollar and bonds offered equities a decent foundation, but the Dax index closed fust 5.73 higher at an Ibis indicated 2,814.23. Turnover was DM9.2bn.

were mixed, and its overall

Commerzbank led the individual activity charts in DM624m as its shares rose another 68 pfg to DM39.12. up 26 per cent up over the past six months and 15 per cent better since the end of October, as old merger sto-

Toshiba by Y13 to Y731.

FTSE Actuaries Share Indices Open 10.30 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 Gloss . House changes FTSE Bundack 100 1852.75 1853.03 1853.76 1853.87 1853.74 1853.51 1855.34 1855.83 FISE Except 200 1907-53 1908 67 1910.92 1913.67 1913.00 1913.69 1914.00 1915.42 Dec 16 Dec 13 Dec 12 Dec 11 1855.68 1854.05 1900.22 1896.59 1832.24 1854.49 1899.66 1847,55

came further down the size in Roche certificates on scale: Gehe, the pharmaceuticals wholesaler, climbed DM3.60 or 3.9 per cent to DM96.80 after it announced a bonus dividend to reflect the sale of its pharmaceutical products side; and Krupp-Hoesch, the engineering and steel group, defied weakness elsewhere in the sector, gaining DM10 or 4.1 per cent at

Apre spin 1000 (6671999)

AMSTERDAM, using a solid bond market as a springboard, pushed ahead and at the close the AEX index was up 5.49 at 618.43 after a session of subdued

DM252 on its plans to cut

2,200 jobs over the next three

PolyGram, the music offshoot of the Philips electronics giant, was the day's top mover, adding F1280 or 3.6 per cent to F180 on what dealers saw as a technical

rebound. Royal Dutch added Fl 3.10 to F1291.50 on the firm dollar and higher oil prices

However, the better stories by dollar strength and a rise switching from Ciba and Sandoz, after Tuesday's US regulatory approval of their merger into Novartis. The SMI index rose 23.6 to 3,874. Roche certificates added SFr70 to SFr10,070. Ciba slid SF72 to SF71,623 and Sandoz

1879.95

108 - 1858 22: 200 - 1918 21 Louister: 100 - 1651 63 200 - 1907:17 | Parish

ing and tax bills. Swissair remained on an upward trajectory, adding SFr19 to SFr1,087 ahead of today's press conference which was expected to bring news that the company planned to separate some of its extering business from its

rose SFr3 to SFr1,525, as

some concern emerged over

Novartis' future restructur-

airline operations. Dollar strength took Nestle SFr29 higher to SFr1.418 and ABB gained SFr6 to SFr1,617. Baloise lost another SFr60 to SFr2,700 as speculative fever subsided after the company's restruct-

uring announcement. Shares in Biber, the troubled paper group, crashed to

ment that it would initiate bankruptcy proceedings after the sale of two paper

MILAN was driven higher by the strength of neighbouring markets and Wall Street, taking the Comit index 4.77 ahead to 651.58.

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Stet rose L206 to L6,640 and Telecom Italia was L129 higher at 1.3,742; analysts attributed the rise to the proposed merger of the companies and their eventual pri-

MADRID bit a record high with the general index 6.37 or 1.6 per cent higher at 415.93, in heavy turnover of Pta77bn. Banks rose 1.9 per cent and electrical utilities 1,6 per cent. However the bond market, which influenced both, lost its own gains by the end of the day. brokers saying that the recent bonds rally had been overdone, and that profits should be taken.

Other all-time highs were seen in LISBON and BUDA-PEST. Portuguese equities took little notice of a slight cut in interest rates, but the BVL 30 index gained 15.11 at 2.134.18. in Hungary, the Bux index registered its fifth successive peak, 36.64 higher at 3.899.75 in near-record turnover of Ft3.405bn.

Cochrane, Michael Morgan and

Crestfallen Tokyo takes 1.6% tumble

with the index improving TOKYO dropped by 1.6 per

lows for the year. The Topix index of all first-section stocks fell 16.94 to 1,498.48 and the capitalweighted Nikkei 300 by 3.44 at 283.98. Volume edged up from 341m shares to an estimated 343m. Declines led advances by 873 to 221, with 165 unchanged.

Non-life insurers dropped Shares in Seoul moved lower for the sixth day running, extending their declines to more than 30 per cent since depressed and the currency ills have The trade deficit is forecast to approach the equivalent of \$20bn this year, almost double the 1995 deficit. Semiconductor exports, which were forecast to rise to more than \$30bn, look with the state of the second to the secon

Yaoban Japan, a regional

Among blue chips, Sony shed Y120 to Y7,340, Fuji Photo Film Y130 to Y360 and

High technology stocks also retreated, with Fujitsu down Y30 to Y1,050 and

Profit taking in international blue chips combined with heavier selling of non-life insurance issues, in response to last weekend's US-Japan agreement on deregulation of Japan's market, and

The Nikkei 225 average fell 320.43, closing at the day's low of 20,093.03 after an intra-day high of 20,415.95. The market had expected an infusion of fresh funds, following Monday's reallocation by pension funds of money to fund managers. Krung Thai Bank and an but it was disappointed and scores of issues fell to new

In London, the ISE/Nikket 50 index added 2.34 to 1425,49,

by more than 3 per cent on concerns that Japan's agreement to open up the non-life insurance market to foreign competitors would hurt domestic companies. Tokio Marine and Fire fell Y40 to Y1.030. Mitsui Marine and Fire by Y31 to Y577 and Yasuda Fire and Marine by Y27

supermarket operator, continued to slide, falling Y26 to Y415 following its announcement Monday of an extensive restructuring programme entailing the sale of

Canon Y70 to Y2.360.

By contrast Oriental Land, Disneyland, broke out of its downward trend after performing poorly since its listing on the Tokyo exchange last week, adding Y40 to ¥8,140. In Osaka, the OSE average

fell 218.28 to 20,474.29 in volume of 51.5m shares. BANGKOK closed at a 41month low on steady foreign selling. The SET index came off 13.41 or 1.55 per cent to 853.82 after another session of subdued volume. A bit of a scare story at

overnight arson attack on a Sanvo Thai factory com-

in Tuesday's economic polthe operator of Tokyo icy statement from the government to sap sentiment. said one broker.

> Bt3.50 to Bt56 following talk of possible employee unrest over a rumoured reduction in year-end bonuses. SYDNEY moved higher

helped by the overnight gains on Wall Street. The All Ordinaries index added 7.9 at

BHP stood out against the results and hampered by copper price weakness. Coca Cola-Amatil tumbled 28

bined with little confidence. levels since April, in HK\$36.70 and Citic Pacific response to the group's profits warning.

following sharp declines in Krung Thai came off late Tokyo trading. The Hang Seng index was off 49.35 at 12,766.02 after another session of dull vol-

> Among property developers, Cheung Kong fell 50 cents to HK\$64.00 and Sun Hung Kai Properties 25 cents to HK\$90.75 Bank of East Asia lost 70

uptrend, dipping 1 cent to cents to HK\$33.00 in volume A\$16.93 ahead of tomorrow's of 8.7m amid continued concerns about residential mor-

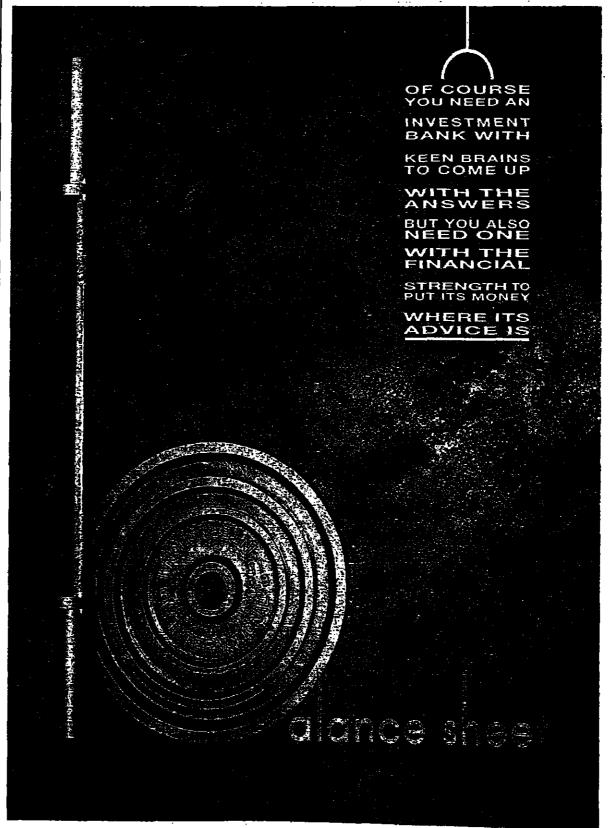
Among conglomerates. cents to A\$12.62, its lowest Wharf shed 90 cents to on 69.525 to 1,016.241.

lost 30 cents to HK\$40.10. APT Satellite made a HONG KONG closed lower steady debut, ending at HK\$13.50 in 12.18m shares traded. The stock was

floated at HK\$13.40.

SHENZHEN ended five days of rapid decline with a strong rally for both A and B shares in improved activity. Turnover in the B shares. available to foreign investors, more than doubled to HK\$3.004m. The B index closed 10 per cent limit up at 133.8 and the A index ended 4.4 per cent better at 391.92

SHANGHAI B shares gained 5.754 or 9.84 per cent to 64.252 and the A index put



INVESTMENT



187.29 151.96

FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

 212.86
 189.88
 153.46
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 178.59
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PHYSICA OF HARCLAND DANS PLC